MUSLIM INHERITANCE

(According to Islamic Laws)

Rules of RETURN (رَد)

Shares of Grandson and Granddaughter

Share of the Child-to-be-born

Distribution Process of MUNASKHA (مناسخہ)

Rules of Surrendering Inheritance Share on one's Own (تخارج)

By
Anwar Alam

Reviewed by
Dr. Muhammad Razi-ul-Islam Nadvi

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Part-2, Jamia Nagar, Okhla, New Delhi-110025
Ph.: +91 8700245882, 9667957681
E-mail : alummahbooks@gmail.com

LEARN

Islamic Laws of Inheritance

by

Anwar Alam

Islamic Inheritance Research Centre
D-Block, Near RWA Office/Raza Medicos,
Abul Fazal Enclave-I, Jamia Nagar, Okhla, New Delhi-11005
9871481152, virasat@iirc.org.in

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تعارف

محمد رضی الاسلام ندوی
سکریٹری شریعہ کونسل جماعت اسلامی ہند

اسلام میں جہاں تقسیمِ وراثت پر بہت زیادہ زور دیا گیا ہے اور کسی شخص کا انتقال ہو تو اس کی ملکیت کی تمام چیزوں کو اس کے قریبی رشتہ داروں میں تقسیم کرنے کا حکم دیا گیا ہے وہیں دوسری طرف یہ افسوس ناک حقیقت سامنے آتی ہے کہ مسلمانوں کی اکثریت تقسیمِ وراثت سے غافل ہے اور اس سلسلے میں اسلامی تعلیمات پر عمل نہیں کرتی۔

جناب انوار عالم کو علمِ وراثت سے گہرا شغف ہے۔ اگرچہ وہ پیشے سے انجینئر ہیں، لیکن اپنی ذاتی دل چسپی سے انہوں نے علم وراثت کی تفصیلی معلومات قرآن، احادیث اور خاص طور سے وراثت کے موضوع پر لکھی جانے والی کتابوں کی مدد سے حاصل کی ہیں اور اس پر انہیں دست رس حاصل ہے۔ کچھ عرصے سے انہوں نے علمِ وراثت کی آن لائن تدریس کا سلسلہ شروع کر رکھا ہے۔ ہفتے میں ایک دن وہ کلاس لیتے ہیں، جس سے پوری دنیا میں اس فن سے دل چسپی رکھنے والے استفادہ کرتے ہیں۔ انہوں نے وراثت پر ایک ویب سائٹ (www.iirc.org.in) بھی تیار کر رکھی ہے، جس میں اس فن کی ضروری معلومات اور اس موضوع پر انٹرنیٹ میں موجود مواد: ویڈیوز، لیکچرز اور کتابیں اپ لوڈ کر رکھی ہیں۔

انوار عالم صاحب تصنیف وتالیف سے بھی شغف رکھتے ہیں۔انہوں نے اردو، ہندی اورانگریزی میں مختصراور مبسوط کئی کتابیں تصنیف کی ہیں:

(1) Islamic Laws of Inheritance
(2) Distribution of My Inheritance
(3) Mathematics of Inheritance
(4) Rules of Return
(5) Muslim Inheritance Flow Charts
(6) Seraji se Pahle Riyazi (Urdu)
(7) Islami Qanoon-e-Wirasat (Urdu/Hindi)
(8) Wirasat ki Faryaad (Urdu)

اب انہوں نے ایک نئی کتاب Muslim Inheritance (Case Studies) کے نام سے تیار کی ہے، جس میں وراثت کے تعلق سے چند اہم موضوعات سے بحث کی ہے۔ وہ ہیں: رد (یعنی اگر حصوں کا مجموعہ 100% سے کم رہ جائے تو باقی کو کیسے تقسیم کیا جائے؟) پوتوں پوتیوں کا حصہ، جنین کا حصہ، مناسخہ (یعنی کسی کی وراثت تقسیم نہ ہو پائے اور کچھ عرصہ کے بعد ورثہ میں سے بھی کسی کا انتقال ہوجائے) اور تخارج (یعنی ورثہ میں سے کوئی اپنا حصہ نہ لے)۔

انوار عالم صاحب کی ایک خاص بات یہ ہے کہ وہ وراثت کی تقسیم میتھمیٹک کے جدید طریقوں سے سمجھاتے ہیں، جس سے نئی نسل مانوس ہے۔اس بنا پر نوجوانوں میں علم وراثت کے بارے میں دل چسپی پیدا ہورہی ہے۔اللہ تعالی سے دعا ہے کہ وہ ان کی خدمات کو قبول فرمائے، انہیں اجر سے نوازے اور مسلمانوں میں تقسیمِ وراثت کے تعلق سے بیداری پیدا ہو، آمین یارب العالمین!

محمد رضی الاسلام ندوی
31 جولائی 2024

Introduction

Muhammad Razi-ul-Islam Nadvi
Secretary, Shariah Council,
Jamaat-e-Islami Hind

Islam places a significant emphasis on the distribution of inheritance. When a person passes away, it is commanded that all of their possessions be distributed among their close relatives. However, it is regrettable that a majority of Muslims remain heedless of this obligation and do not adhere to Islamic teachings on inheritance. Mr. Anwar Alam has a deep interest in the art of distribution of inheritance. Although he is an engineer by profession, his personal interest has led him to gain detailed knowledge of inheritance from the Quran, Hadith, and books specifically written on this subject. He has mastered this knowledge. For some time, he has been conducting online classes on inheritance, offering instruction once a week, which benefits those interested in this field from around the world. He has also developed a website (www.iirc.org.in) on inheritance that provides essential information on this science, along with videos, lectures, and books available on the internet on this topic.

Mr. Anwar Alam is also fond of writing and has authored several books in Urdu, Hindi, and English, both brief and comprehensive:

(1) Islamic Laws of Inheritance
(2) Distribution of My Inheritance
(3) Mathematics of Inheritance
(4) Rules of Return
(5) Muslim Inheritance Flow Charts
(6) Seraji se Pahle Riyazi (Urdu)
(7) Islami Qanoon-e-Wirasat (Urdu/Hindi)
(8) Wirasat ki Faryaad (Urdu)

He has now prepared a new book titled **"Muslim Inheritance (Case Studies),"** which discusses several important topics related to inheritance. These include: "Radd" (i.e., how to distribute the remaining portion if the sum of the shares is less than 100%), the share of grandchildren, the share of an unborn child, "Munashkha" (i.e., if the inheritance is not distributed, and after some time, one of the heirs also passes away), and "Takharuj" (i.e., if any heir decides not to take their share).A distinctive feature of Mr. Anwar Alam is that he explains the distribution of inheritance, using modern mathematical methods, which resonates with the younger generation. As a result, there is growing interest among the youth in the science of inheritance. May Allah accept his efforts, reward him, and create awareness among Muslims regarding the distribution of inheritance. Ameen, O Lord of the Worlds!

Muhammad Razi-ul-Islam Nadvi
31st July 2024

FOREWORD

Aslam Ahmed
(Advocate Supreme Court)

It gives me immense pleasure to write a forward to this book written by my senior friend and an Engineer who has not only shown devotion to law but is by now an expert in Muslim law relating to inheritance. Many lawyers, myself included, would envy such knowledge. In any law where estate is to be distributed, an understanding of the substantive theory followed by method of calculation to determine shares is a must. Mr. Anwar Alam has mastered both. At a time when Uniform Civil Code is looking large on the horizon and when the conventional civil laws based in religion are being seen as archaic by the modern minds, this book could not have been penned at a more appropriate time. Mired in calculations though, this book establishes that the Muslim law of inheritance, though not gender neutral, is nonetheless arguably a good law within the framework of constitutional law as it makes a brilliant balance between the needs of families in a society and keeps the family structure intact. The book clears the misconception that women get less share than men. Whilst it is true that in many cases women get less than men, there are cases where distribution is equal and there are cases where women get more.

Additionally, women as a class get more broadly than men (8 classes of women inherit as compared to 4 classes of men) in keeping with the theology of maximum good for maximum numbers, something that today's constitutional welfare based States also seek to achieve. It is also intriguing to note that whilst modern law stresses on equality (whilst recognising exceptions) as a mean to justice, modern law too may not be without its fetters as all laws are bound to have. Modern law, whilst allowing for complete general neutrality where devolution of non-testamentary succession is concerned, yet if the devolution in testamentary, then the testator (deceased) has the complete freedom to depart from this very requirement and could even write a WILL to his whims and fancies and which, if the WILL is genuine, the modern law admits as enforceable. In Muslim personal law, the testator's property goes to defined legal heirs (based on Quran and tradition of holy prophet, peace upon him), and the testator can bequeath only a third of his property to strangers or those who do not have a theological share. Of course, during his lifetime, a person could gift away his entire estate to any one including a stranger but the shariah prescribes that a reasonable sum must be left for sons and daughters and wife / husband and in this situation, the wealth has to be distributed equally unless there be a genuine reason for departing from complete equality. It is in this context that this book on inheritance laws of Islam is

not only a timely piece of penning by an author but is also setting out brilliantly as to how the property share gets distributed amongst a different classes of legal heirs both men as well as women at the time when a person man or woman dies and leaves behind property to be devolved. The general rule is that first from the estate of the deceased any expenses of burial of deceased shall be paid off followed by debt/loans/statutory demands which shall be paid off. Thereafter, if there is a WILL then the WILL shall be considered to start with subject to the condition that the WILL is not beyond 1/3rd in value of the estate and is not willed to a named legal heir. Thereafter, the estate shall be distributed in accordance with the injunctions of the Quran and the traditions of the prophet as interpreted by jurists which forms the basis of the religious/customary law of Islam.This limitation on will has been considered praiseworthy by the Law Commission as well in its report. I sincerely hope that an interested reader of this book, when he takes a dive into it, will be able to discern the wisdom in the Muslim laws of inheritance.

17 August 2024

* * *

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Thanks to the creator and sustainer of the universe who has guided me towards the straight path through our beloved prophet Muhammad (SAW -may peace and salutation be upon him).

There are many who have helped me, motivated and guided/assisted me during the course of authoring this book.

Thanks to the prayers and efforts of my Mother, Father, Maternal Grandmother and Maternal Grandfather. They have always motivated me throughout my life.

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I am very grateful to Dr. Muhammad Raziul Islam Nadvi who gave his invaluable time to proofread the final script of this book, his inputs, his knowledge, opinions have helped me immensely with this accomplishment.

Finally, I would like to thank Brother Wahiduzzaman khan who typed, retyped, and retyped this manuscript many times over very patiently and carefully.

Thank you all for the vital roles each one of you have played to help me complete this book.

Anwar Alam
Founder and Author
Islamic Inheritance Research Centre

FUNDAMENTALS OF INHERITANCE

بِسۡمِ اللّٰہِ الرَّحۡمٰنِ الرَّحِیۡمِ

Inheritance Rules in The Holy Qur'an

Surah AN-NISA (4) Aayaat 7-14,176

لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدٰنِ وَالْاَقْرَبُوْنَ ۪ وَلِلنِّسَآءِ
نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدٰنِ وَالْاَقْرَبُوْنَ مِمَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ اَوْ كَثُرَ ؕ
نَصِيبًا مَّفْرُوْضًا ۝۷ وَاِذَا حَضَرَ الْقِسْمَةَ اُولُوا الْقُرْبٰى وَالْيَتٰمٰى
وَالْمَسٰكِيْنُ فَارْزُقُوْهُمْ مِّنْهُ وَقُوْلُوْا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوْفًا ۝۸
وَلْيَخْشَ الَّذِيْنَ لَوْ تَرَكُوْا مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّةً ضِعٰفًا خَافُوْا
عَلَيْهِمْ ۪ فَلْيَتَّقُوا اللّٰهَ وَلْيَقُوْلُوْا قَوْلًا سَدِيْدًا ۝۹ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ
يَاْكُلُوْنَ اَمْوَالَ الْيَتٰمٰى ظُلْمًا اِنَّمَا يَاْكُلُوْنَ فِيْ بُطُوْنِهِمْ نَارًا ؕ
وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيْرًا ۝۱۰ يُوْصِيْكُمُ اللّٰهُ فِيْٓ اَوْلَادِكُمْ ۗ لِلذَّكَرِ
مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْاُنْثَيَيْنِ ۚ فَاِنْ كُنَّ نِسَآءً فَوْقَ اثْنَتَيْنِ فَلَهُنَّ ثُلُثَا مَا
تَرَكَ ۚ وَاِنْ كَانَتْ وَاحِدَةً فَلَهَا النِّصْفُ ؕ وَلِاَبَوَيْهِ لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ
مِّنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ مِمَّا تَرَكَ اِنْ كَانَ لَهٗ وَلَدٌ ۚ فَاِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّهٗ وَلَدٌ
وَّوَرِثَهٗٓ اَبَوٰهُ فَلِاُمِّهِ الثُّلُثُ ۚ فَاِنْ كَانَ لَهٗٓ اِخْوَةٌ فَلِاُمِّهِ السُّدُسُ
مِنْۢ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُّوْصِيْ بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ ؕ اٰبَآؤُكُمْ وَاَبْنَآؤُكُمْ لَا تَدْرُوْنَ

اَيُّهُمْ اَقْرَبُ لَكُمْ نَفْعًا ؕ فَرِيْضَةً مِّنَ اللّٰهِ ؕ اِنَّ اللّٰهَ كَانَ عَلِيْمًا حَكِيْمًا ﴿١١﴾
وَلَكُمْ نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ اَزْوَاجُكُمْ اِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُنَّ وَلَدٌ ۚ فَاِنْ كَانَ
لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌ فَلَكُمُ الرُّبُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكْنَ مِنْۢ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُّوْصِيْنَ بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ ؕ
وَلَهُنَّ الرُّبُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكْتُمْ اِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّكُمْ وَلَدٌ ۚ فَاِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ
وَلَدٌ فَلَهُنَّ الثُّمُنُ مِمَّا تَرَكْتُمْ مِّنْۢ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ تُوْصُوْنَ بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ ؕ
وَاِنْ كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُّوْرَثُ كَلٰلَةً اَوِ امْرَاَةٌ وَّلَهٗٓ اَخٌ اَوْ اُخْتٌ
فَلِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ ۚ فَاِنْ كَانُوْٓا اَكْثَرَ مِنْ ذٰلِكَ فَهُمْ
شُرَكَآءُ فِي الثُّلُثِ مِنْۢ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُّوْصٰى بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ ۙ غَيْرَ مُضَآرٍّ ۚ
وَصِيَّةً مِّنَ اللّٰهِ ؕ وَاللّٰهُ عَلِيْمٌ حَلِيْمٌ ﴿١٢﴾ ؕ تِلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللّٰهِ ؕ وَمَنْ
يُّطِعِ اللّٰهَ وَرَسُوْلَهٗ يُدْخِلْهُ جَنّٰتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْاَنْهٰرُ خٰلِدِيْنَ
فِيْهَا ؕ وَذٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ﴿١٣﴾ وَمَنْ يَّعْصِ اللّٰهَ وَرَسُوْلَهٗ وَيَتَعَدَّ
حُدُوْدَهٗ يُدْخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيْهَا ۪ وَلَهٗ عَذَابٌ مُّهِيْنٌ ﴿١٤﴾ ع

يَسْتَفْتُوْنَكَ ؕ قُلِ اللّٰهُ يُفْتِيْكُمْ فِي الْكَلٰلَةِ ؕ اِنِ امْرُؤٌا هَلَكَ لَيْسَ لَهٗ
وَلَدٌ وَّلَهٗٓ اُخْتٌ فَلَهَا نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ ۚ وَهُوَ يَرِثُهَآ اِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّهَا وَلَدٌ ؕ
فَاِنْ كَانَتَا اثْنَتَيْنِ فَلَهُمَا الثُّلُثٰنِ مِمَّا تَرَكَ ؕ وَاِنْ كَانُوْٓا اِخْوَةً رِّجَالًا
وَّنِسَآءً فَلِلذَّكَرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْاُنْثَيَيْنِ ؕ يُبَيِّنُ اللّٰهُ لَكُمْ اَنْ تَضِلُّوْا ؕ
وَاللّٰهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمٌ ﴿١٧٦﴾ ع

(7) *Just as there is a share for men in what their parents and kinsfolk leave behind, so there is a share for women in what their parents and kinsfolk leave behind – be it little or much – a share ordained (by Allah).* (8) *And if other near of kin, orphans and needy are present at the time of division of inheritance, give them something of it and speak to them kindly.* (9) *And those who would have been fearful on account of their helpless offspring they may have behind them, let them fear Allah and say what is right.* (10) *Behold, those who wrongfully devour the properties of orphans only fill their bellies with fire. Soon they will burn in the Blazing Flame.* (11) *Thus does Allah command you concerning your children: the share of the male is like that of two females. If (the heirs of the deceased are) more than two daughters, they shall have two-thirds of the inheritance, and if there is only one daughter then she shall have half the inheritance. If the deceased has any offspring, each of his parents shall have one-sixth of the inheritance; and if the deceased has no child and his parents alone inherit him then one-third shall go to his mother; and if the deceased has brothers and sister then one-sixth shall go to his mother. All these shares are to be given after payment of the bequest he might have made or any debts outstanding against him. You do not know which of them, your parents or your children, are more beneficial to you. But these portions have been determined by Allah, for HE*

indeed knows everything, is cognizant of all beneficent considerations. (12) *And to you belongs half of whatever has been left behind by your wives if they die childless; but if they have any children then to you belongs one-fourth of what they have left behind, after payment of the bequest they might have made or any debts outstanding against them. And to them belongs one-fourth of what you leave behind if you die childless; and if you have any child then to them belongs one-eighth of what you have left behind, after the payment of the bequest you might have made or any debts outstanding against you. And if the man or woman (whose inheritance is to be distributed) has no heir in the direct line, but has a brother or sister then each of these shall inherit one-sixth; but if their number is more than that then all of them shall be entitled to one-third of the inheritance, after the payment of the bequest that might have been made or any debts outstanding against the deceased, providing that the bequest causes no injury. This is a commandment from Allah; Allah is All-knowing, All-Forbearing.* (13) *These are the bounds set by Allah. Allah will make him who obeys Allah and His Messenger enter the Gardens beneath which rivers flow. He will abide there for ever. That is the mighty triumph.* (14) *And he who disobeys Allah and His Messenger and transgresses the bounds set by Him - him shall Allah cause to enter the Fire. There he will abide. A humiliating chastisement awaits him.* (176) *People ask you to pronounce a ruling*

concerning inheritance from those who have left behind no lineal heirs (kalalah). Say:"Allah pronounces for you the ruling: should a man die childless but have a sister, she shall have one half of what he has left behind; and should the sister die childless, (but have a brother), he shall inherit her. And if the heirs are two sisters, they shall have two-thirds of what he has left behind. And if the heirs are sisters and brothers then the male shall have the share of two females. Allah makes (His commandments) clear to you lest you go astray. Allah has full knowledge of everything."

Fixed Fractional Shares in The Holy Qur'an

One Half	$\frac{1}{2}$	50%
One Quarter	$\frac{1}{4}$	25%
One-Eighth	$\frac{1}{8}$	12.5%
Two-Thirds	$\frac{2}{3}$	66.67%
One-Third	$\frac{1}{3}$	33.33%
One-Sixth	$\frac{1}{6}$	16.67%

Inheritance Rules in Ahadeeth

حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يُوسُفَ، عَنْ وَرْقَاءَ، عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي نَجِيحٍ، عَنْ عَطَاءٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا ، قَالَ : كَانَ الْمَالُ لِلْوَلَدِ ، وَكَانَتِ الْوَصِيَّةُ لِلْوَالِدَيْنِ، فَنَسَخَ اللَّهُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ مَا أَحَبَّ، فَجَعَلَ لِلذَّكَرِ مِثْلَ حَظِّ الأُنْثَيَيْنِ (سورة النساء آية ،11) وَجَعَلَ لِلأَبَوَيْنِ لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِنْهُمَا السُّدُسَ، وَجَعَلَ لِلْمَرْأَةِ الثُّمُنَ وَالرُّبُعَ، وَلِلزَّوْجِ الشَّطْرَ وَالرُّبُعَ.

Narrated Ibn `Abbas: "(During the early days of Islam), the inheritance used to be given to one's offspring and legacy used to be bequeathed to the parents, then Allah cancelled what He wished from that order and decreed that the male should be given the equivalent of the portion of two females, and for the parents one-sixth for each of them, and for one's wife one-eighth (if the deceased has children) and one-fourth (if he has no children), for one's husband one-half (if the deceased has no *children) and one-fourth (if she has children)."*

BUKHARI – 6739 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا مُوسَى بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ، حَدَّثَنَا وُهَيْبٌ، حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ طَاوُسٍ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا، عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ، قَالَ: أَلْحِقُوا الْفَرَائِضَ بِأَهْلِهَا، فَمَا بَقِيَ فَهُوَ لِأَوْلَى رَجُلٍ ذَكَرٍ .

Narrated Ibn `Abbas: The Prophet said, “Give the Fara'id (the shares of the inheritance that are prescribed in the Qur'an) to those who are entitled to receive it. Then whatever remains should be given to the closest male relative of the deceased .”

BUKHARI – 6732 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ بْنُ حُمَيْدٍ، حَدَّثَنِي زَكَرِيَّاءُ بْنُ عَدِيٍّ، أَخْبَرَنَا عُبَيْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ عَمْرٍو، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَقِيلٍ، عَنْ جَابِرِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ، قَالَ: جَاءَتِ امْرَأَةُ سَعْدِ بْنِ الرَّبِيعِ بِابْنَتَيْهَا مِنْ سَعْدٍ إِلَى رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ، فَقَالَتْ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ، هَاتَانِ ابْنَتَا سَعْدِ بْنِ الرَّبِيعِ، قُتِلَ أَبُوهُمَا مَعَكَ يَوْمَ أُحُدٍ شَهِيدًا، وَإِنَّ عَمَّهُمَا أَخَذَ مَالَهُمَا، فَلَمْ يَدَعْ لَهُمَا مَالًا وَلَا تُنْكَحَانِ إِلَّا وَلَهُمَا مَالٌ، قَالَ: يَقْضِي اللَّهُ فِي ذَلِكَ، فَنَزَلَتْ آيَةُ الْمِيرَاثِ، فَبَعَثَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ إِلَى عَمِّهِمَا، فَقَالَ: أَعْطِ ابْنَتَيْ سَعْدٍ الثُّلُثَيْنِ، وَأَعْطِ أُمَّهُمَا الثُّمُنَ، وَمَا بَقِيَ فَهُوَ لَكَ ، قَالَ أَبُو عِيسَى: هَذَا حَدِيثٌ حَسَنٌ صَحِيحٌ، لَا نَعْرِفُهُ إِلَّا مِنْ حَدِيثِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَقِيلٍ، وَقَدْ رَوَاهُ شَرِيكٌ أَيْضًا عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ عَقِيلٍ.

Jabir bin 'Abdullah said:

The wife of Sa'd bin Ar-Rabi came with her two daughters from Sa'd to the Messenger of Allah (S.A.W) and said: "O Messenger of Allah (ﷺ)! these two are daughters of Sa'd bin Ar-Rabi who fought along with you on the day of Uhud and was martyred. Their uncle took their wealth, without leaving any wealth for them, and they will not be married unless they have wealth." He said: "Allah will decide on that matter." The ayah about inheritance was revealed, so the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) sent (word) to their Uncle, saying: "Give the two daughters of Sa'd two-thirds, and give their mother one eighth, and whatever remains is for you."

TIRMIZI – 2092 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا هِشَامُ بْنُ عَمَّارٍ، حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْمُنْكَدِرِ، سَمِعَ جَابِرَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ يَقُولُ: مَرِضْتُ فَأَتَانِي رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ يَعُودُنِي هُوَ وَأَبُو بَكْرٍ مَعَهُ وَهُمَا مَاشِيَانِ وَقَدْ أُغْمِيَ عَلَيَّ، فَتَوَضَّأَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَصَبَّ عَلَيَّ مِنْ وَضُوئِهِ فَقُلْتُ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ كَيْفَ أَصْنَعُ؟ كَيْفَ أَقْضِي فِي مَالِي حَتَّى نَزَلَتْ آيَةُ الْمِيرَاثِ فِي آخِرِ النِّسَاءِ وَإِنْ كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُورَثُ كَلَالَةً (سورة النساء آية 12) وَ يَسْتَفْتُونَكَ قُلِ اللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِي الْكَلَالَةِ (سورة النساء آية 176 الآية.)

It was narrated from Muhammad bin Munkadir that he heard Jabir bin 'Abdullah say:
"I fell sick and the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) came to me, and Abu Bakr was with him, and they came walking. I had lost consciousness, so the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) performed ablution and poured some of the water of his ablution over me. I said: "O Messenger of Allah, what should I do? How should I decide about my wealth?" Until the Verse of inheritance was revealed at the end of An-Nisa': "If the man or woman whose inheritance is in question has left neither ascendants or descendents." [4:12] And: "They ask you for a legal verdict. Say: "Allah directs (thus) about those who leave neither descendants nor ascendants as heirs." [4:176]

IBN-E-MAJAH – 2728 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا مَحْمُودُ بْنُ غَيْلَانَ ، حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو النَّضْرِ ، حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو مُعَاوِيَةَ شَيْبَانُ، عَنْ أَشْعَثَ، عَنِ الْأَسْوَدِ بْنِ يَزِيدَ، قَالَ: أَتَانَا مُعَاذُ بْنُ جَبَلٍ، بِالْيَمَنِ مُعَلِّمًا وَأَمِيرًا ، فَسَأَلْنَاهُ عَنْ رَجُلٍ تُوُفِّيَ وَتَرَكَ ابْنَتَهُ وَأُخْتَهُ، فَأَعْطَى الِابْنَةَ النِّصْفَ، وَالْأُخْتَ النِّصْفَ .

Narrated Al-Aswad bin Yazid: Mu`adh bin Jabal came to us in Yemen as a tutor and a ruler, and we (the people of Yemen) asked him about (the distribution of the property of) a man who had died

leaving behind a daughter and a sister. Mu`adh gave the daughter one-half of the property and the sister the other half. *BUKHARI – 6734 (Status – صحيح)*

حَدَّثَنَا آدَمُ ، حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ ، حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو قَيْسٍ ، سَمِعْتُ هُزَيْلَ بْنَ شُرَحْبِيلَ ، قَالَ : سُئِلَ أَبُو مُوسَى ، عَنْ بِنْتٍ ، وَابْنَةِ ابْنٍ ، وَأُخْتٍ ، فَقَالَ : لِلْبِنْتِ النِّصْفُ ، وَلِلْأُخْتِ النِّصْفُ ، وَأْتِ ابْنَ مَسْعُودٍ فَسَيُتَابِعُنِي ، فَسُئِلَ ابْنُ مَسْعُودٍ ، وَأُخْبِرَ بِقَوْلِ أَبِي مُوسَى ، فَقَالَ لَقَدْ ضَلَلْتُ إِذًا وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ أَقْضِي فِيهَا بِمَا قَضَى النَّبِيُّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ ، لِلْابْنَةِ النِّصْفُ ، وَلِابْنَةِ ابْنٍ السُّدُسُ تَكْمِلَةَ الثُّلُثَيْنِ ، وَمَا بَقِيَ فَلِلْأُخْتِ . فَأَتَيْنَا أَبَا مُوسَى ، فَأَخْبَرْنَاهُ بِقَوْلِ ابْنِ مَسْعُودٍ ، فَقَالَ : لَا تَسْأَلُونِي مَا دَامَ هَذَا الْحَبْرُ فِيكُمْ .

Narrated Huzail bin Shurahbil: Abu Musa was asked regarding (the inheritance of) a daughter, a son's daughter, and a sister. He said, “The daughter will take one-half and the sister will take one-half. If you go to Ibn Mas`ud, he will tell you the same.” Ibn Mas`ud was asked and was told of Abu Musa's verdict. Ibn Mas`ud then said, “If I give the same verdict, I would stray and would not be of the rightly-guided. The verdict I will give in this case, will be the same as the Prophet did, i.e. one-half is for daughter, and one-sixth for the son's daughter, i.e. both shares make two-thirds of the total property; and the rest is

for the sister." Afterwards we came to Abu Musa and informed him of Ibn Mas`ud's verdict, whereupon he said, "So, do not ask me for verdicts, as long as this learned man is among you."

BUKHARI – 6736 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو مَعْمَرٍ ، حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَارِثِ ، حَدَّثَنَا أَيُّوبُ ، عَنْ عِكْرِمَةَ ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ ، قَالَ : أَمَّا الَّذِي ، قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ : لَوْ كُنْتُ مُتَّخِذًا مِنْ هَذِهِ الْأُمَّةِ خَلِيلًا ، لَاتَّخَذْتُهُ وَلَكِنْ خُلَّةُ الْإِسْلَامِ أَفْضَلُ أَوْ قَالَ خَيْرٌ ، فَإِنَّهُ أَنْزَلَهُ أَبًا أَوْ قَالَ قَضَاهُ أَبًا .

Narrated Ibn `Abbas: The person about whom Allah's Apostle said, "If I were to take a friend from this nation (my followers) then I would have taken him (i.e., Abu Bakr), but the Islamic concept of family relationship is better (or said: good); it regarded a grandfather as the father himself (in inheritance)."

BUKHARI – 6738 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو حَاتِمٍ، حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ الطَّبَّاعِ، حَدَّثَنَا هُشَيْمٌ، عَنْ يُونُسَ، عَنِ الْحَسَنِ، عَنْ مَعْقِلِ بْنِ يَسَارٍ، قَالَ: قَضَى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِي جَدٍّ كَانَ فِينَا بِالسُّدُسِ.

It was narrated that Ma'qil bin Yasar said: "The Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) ruled concerning a grandfather who was amongst us, that he should receive one-sixth."

IBN-E-MAJAH – 2723 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا الْأَنْصَارِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا مَعْنٌ، حَدَّثَنَا مَالِكٌ، عَنِ ابْنِ شِهَابٍ، عَنْ عُثْمَانَ بْنِ إِسْحَاق بْنِ خَرَشَةَ، عَنْ قَبِيصَةَ بْنِ ذُؤَيْبٍ، قَالَ: جَاءَتِ الْجَدَّةُ إِلَى أَبِي بَكْرٍ تَسْأَلُهُ مِيرَاثَهَا، قَالَ: فَقَالَ لَهَا: مَا لَكِ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ شَيْءٌ، وَمَا لَكِ فِي سُنَّةِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ شَيْءٌ فَارْجِعِي حَتَّى أَسْأَلَ النَّاسَ، فَسَأَلَ النَّاسَ، فَقَالَ الْمُغِيرَةُ بْنُ شُعْبَةَ: حَضَرْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَأَعْطَاهَا السُّدُسَ ، فَقَالَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ: هَلْ مَعَكَ غَيْرُكَ، فَقَامَ مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ مَسْلَمَةَ الْأَنْصَارِيُّ، فَقَالَ: مِثْلَ مَا قَالَ الْمُغِيرَةُ بْنُ شُعْبَةَ، فَأَنْفَذَهُ لَهَا أَبُو بَكْرٍ، قَالَ: ثُمَّ جَاءَتِ الْجَدَّةُ الْأُخْرَى إِلَى عُمَرَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ تَسْأَلُهُ مِيرَاثَهَا، فَقَالَ: مَا لَكِ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ شَيْءٌ، وَلَكِنْ هُوَ ذَاكَ السُّدُسُ فَإِنِ اجْتَمَعْتُمَا فِيهِ فَهُوَ بَيْنَكُمَا، وَأَيَّتُكُمَا خَلَتْ بِهِ فَهُوَ لَهَا ، قَالَ أَبُو عِيسَى: وَفِي الْبَابِ عَنْ بُرَيْدَةَ، وَهَذَا أَحْسَنُ وَهُوَ أَصَحُّ مِنْ حَدِيثِ ابْنِ عُيَيْنَةَ.

Qabisah bin Dhuw'aib said:
A grandmother came to Abu Bakr to ask him about her inheritance. He said to her, “There is nothing for you in the Book of Allah and there is nothing for you in the Sunnah of the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ). So, return until I ask the people.” So he asked the people and Al-Mughirah bin Shu'bah said: “I was present when the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) gave her (case) one-sixth.” So he said: “Was anyone else with you?” Muhammad bin Maslamah stood to say the same as what Al-Mughirah bin Shu'bah had

said. So Abu Bakr implemented that for her. Then the other grandmother came to 'Umar bin Al-Khattab to ask him about her inheritance. He said: "There is nothing in the Book of Allah for you, but there is that one-sixth. So if the two of you are together then it is for both of you, and whoever of you remains, it is for her." *TIRMIZI – 2101 (Status – ضعيف)*

حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنُ عَبْدِ الْوَهَّابِ، حَدَّثَنَا سَلْمُ بْنُ قُتَيْبَةَ، عَنْ شَرِيكٍ، عَنْ لَيْثٍ، عَنْ طَاوُسٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عَبَّاسٍ، أَنّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: وَرَّثَ جَدَّةً سُدُسًا.

Ibn 'Abbas narrated that the Messenger of Allah(ﷺ) gave a grandmother one-sixth of the inheritance. *IBN-E-MAJAH – 2725 (Status – صحيح)*

حَدَّثَنَا بُنْدَارٌ، حَدَّثَنَا يَزِيدُ بْنُ هَارُونَ، أَخْبَرَنَا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ أَبِي إِسْحَاق، عَنِ الْحَارِثِ، عَنْ عَلِيٍّ، أَنَّهُ قَالَ: إِنَّكُمْ تَقْرَءُونَ هَذِهِ الْآيَةَ: مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ تُوصُونَ بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ سورة النساء آية 12 وَأَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَضَى بِالدَّيْنِ قَبْلَ الْوَصِيَّةِ، وَإِنَّ أَعْيَانَ بَنِي الْأُمِّ يَتَوَارَثُونَ دُونَ بَنِي الْعَلَّاتِ، الرَّجُلُ يَرِثُ أَخَاهُ لِأَبِيهِ وَأُمِّهِ دُونَ أَخِيهِ لِأَبِيهِ.

Al-Harith narrated that 'Ali said:

"You recite this ayah: After payment of legacies he (or she) may have bequeathed and debts, without causing

harm till Surah An-Nisa Ayat-12. And indeed the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) judged the debt before the will and that the children (sons and daughters) from the same mother and father inherit, not the sons from various mothers. The man inherits from his brother from his father, and his mother, not his brother from his father."

TIRMIZI – 2094 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا حُمَيْدُ بْنُ مَسْعَدَةَ، حَدَّثَنَا حُصَيْنُ بْنُ نُمَيْرٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ أَبِي لَيْلَى، عَنْ أَبِي الزُّبَيْرِ، عَنْ جَابِرٍ، عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ: لَا يَتَوَارَثُ أَهْلُ مِلَّتَيْنِ ، قَالَ أَبُو عِيسَى: هَذَا حَدِيثٌ لَا نَعْرِفُهُ مِنْ حَدِيثِ جَابِرٍ إِلَّا مِنْ حَدِيثِ ابْنِ أَبِي لَيْلَى.

Jabir narrated that the Prophet (ﷺ) said:
"The people of two religions do not inherit from each other."

TIRMIZI – 2108 (Status – صحيح)

حَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ، حَدَّثَنَا اللَّيْثُ، عَنْ إِسْحَاق بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ، عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ، عَنْ حُمَيْدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ: الْقَاتِلُ لَا يَرِثُ.

Abu Hurairah narrated that the Prophet (ﷺ) said:
"The murderer will not inherit."

TIRMIZI – 2109 (Status – صحيح)

ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMINOLOGIES

Zawil-Furudh	[ZF]
Asabat	[A]
Zawil-Arhaam	[ZA]
Asaba-Bi-Ghairihi	[A-B-G]
Asaba-Ma'a-Ghairihi	[A-M-G]
Asaba-Bi-Nafsihi	[A-B-N]
Husband	[H]
Father	[F]
Paternal Grandfather	[PGF]
Wife	[W]
Mother	[M]
Daughter	[D]
Granddaughter	[GD]
Real Sister	[RS]
Paternal Sister	[PS]
Maternal Sister	[MS]
Paternal Grandmother	[PGM]
Maternal Grandmother	[MGM]
Son	[S]
Grandson	[GS]
Great Grandson	[GGS]
Real Brother	[RB]

Maternal Brother	[MB]
Paternal Brother	[PB]
Nephew	[N]
Uncle	[U]
Uncle's Son	[US]
Real Brother's Son	[RBS]
Paternal Brother's Son	[PBS]
Full Paternal Uncle	[FPU]
Consanguine Paternal Uncle	[CPU]
Full Paternal Uncle's Son	[FPUS]
Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son	[CPUS]
Child-to-be-born	[CBB]
Child Born Dead	[CBD]
Maternal Granddaughter	[MGD]
Maternal Grandfather	[MGF]
Least Common Multiple	[LCM]
Residue	[R]

RETURN (RADD) : Total share of primary heirs is less than one.

AWL (AUL) : Total share of primary heirs is greater than one.

List of Inheritors

Types of Inheritors

1. Zawil-Furudh (ZF) = Sharers or Qur'anic Heirs
2. Asabat (A) = Residuary or Agnatic Heirs
3. Zawil-Arhaam (ZA) = Distant Kindred or Uterine Heirs

Types of Zawil-Furudh

Male:

1. Husband 2. Father
3. Paternal Grandfather (Dada)
4. Maternal Brother = Uterine Brother [Same Mother but Different Father]

Female:

1. Wife 2. Mother 3. Daughter
4. Granddaughter
5. Real Sister = Full Sister [Same Mother and Same Father]
6. Paternal Sister = Consanguine Sister [Same Father but Different Mother]
7. Maternal Sister = Uterine Sister [Same Mother but Different Father]
8. Paternal Grandmother (Dadi)
9. Maternal Grandmother (Nani)

Types of ASABAT

1. Asaba-Bi-Ghairihi (Men and Women)
2. Asaba-Ma'a-Ghairihi (Only Women)
3. Asaba-Bi-Nafsihi (Only Men)

ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI (By another)

1. Daughter with Son
2. Granddaughter with Grandson
3. Real Sister with Real Brother
4. Paternal Sister with Paternal Brother

ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI (With another)

1. Real Sister with Daughter
2. Real Sister with Granddaughter
3. Paternal Sister with Daughter
4. Paternal Sister with Granddaughter

ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Category 1 : [A] C1

1. Son 2. Grandson 3. Great Grandson

Category 2 : [A] C2

1. Father
2. Grandfather
3. Great Grandfather

Category 3 : [A] C3

1. Real Brother, Paternal Brother [Same Father but Different Mother]
2. Real Brother's Son, Paternal Brother's Son

Category 4 : [A] C4

1. Full Paternal Uncle, Consanguine Paternal Uncle
2. Full Paternal Uncle's Son, Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son

Zawil-Arhaam

Category 1 :

1. Daughter's Son
2. Daughter's Daughter
3. Son's Daughter's Son
4. Son's Daughter's Daughter
5. Grandson's Daughter's Son
6. Grandson's Daughter's Daughter

Category 2 :

1. Maternal Grandfather
2. Maternal Great Grandfather
3. Father's Maternal Grandfather
4. Father's Maternal Great Grandfather
5. Mother's Paternal Grandfather
6. Mother's Maternal Grandfather
7. Mother's Paternal Grandmother
8. Mother's Paternal Great Grandmother

Category 3 :

1. Brother's Daughter
2. Sister's Son
3. Sister's Daughter
4. And their Kids
5. Kids of Maternal Brothers and Maternal Sisters

Category 4:

1. Father's Sister
2. Mother's Sister
3. Mother's Brother
4. And their Kids

Shares of Inheritors

Share of Husband (ZF)

- 1/2 If no kids present
- 1/4 If kids present (one or more)
  (Son, Daughter, Grandson, Granddaughter, Great Grandson, Great Granddaughter)

Share of Wife (ZF)

- 1/4 If no kids present
- 1/8 If kids present (one or more)
  (Son, Daughter, Grandson, Granddaughter, Great Grandson, Great Granddaughter)

Share of Father | Grandfather (ZF and A)

(ZF)	1/6	kids present (one or more)
	[*Male*:	Son, Grandson, Great Grandson**]**
(ZF)+[A]C2	1/6+R	kids present (one or more)
	[*Female*:	Daughter, Granddaughter Great Granddaughter**]**
[A]C2	**R**	No Kids

(No share of Grandfather if Father is present)

Share of Daughter (ZF and A-B-G)

(ZF)	1/2	No Son but only one Daughter is present
(ZF)	2/3	No Son but two or more Daughters* present ***(Equal Distribution among Daughters)**
(A-B-G)	2:1	If one or more Daughter(s) present with Son(s) ★Each Son [2 shares] ★Each Daughter [1 share]

Share of Mother (ZF)

- 1/6 Kids present (one or more)
  [*Male*: Son, Grandson, Great Grandson]
- 1/6 Kids present (one or more)
  [*Female*: Daughter, Granddaughter Great Granddaughter]
- 1/6 No kids but two or more Real Brothers and Sisters present
- 1/6 No kids, no Real Brother and Sister but two or more Paternal Brothers and Sisters present
- 1/6 No kids, no Real Brother and Sister, no Paternal Brother and Sister but two or more Maternal Brothers and Sisters present
- 1/6 No kids, but any types of Brother and Sister [two or more]
  [Real | Paternal | Maternal]
- 1/3 No kids, No real Brother and Sister, no Paternal Brother and Sister, no Maternal Brother and Sister
- 1/3 No kids, but only one Brother or only one Sister present [Real | Paternal | Maternal]

Shares of Granddaughter (ZF and A-B-G)

- **(ZF)** 1/2 No Son, No Grandson, No Daughter, Only One Granddaughter

- **(ZF)** 2/3 No Son, No Grandson, No Daughter, but two or more Granddaughters*
  ***(Equal Distribution among Granddaughters)**
- **(ZF)** 1/6 No Son, No Grandson but
  - ★Only One Daughter [1/2]
  - ★Only One Granddaughters [1/6]
- **(ZF)** 1/6 No Son, No Grandson but
  - ★Only One Daughter [1/2]
  - ★Two or more Granddaughters [1/6]*

  ***(Equal Distribution)**
- **(A-B-G) 2:1**

  No Son, No Daughter
  - ★ Only Grandson [2 shares]
  - ★ Only Granddaughter [1 share]
- **(A-B-G) 2:1**

  No Son, No Daughter, No Grandson, No Granddaughter
  - ★ Only Great Grandson [2 shares]
  - ★ Only Great Granddaughter [1 share]
- **(A-B-G) 2:1**

  No Son, but two or more Daughters with Grandson(s) and Granddaughter(s) then due to Grandson, Granddaughter will get share
  - ★ Grandson [2 shares]
  - ★ Granddaughter [1 share]

No SHARE:

1. If Son is present then NO SHARE for Granddaughter and Grandson.
2. If Grandson is present then NO SHARE for Great Granddaughter and Great Grandson.
3. If No Son, No Grandson but two or more Daughters are present then NO SHARE for Granddaughter.

Share of Real Sister and Real Brother [ZF | A-B-G | A-M-G]

- **(ZF)** 1/2 Only One Real Sister
- **(ZF)** 2/3 Only Two or more Real Sisters*
  *** (Equal Distribution)**
- **(A-B-G) 2:1**
  If one or more Real Sister(s) with one or more Real Brother(s).
  ★ Each Real Brother [2 shares]
  ★ Each Real Sister [1 share]
- **(A-M-G) R**
  No Real Brother but, one or more Real Sister(s) with
  ★ Daughter(s) [One or more]
  ★ Granddaughter(s) [One or more]

No SHARE: For Real Sister and Real Brother

1. If Son, Grandson or Great Grandson present.
2. If Father, Grandfather or Great Grandfather present.

Share of Paternal Sister and Brother [ZF | A-B-G | A-M-G]

- **(ZF)** 1/2 Only One Paternal Sister
- **(ZF)** 2/3 Only Two or more Paternal Sisters*
  *** (Equal Distribution)**
- **(A-B-G) 2:1**
  If one or more Paternal Sister(s) with one or more Paternal Brother(s).
  ★ Each Paternal Brother [2 shares]
  ★ Each Paternal Sister [1 share]
- **(A-M-G) R**
  No Paternal Brother but, one or more Paternal Sister(s) with
  ★ Daughter(s) [One or more]
  ★ Granddaughter(s) [One or more]

- **(ZF)** 1/6 If One or more Paternal Sister(s)* present with One Real Sister [1/2]
  ***(Each Paternal Sister will get equal share from 1/6)**

NO SHARE : For Paternal Sister (Alone)

1. If two or more Real Sisters are present

NO SHARE : For Paternal Sister and Brother (Together)

1. If Son, Grandson or Great Grandson is present.
2. If Father, Grandfather or Great Grandfather is present.
3. If Real Brother is present.
4. If Real Sister [A-M-G) with Daughter [1/2] is present.
5. If Real Sister [A-M-G] with Granddaughter [1/2] is present.

Share of Maternal Sister and Maternal Brother (ZF)

- 1/6 If Only One Maternal Brother is present.
- 1/6 If Only One Maternal Sister is present.
- 1/3 If Two or more Maternal Brothers* are present.
- 1/3 If Two or more Maternal Sisters* are present.
- 1/3 If One or more Maternal Brother and One or more Maternal Sister* are present. ***(Equal Distribution)**

NO SHARE : For Maternal Sister and Brother

1. If Father, Grandfather or Great Grandfather is present.
2. If Son, Grandson or Great Grandson is present.
3. If Daughter, Grand Daughter or Great Granddaughter is present.

Share of Paternal and Maternal Grandmother Dadi and Nani [ZF]

- 1/6 If Only One Maternal Grandmother (Nani) is present.
- 1/6 If Only One Paternal Grand Mother (Dadi) is present.

- 1/6 If One Maternal Grandmother and One Paternal Grandmother* are present.

  ***(Equal Distribution)**

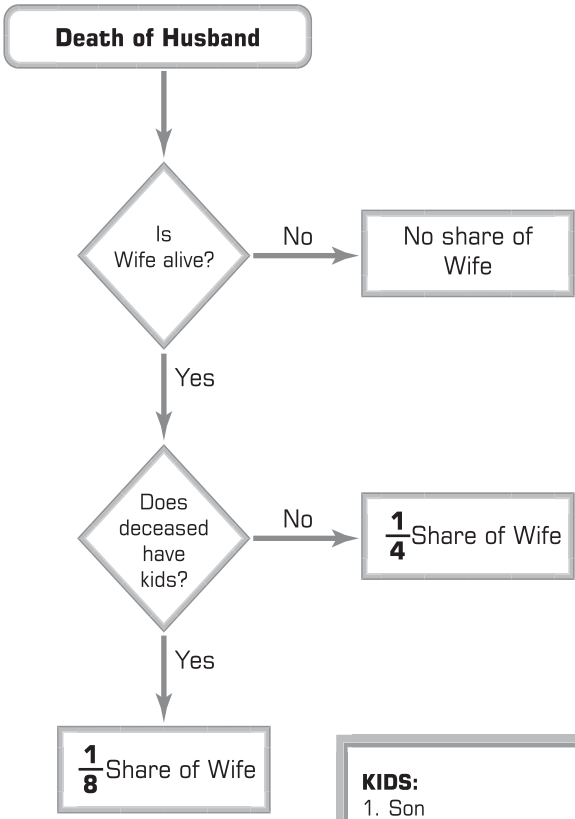
- 1/6 Maternal Grandmother (Nani) if Father is present.

NO SHARE FOR :

1. Paternal Grandmother (Dadi) if Father is present.
2. Paternal Grandmother (Dadi) and Maternal Grandmother (Nani) if Mother is present.
3. Maternal Great Grandmother (Par Nani) if Maternal Grandmother (Nani) is present.
4. Paternal Great Grandmother (Par Dadi) if Paternal Grandmother (Dadi) is present.
5. Maternal Great Grandmother (Par Nani) if Paternal Grandmother (Dadi) is present.

Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Wife



Note: If deceased has multiple wives (1-4) then 1/4 or 1/8 share will be equally distributed among them.

References:
Qur'an: 4:12
Bukhari: 2747, 6723, 6739

KIDS:
1. Son
2. Grandson
3. Great Grandson
4. Daughter
5. Granddaughter
6. Great Granddaughter

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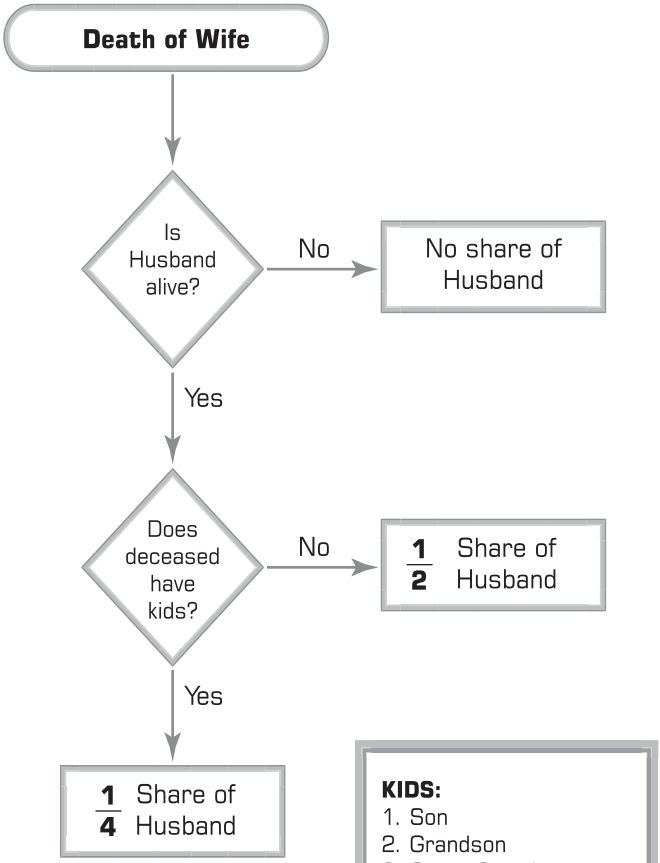
D Block, Near RWA Office/Raza Medicos,Abul Fazal Enclave Part-1, Jamia Nagar,Okhla, New Delhi
+91-9871481152 virasat@iirc.org.in www.iirc.org.in

Muslim Inheritance Laws

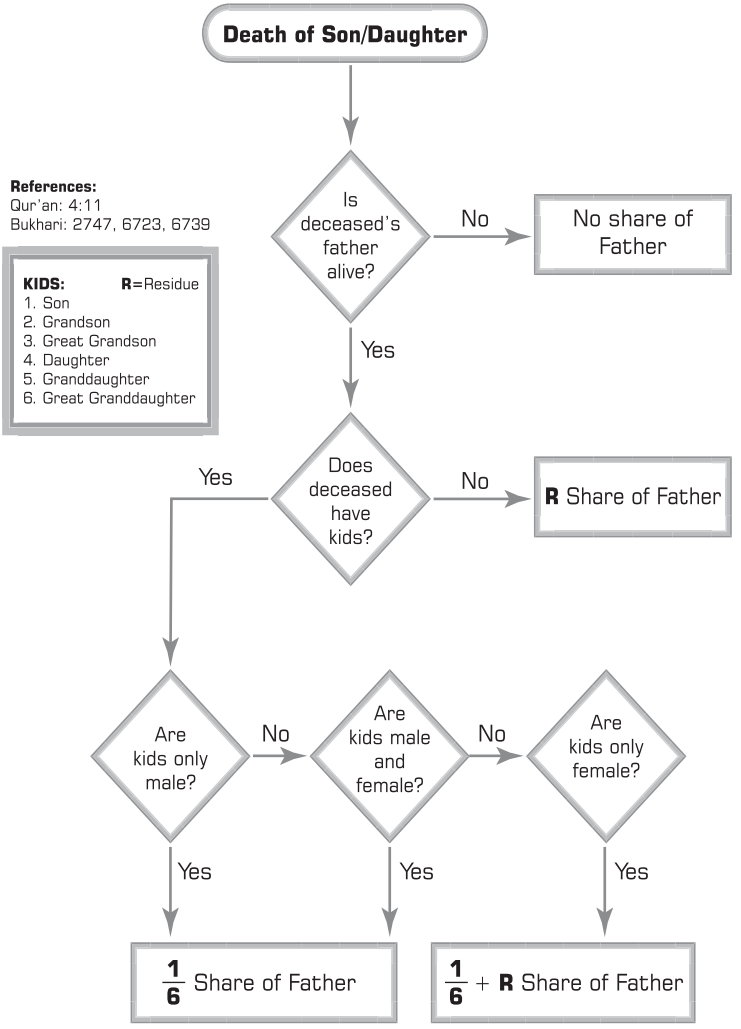
Share of Husband



References:
Qur'an: 4:12
Bukhari: 2747, 6723, 6739

Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Father



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D Block, Near RWA Office/Raza Medicos,Abul Fazal Enclave Part-1, Jamia Nagar,Okhla, New Delhi
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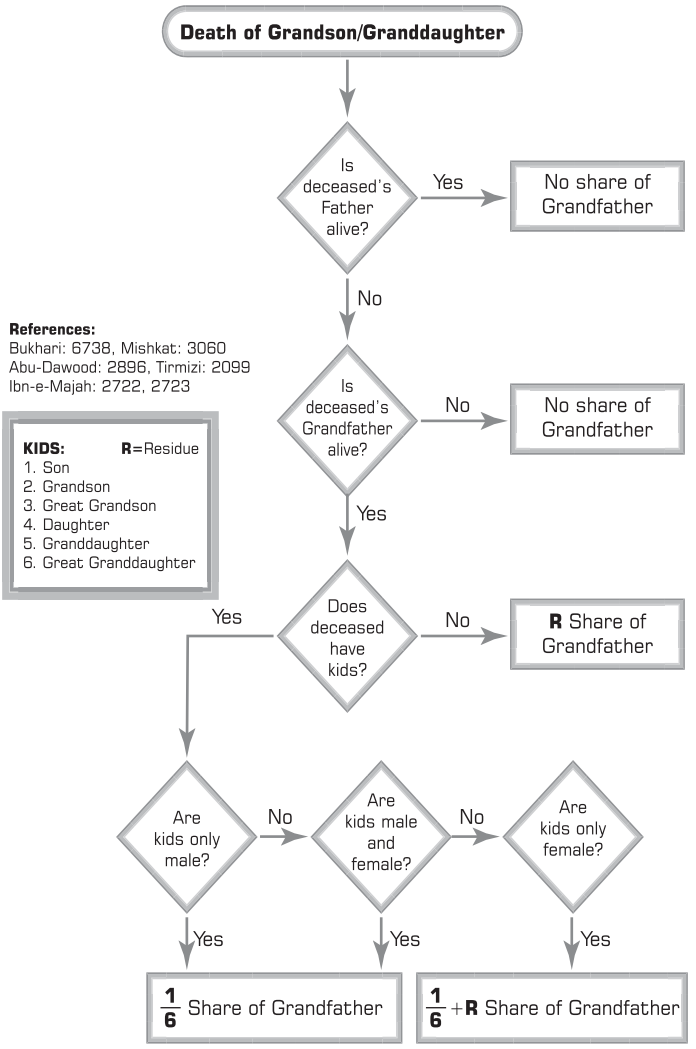
Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Grandfather

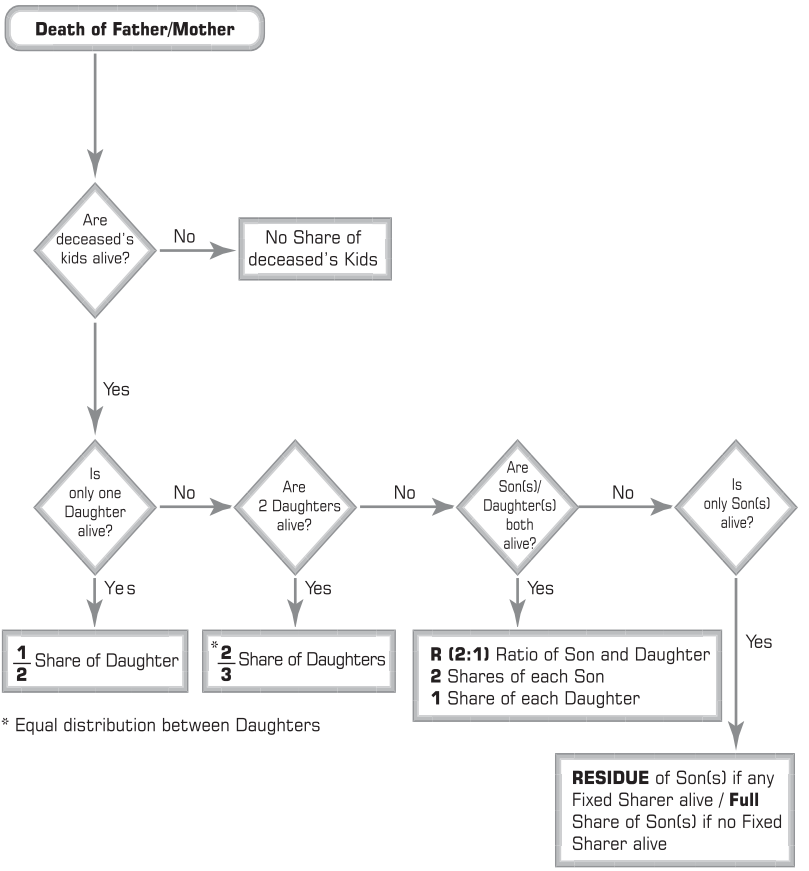


References:
Bukhari: 6738, Mishkat: 3060
Abu-Dawood: 2896, Tirmizi: 2099
Ibn-e-Majah: 2722, 2723

KIDS: **R**=Residue
1. Son
2. Grandson
3. Great Grandson
4. Daughter
5. Granddaughter
6. Great Granddaughter

Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Son/Daughter



* Equal distribution between Daughters

References:
Qur'an: 4:11
Bukhari: 6723, 6732, 6734, 6736, 6737, 6742
Tirmizi: 2092, 2093, 2096, Ibn-e-Majah: 2720, 2721
Mishkat: 3058, 3059, Muslim: 4141, 4142, 4143, 4146
Abu-Dawood: 2890, 2891, 2893

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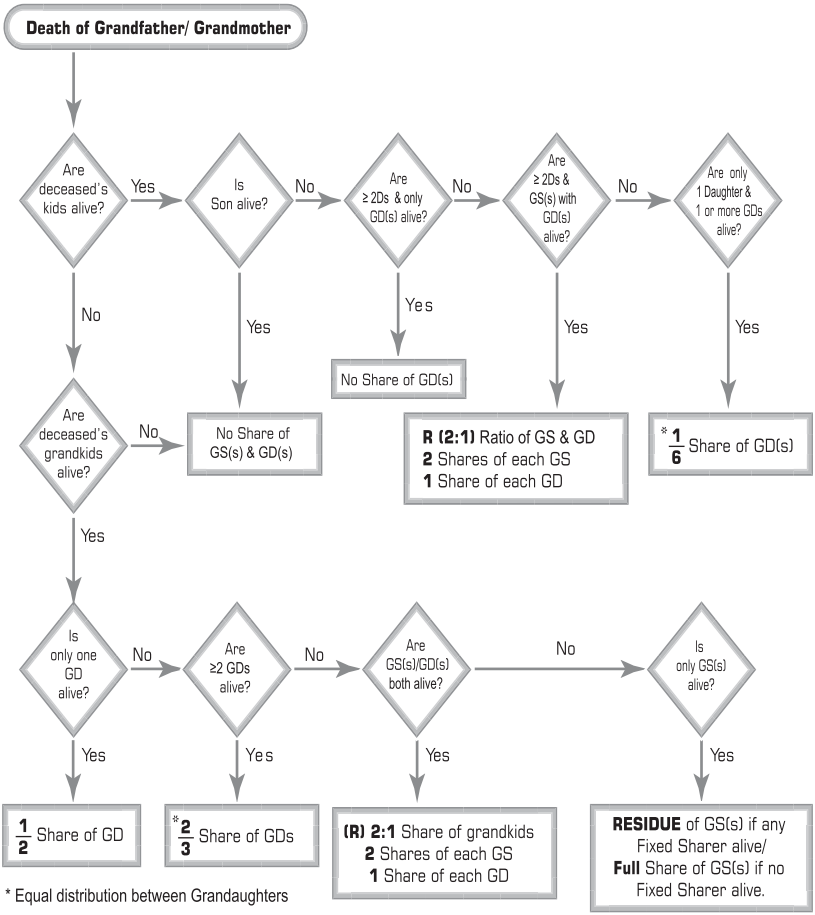
Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Grandson/ Granddaughter



* Equal distribution between Grandaughters

References:
Qur'an: 4:11
Bukhari: 6723, 6732, 6735, 6736, 6737, 6742
Tirmizi: 2093 Ibn-e-Majah: 2721 Mishkat: 3059
Muslim: 4141, 4142, 4143 Abu-Dawood: 2890

GS: Grandson | **GD:** Granddaughter

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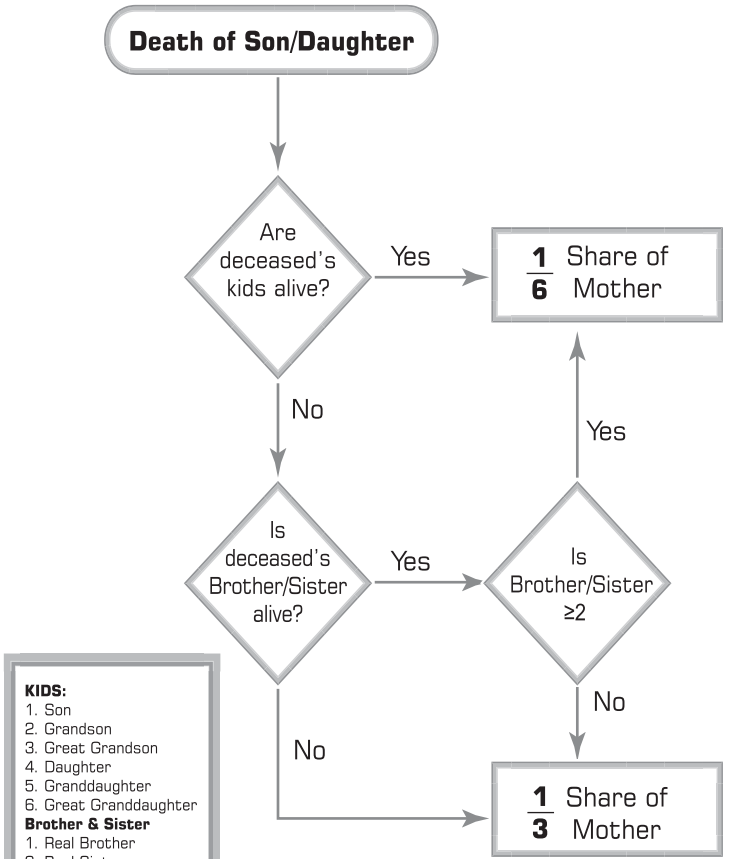
Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Mother



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Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Real Brother/ Real Sister

* Equal distribution between Real Sisters

S: Son | **D:** Daughter | **F:** Father | **GS:** Grandson | **GD:** Granddaughter
RB: Real Brother | **RS:** Real Sister | **GF:** Grandfather | **R:** Residue

References:
Qur'an: 4:176
Tirmizi: 2097, Ibn-e-Majah: 2726, Mishkat: 3058, 3059, Muslim: 4150, Abu-Dawood: 2886, 2887, 2889

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Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Paternal Brother/ Paternal Sister

* Equal distribution between Paternal Sisters

PS: Paternal Sister | **PB:** Paternal Brother | **S:** Son | **D:** Daughter | **F:** Father
GD: Grandfather | **GS:** Grandson | **GD:** Granddaughter | **R:** Residue

References:
Qur-an: 4:176
Tirmizi: 2094, 2095 Ibn-e-Majah: 2737 Mishkat: 3057

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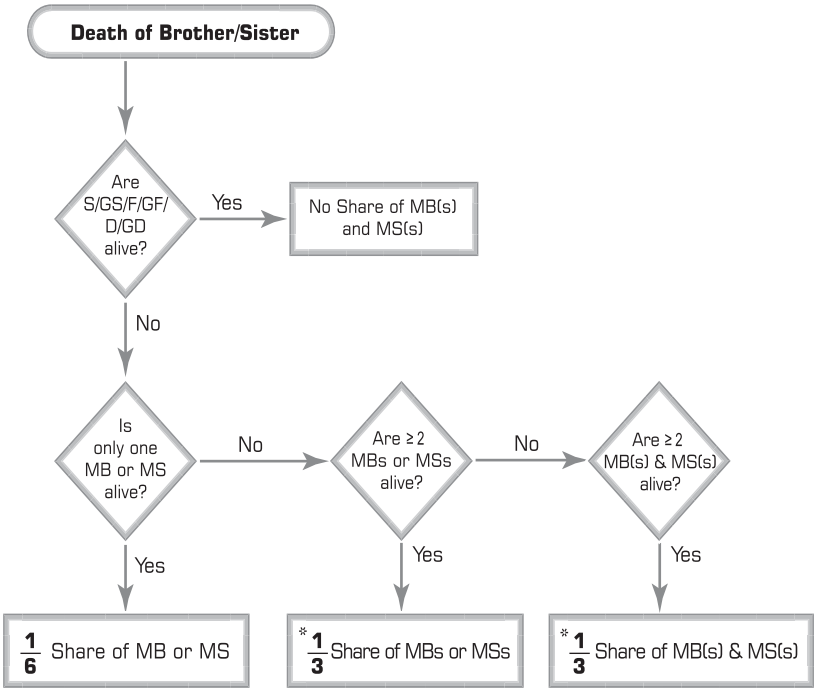
Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Maternal Brother/ Maternal Sister



* Equal distribution between MB or MS, MB & MS

MS: Maternal Sister | **MB:** Maternal Brother | **S:** Son | **D:** Daughter
F: Father | **GF:** Grandfather | **GS:** Grandson | **GD:** Granddaughter

References:
Qur÷an: 4:12 | Bukhari: 6723

Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Paternal Grandmother/Maternal Grandmother

* Equal distribution between PGM and MGM

MGM: Maternal Grandmother | **PGM:** Paternal Grandmother

References:
Mishkat: 3049, 3061 | Tirmizi: 2100, 2101, 2012 | Abu-Dawood: 2894,2895, Ibn-e-Majah: 2724, 2725

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Muslim Inheritance Laws

Share of Mother, Father and Husband or Wife
(According to FATWA of Hazrat Umar R.A.)

Death of Husband

1/4 Share of Wife

R= 3/4 Share of Father and Mother
2:1 Ratio of Father & Mother

Share of Father
R × 2/3 = 3/4 × 2/3 = **1/2**

Share of Mother
R × 1/3 = 3/4 × 1/3 = **1/4**

Death of Wife

1/2 Share of Husband

R= 1/2 Share of Father and Mother
2:1 Ratio of Father & Mother

Share of Father
R × 2/3 = 1/2 × 2/3 = **1/3**

Share of Mother
R × 1/3 = 1/2 × 1/3 = **1/6**

References:
Hazrat Umar's (R.A.) Fatwa:
If the deceased left behind a spouse, Father and Mother but no offspring and multiple siblings Umar's (R.A.) calucation needs to be applied as:
1. Wife or Husband will get prescribed share.
2. Parents will not get their prescribed share.
3. Parents will share the remainder with the 2:1 ratio for Father and Mother.

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Calculations of Will and Inheritance Amount

We have already discussed the Inheritors and their shares, but before the distribution of Inheritance among Inheritors we must know how to calculate Inheritance Amount.

Inheritance Amount will be ascertained after deducting Funeral Amount, Debt Amount and Will Amount.

TPA	=	Total Property Amount
FA	=	Funeral Amount
DA★	=	Debt Amount
WA	=	Will Amount
IA	=	Inheritance Amount

$$WA \leq \frac{TPA - (FA+DA)}{3}$$

$$IA = TPA - (FA+DA+WA)$$

★(Also Includes pending Mehr *(Dower)* and Zakat)

One day death shall reach me and I will leave my belongings behind in this world.

After my death whatever I have left becomes my Inheritance. I shall have no right on my Inheritance.

Allah has clearly ordered in the Holy Quran for those who will get share from my Inheritance.

(Surah An-Nisa (4) Aayaat 7-14,176)

Allah has ordained fixed shares for mother, father, wife, daughter, husband and sister.

No body has right to modify fixed shares as defined by Allah because distribution of Inheritance is the "WILL" of Allah.

According to a correct hadeeth, the knowledge of distribution of Islamic Inheritance is called half knowledge of Islam.

> *Abu Hurairah narrated that Messenger of ALLAH(ﷺ) said: "O Abu Hurairah, Learn about the inheritance and teach it, for it is half of knowledge, but it will be forgotten. This is the first thing that will be taken away from my nation." Ibn-e-Majah (Hadeeth No: 2719)*

Prophet MUHAMMAD (ﷺ) enjoins us to learn the knowledge of Inheritance and also teach it to others.

> *Abu Hurairah narrated that the Messenger of ALLAH (ﷺ) said:*

Learn the Laws of Inheritance and the Qur'an, and teach the People, for I am a mortal. Tirmizi (Hadeeth No: 2091)

My duty is to convey the message of ALLAH and His last and final Messenger (ﷺ) to my family members, relatives and others so that they can perform their duties after my death according to the Qur'an and Sunnah. Ameen.

My Rights After Death

Duties of my family members and relatives towards me are

(1) Do funeral
(2) Pay my debts
(3) Execute my "WILL" which may be
    (a) For Masjid, Madarsa
    (b) For water pumps, shelters
    (c) For relatives whose shares are not mentioned in the Qur'an and Sunnah.
(4) Distribute my Inheritance among my legal heirs.

My first right after my death on you people is my funeral.

From my death to my funeral there will be expenses on my bath, on my shroud clothes, on sewing of my shroud, on digging of my grave, etc.

These expenses on the bathing, shrouding and burial should be paid from my estate.

My second right after my death on you is my debt if

I owe to someone and it should be paid from my estate.

My third right after my death on you is to execute my valid "WILL".

My valid "WILL" will not be applicable to the whole estate amount. It will be applicable to the amount that will be left after my funeral expenses and debt.

My valid "WILL" amount must not exceed the limit of one-third.

Narrated Sa'd (R.A.) I fell sick and the Prophet (ﷺ) paid me a visit. I said, "I want to 'WILL' my Property, and I have only one daughter and I want to 'WILL' half of my Property (to be given in charity)." He said, "Half is too much." I said, " Then I will one-third." "He said, " One-third, yet even one-third is too much."

Sahîh AL- Bukhâri (Hadeeth No. 2744)

If my "WILL" amount exceeds from one-third then you have full right to make it one-third or less according to Islamic shariah.

My fourth right after my death on you is distribution of my inheritance among my legal heirs. Distribution of my inheritance among my legal heirs will not be applicable to the whole estate amount .

It will be applicable to the amount that will be left after my funeral expenses, debts and "WILL".

How to Calculate Inheritance Amount ?

Case-1

Let's Consider:

TPA	=	1,00,000
FA	=	10,000
DA	=	30,000
WA	=	25,000
IA	=	?

According to ISLAMIC LAWS OF INHERITANCE, verify **WILL** Amount by this formula :

$$\mathbf{WA \leq \frac{TPA - (FA+DA)}{3}}$$

$$WA = \frac{1,00,000 - (10,000+30,000)}{3}$$

$$WA = \frac{1,00,000 - (40,000)}{3} = \frac{60,000}{3}$$

$$WA = 20,000$$

Note : Acceptable **WILL** Amount will be 20,000 not 25,000

Now Calculate the **Inheritance** Amount by this formula :

$$\mathbf{IA = TPA - (FA + DA + WA)}$$

IA = 1,00,000 – (10,000 + 30,000 +20,000)

IA = 1,00,000 – 60,000

IA = 40,000

Calculated **Inheritance** Amount 40,000 will be distributed among legal heirs.

Case-2

Let's Consider:

TPA = 1,00,000

FA = 10,000

DA = 0

WA = $\frac{1}{3}$ for Madarsa

IA = ?

Calculate the **WILL** Amount by this formula :

$$\mathbf{WA \leq \frac{TPA - (FA+DA)}{3}}$$

$$WA = \frac{1,00,000 - (10,000 + 0)}{3}$$

$$WA = \frac{90,000}{3} = 30,000$$

Now Calculate the **Inheritance** Amount by this formula :

IA = TPA – (FA + DA + WA)

IA = 1,00,000 – (10,000 + 0 + 30,000)

IA = 1,00,000 – 40,000

IA = 60,000

Calculated **Inheritance** Amount 60,000 will be distributed among legal heirs.

Order of Distribution of Inheritance

We have already discussed the Types of Inheritors, Shares of Inheritors and How to calculate **Will** and **Inheritance** Amount.

Here we are going to discuss the order of **Distribution of Inheritance** among legal Inheritors.

1. Inheritance Amount will first be distributed among ZAWIL–FURUDH.
2. Residue left from ZAWIL–FURUDH will be distributed among ASABAT.
3. If None from ASABAT exists then Residue left will be distributed among the ZAWIL–FURUDH except Husband / Wife.
4. If ZAWIL–FURUDH and ASABAT are not present then Inheritance Amount will be distributed Among ZAWIL–ARHAAM.
5. If none from ASABAT exists but Husband/Wife is present from ZAWIL–FURUDH then after Inheritance is distributed to Husband/Wife, Residue left will be distributed among ZAWIL –ARHAAM.

Golden Rules of Inheritance

1. If there is no heir except Mother then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
2. If there is no heir except Father then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
3. If there is no heir except Grandfather then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
4. If there is no heir except Paternal Grandmother then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
5. If there is no heir except Maternal Grandmother then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
6. If there is no heir except Son then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
7. If there is no heir except Daughter then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
8. If there is no heir except Grandson then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
9. If there is no heir except Granddaughter then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
10. If there is no heir except Real Brother then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.

11. If there is no heir except Real Sister then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
12. If there is no heir except Paternal Brother then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
13. If there is no heir except Paternal Sister then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
14. If there is no heir except Maternal Brother then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
15. If there is no heir except Maternal Sister then she will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
16. If there is no heir except Nephew then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
17. If there is no heir except Uncle then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.
18. (A) If there is no heir except Wife/Husband then she/he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased according to one group of Scholars.

    (B) If there is no heir except Wife/Husband then she/he will be the owner of $\frac{1}{4}$ (i.e. one fourth)/$\frac{1}{2}$ (i.e. half) of the whole estate of the deceased according to another group of Scholars and $\frac{3}{4}$ (i.e. three fourth)/ $\frac{1}{2}$ (i.e. half) will be submitted in BAIT–UL–MAAL because ''RADD" is not applicable to Wife/Husband.

RULES OF RETURN
(رَد)

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Introduction of RETURN (رَد)

If all Inheritors are Primary heirs (Zawil Furudh) and their total fixed fractional share is less than one then it's a case of RETURN or "RADD" (رَد) .

Calculation approach for RETURN will be different.

Residue will be distributed again among the Primary heirs because Secondary heirs do not exist. Husband and Wife are Primary heirs but they are not eligible for RETURN.

QUESTION -1

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Mother
2. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M & + & W & & \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{4} & & \\ \frac{4}{12} & + & \frac{3}{12} & = & \frac{7}{12} \end{array}$$

- Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.
- Total Share of ZF = $\frac{7}{12} < 1$
- It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.
- "RADD"(رد) will not be applicable to Wife.
- Therefore, in the case of RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Mother $= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{4 - 1}{4}$

$= \frac{3}{4}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + M

$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{1 + 3}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Wife.

3 Parts will go to Mother.

QUESTION -2

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Mother
2. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

M	+	H
$\frac{1}{3}$	+	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{2}{6}$	+	$\frac{3}{6}$ = $\frac{5}{6}$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{5}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ "RADD"(رد) will not be applicable to Husband.

☞ Therefore, in the case of RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband = $\frac{1}{2}$

b) Share left for Mother = $1 - \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{2-1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

H	+	M
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Husband.

1 Part will go to Mother.

QUESTION -3

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Grandmother
2. Maternal Grandmother
3. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] PGM

[ZF] MGM

] * $\frac{1}{6}$

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

* Equal distribution between PGM and MGM; therefore Share of each will be

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

PGM + MGM + H

$$\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 6}{12} = \frac{8}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF $= \frac{8}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ "RADD"(رَدّ) will not be applicable to Husband.

☞ Therefore, in the case of RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband $= \frac{1}{2}$

b) Share left for PGM and MGM $= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

c) Left Share is $\frac{1}{2}$ and it will be divided equally between PGM and MGM.

Therefore, Share of PGM = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

Share of MGM = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

H	+	PGM	+	MGM
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{2 + 1 + 1}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

2 Parts will go to Husband.

1 Part will go to Paternal Grandmother.

1 Part will go to Maternal Grandmother.

QUESTION - 4

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Two Daughters $\frac{2}{3}^{*}$

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two daughters; therefore Share of each will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & D & + & W \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{8 + 8 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF $= \frac{19}{24} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ "RADD"(رَدّ) will not be applicable to Wife.

☞ Therefore, in the case of RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for two Daughters (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8-1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Left Share (R) is $\frac{7}{8}$ and it will be divided equally between two daughters.

Share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{16}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W	+	D	+	D
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{7}{16}$	+	$\frac{7}{16}$

$$\frac{2 + 7 + 7}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 16 parts.

2 Parts will go to Wife.

7 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

7 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

QUESTION - 5

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Two Daughters $\frac{2}{3}^{*}$

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two daughters; therefore share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & D & + & H \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 4 + 3}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{11}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ "RADD" (رَدّ) will not be applicable to Husband.

☞ Therefore, in the case of RETURN calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : <u>Calculation procedure for RETURN</u>

a) Share of Husband = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for two Daughters (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

c) Left Share (R) is $\frac{3}{4}$ and it will be divided equally between two daughters.

Share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

H	+	D	+	D
$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{3}{8}$	+	$\frac{3}{8}$

$$\frac{2 + 3 + 3}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 parts.

2 Parts will go to Husband.

3 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

3 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

QUESTION - 6

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Mother

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D & + & M \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{③ + ①}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

It's a case of RETURN but Husband and Wife are not present, therefore no need to calculate again.

Here, Ratio between Daughter and Mother is D:M= 3 : 1

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

3 Parts will go to Daughter.

1 Part will go to Mother.

QUESTION - 7

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Mother
3. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} D & + & M & + & W \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{12 + 4 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{19}{24} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ "RADD"(رَدّ) will not be applicable to Wife.

☞ Therefore, in the case of RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for Daughter and Mother (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$

$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Ratio of Daughter and Mother

D	+	M
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
3	+	1
6		

D : M = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother

$$D + M = 3 + 1 = 4$$

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{32}$$

f) Share of Mother $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{32}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W	+	D	+	M
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{21}{32}$	+	$\frac{7}{32}$

$$\frac{4 + 21 + 7}{32} = \frac{32}{32}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 32 parts.

4 Parts will go to Wife.

21 Parts will go to Daughter.

7 Parts will go to Mother.

Note : Solution of this Question will be same if instead of Daughter, Granddaughter is present. Share of Daughter will be treated as that of Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 8

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Mother
3. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & M & + & H \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6 + 2 + 3}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

It's a case of RETURN and Husband is present; therefore RETURN will not be applicable to Husband.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband $= \frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Daughter and Mother (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

c) Ratio of Daughter and Mother

$$\begin{array}{ccc} D & + & M \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 1}{6}$$

D : M = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother

$$D + M = 3 + 1 = 4$$

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$$

f) Share of Mother $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$H + D + M$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{16} + \frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{4 + 9 + 3}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 16 parts.

4 Parts will go to Husband.

9 Parts will go to Daughter.

3 Parts will go to Mother.

Note : Solution of this Question will be same if instead of Daughter, Granddaughter is present. Share of Daughter will be treated as Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 9

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Mother
3. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Two Daughters $\frac{2}{3}^{*}$

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two daughters; therefore share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} D & + & D & + & M & + & W \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{8 + 8 + 4 + 3}{24} = \frac{23}{24}$$

It's a case of RETURN and Wife is present; therefore RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for two Daughters and Mother (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

c) Ratio of two Daughters and Mother

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & D & + & M \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2 + 2 + 1}{6}$$

D : D : M = 2 : 2 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of two Daughters and Mother

$$D + D + M = 2 + 2 + 1 = 5$$

e) Share of each Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of two Daughters and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{20}$$

f) Share of Mother $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of two Daughters and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{40}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W	+	D	+	D	+	M
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{7}{20}$	+	$\frac{7}{20}$	+	$\frac{7}{40}$

$$\frac{5 + 14 + 14 + 7}{40} = \frac{40}{40}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 40 parts.

5 Parts will go to Wife.

14 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

14 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

7 Parts will go to Mother.

QUESTION - 10

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Paternal Grandmother
3. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] PGM $\frac{1}{6}$

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

D	+	PGM	+	W
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$

$$\frac{12 + 4 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

It's a case of RETURN and Wife is present; therefore RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for Daughter and PGM (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Ratio of Daughter and PGM

D	+	PGM
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$

$$\frac{3 + 1}{6}$$

D : PGM = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter and PGM

$$D + PGM = 3 + 1 = 4$$

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and PGM}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{32}$$

f) Share of PGM $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of PGM}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and PGM}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{32}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W	+	D	+	PGM
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{21}{32}$	+	$\frac{7}{32}$

$$\frac{4 + 21 + 7}{32} = \frac{32}{32}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 32 parts.

4 Parts will go to Wife.

21 Parts will go to Daughter.

7 Parts will go to PGM.

QUESTION - 11

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Paternal Grandmother
2. Maternal Grandmother
4. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors & their Shares

[ZF] Daughter — $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] PGM, **[ZF]** MGM — $\frac{1}{6}$*

[ZF] Wife — $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to kid)

* Equal distribution between PGM and MGM; therefore share of each will be

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

D	+	PGM	+	MGM	+	W
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{12}$	+	$\frac{1}{12}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$
12	+	2	+	2	+	3

$$\frac{12 + 2 + 2 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{19}{24} < 1$

☞ Therefore, it's a case of RETURN and Wife is present; so RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for Daughter, PGM and MGM (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Ratio of Daughter, PGM and MGM

$$= D + PGM + MGM$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$= \frac{6 + 1 + 1}{12}$$

D : PGM : MGM = 6 : 1 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter, PGM and MGM

D + PGM + MGM = 6 + 1 + 1 = 8

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter, PGM and MGM}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{6}{8} = \frac{21}{32}$$

f) Share of PGM $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of PGM}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter, PGM and MGM}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{64}$$

g) Share of MGM $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of MGM}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter, PGM and MGM}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{64}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

W	+	D	+	PGM	+	MGM
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{21}{32}$	+	$\frac{7}{64}$	+	$\frac{7}{64}$

$$\frac{8 + 42 + 7 + 7}{64} = \frac{64}{64}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 64 parts.

8 Parts will go to Wife.

42 Parts will go to Daughter.

7 Parts will go to PGM.

7 Parts will go to MGM.

QUESTION - 12

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Granddaughter
2. Daughter
3. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{GD} + \text{D} + \text{W}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{4 + 12 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{19}{24} < 1$

☞ Therefore, it's a case of RETURN and Wife is present; so RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for GD and D (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{8}$

= $\frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Ratio of GD and D

$$= GD + D$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 3}{6}$$

GD : D = 1 : 3

d) Addition of Ratios of Granddaughter and Daughter

GD + D = 1 + 3 = 4

e) Share of GD $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GD and Daughter}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{32}$$

f) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Granddaughter and Daughter}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{32}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} W & + & GD & + & D \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{7}{32} & + & \frac{21}{32} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 7 + 21}{32} = \frac{32}{32}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 32 parts.

4 Parts will go to Wife.

7 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

21 Parts will go to Daughter.

QUESTION - 13

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Granddaughter
2. Two Daughters
3. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Granddaughter [No share due to two Daughters]

[ZF] Two Daughters $\frac{2}{3}$ *

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two daughters; therefore share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & D & + & H \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 4 + 3}{12} = \frac{11}{12} < 1$$

It's a case of RETURN and Husband is present; therefore RETURN will not be applicable to Husband.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband $= \frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for two Daughters (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

c) Left share (R) is $\frac{3}{4}$ and it will be divided equally between two daughters; therefore share of each daughter will be

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & + & D & + & D \\ \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{3}{8} & + & \frac{3}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2 + 3 + 3}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 parts.

2 Parts will go to Husband.

3 Parts will go to each Daughter.

QUESTION - 14

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Granddaughter
2. Daughter
3. Mother
4. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to kids)

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{GD} + \text{D} + \text{M} + \text{W}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{4 + 12 + 4 + 3}{24} = \frac{23}{24} < 1$$

It's a case of RETURN and Wife is present; therefore RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for GD, Daughter and Mother (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

c) Ratio of GD, Daughter and Mother

$$\text{GD} + \text{D} + \text{M}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3 + 1}{6}$$

GD : D : M = 1 : 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of GD, Daughter and Mother

$$GD + D + M = 1 + 3 + 1 = 5$$

e) Share of GD $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GD, Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{40}$$

f) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GD, Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{21}{40}$$

g) Share of Mother $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GD, Daughter and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{40}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} W & + & GD & + & D & + & M \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{7}{40} & + & \frac{21}{40} & + & \frac{7}{40} & \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5 + 7 + 21 + 7}{40} = \frac{40}{40}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 40 parts.

5 Parts will go to Wife.

7 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

21 Parts will go to Daughter.

7 Parts will go to Mother.

QUESTION - 15

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Granddaughter
3. Mother

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

D	+	GD	+	M
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
③	+	①	+	①

$$\frac{③ + ① + ①}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{5}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Husband and Wife are not present ; therefore no need of further calculation.

☞ Ratio of Daughter, Granddaughter and Mother is 3 : 1 : 1

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided in 5 parts.

3 Parts will go to Daughter.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

1 Part will go to Mother.

QUESTION - 16

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Mother
3. Maternal Sister

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Maternal Sister $\frac{1}{6}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$W + M + MS$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 2}{12} = \frac{9}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{9}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Wife is present.

☞ RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife $= \frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Mother and Maternal Sister (R) $= 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4-1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

c) Ratio of Mother and Maternal Sister

M	+	MS
$\frac{1}{3}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
2	+	1
6		

M : MS = 2 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Mother and Maternal Sister

M + MS = 2 + 1 = 3

e) Share of Mother = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Mother and Maternal Sister}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

f) Share of Maternal Sister = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Maternal Sister}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Mother and Maternal Sister}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

W	+	M	+	MS
$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 1}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Wife.

2 Parts will go to Mother.

1 Part will go to Maternal Sister.

QUESTION - 17

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Husband
2. Daughter
3. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to kid)

[ZF] Daughter $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\underset{\frac{1}{4}}{H} + \underset{\frac{1}{2}}{D} + \underset{\frac{1}{6}}{GD}$$

$$\frac{3 + 6 + 2}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{11}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Husband is present.

☞ RETURN will not be applicable to Husband.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Daughter and GD (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{4}$

= $\frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

c) Ratio of Daughter and GD

D	+	GD
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
$\frac{3}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$

D : GD = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter and GD

D + GD = 3 + 1 = 4

e) Share of Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and GD}}$

= $\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$

f) Share of GD $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter and GD}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$H + D + GD$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{16} + \frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{4 + 9 + 3}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 16 parts.

4 Parts will go to Husband.

9 Parts will go to Daughter.

3 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 18

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Husband
2. Paternal Grandmother
3. Maternal Grandmother
4. Maternal Sister

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband — $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] PGM, **[ZF]** MGM — $\frac{1}{6}$ *

[ZF] Maternal Sister — $\frac{1}{6}$

* Equal distribution between PGM and MGM; therefore share of each will be

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + PGM + MGM + MS

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{6 + 1 + 1 + 2}{12} = \frac{10}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furud.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{10}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Husband is present.

☞ RETURN will not be applicable to Husband.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband = $\frac{1}{2}$

b) Share left for PGM, MGM and Maternal Sister (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

c) Ratio of PGM, MGM and Maternal Sister

PGM	+	MGM	+	MS
$\frac{1}{12}$	+	$\frac{1}{12}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
1	+	1	+	2

$\frac{}{12}$

PGM : MGM : MS = 1 : 1 : 2

d) Addition of Ratios of PGM, MGM and Maternal Sister

PGM + MGM + MS = 1 + 1 + 2 = 4

e) Share of PGM = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of PGM}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of PGM, MGM and MS}}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8}$

f) Share of MGM $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of MGM}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of PGM, MGM and MS}}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8}$

g) Share of MS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Maternal Sister}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of PGM, MGM and MS}}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

H	+	PGM	+	MGM	+	MS
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{4}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{2}{8}$ = $\frac{8}{8}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 parts.

4 Parts will go to Husband.
1 Part will go to PGM.
1 Part will go to MGM.
2 Parts will go to Maternal Sister.

QUESTION - 19

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Mother
3. Maternal Brother
4. Maternal Sister

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to MB & MS)

[ZF] Maternal Brother
[ZF] Maternal Sister } $\frac{1}{3}$*

* Equal distribution between Maternal Brother and Maternal Sister; therefore share of each will be

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W	+	M	+	MB	+	MS
$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
$\frac{3}{12}$	+	$\frac{2}{12}$	+	$\frac{2}{12}$	+	$\frac{2}{12}$ = $\frac{9}{12}$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{9}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Wife is present.

☞ RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Mother, MB and MS (R) = $1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

c) Ratio of Mother, MB and MS

M	+	MB	+	MS
$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 1}{6}$$

M : MB : MS = 1 : 1 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Mother, Maternal Brother and Maternal Sister

$$M + MB + MS = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

e) Share of Mother $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of M, MB and MS}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$$

f) Share of MB $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of MB}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of M, MB and MS}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$$

g) Share of MS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of MS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of M, MB and MS}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

W	+	M	+	MB	+	MS
$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$	+	$\frac{1}{4}$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 1 + 1}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Wife.
1 Part will go to Mother.
1 Part will go to Maternal Brother.
1 Part will go to Maternal Sister.

QUESTION - 20

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Real Sister
3. Paternal Sister

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Real Sister $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Paternal Sister $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Real Sister)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} W & + & RS & + & PS \\ \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 6 + 2}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{11}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN.

☞ Wife is present.

☞ RETURN will not be applicable to Wife.

Step - 3 : Calculation procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for RS and PS = $1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

c) Ratio of RS and PS

RS	+	PS
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$
3	+	1
6		

RS : PS = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Real Sister and Paternal Sister

RS + PS = 3 + 1 = 4

e) Share of RS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of RS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RS and PS}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$

f) Share of PS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of PS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RS and PS}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + RS + PS

$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{16} + \frac{3}{16}$

$\frac{4 + 9 + 3}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 16 parts.

4 Parts will go to Wife.

9 Parts will go to Real Sister.

3 Parts will go to Paternal Sister.

SHARES OF GRANDSON AND GRANDDAUGHTER

QUESTION -1

Distribute Inheritance if only Grandson is present.

Solution

Grandson belongs to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI. If only Grandson* is present then he will be the owner of whole estate of the deceased.

* Equal distribution if two or more Grandsons are present.

QUESTION -2

Distribute Inheritance if only Granddaughter is present.

Solution

Granddaughter belongs to ZAWIL-FURUDH. If only Granddaughter* is present then she will get $\frac{1}{2}$ of the whole estate of the deceased.

Residue ($\frac{1}{2}$) will be returned to Granddaughter due to RULES OF RETURN (رَد) because Residuary Heir (ASABA) is not present.

It means Granddaughter will become the owner of whole estate of the deceased.

* Equal distribution if two or more Granddaughters are present.

QUESTION -3

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Grandson
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G] { Grandson, Granddaughter } 2 : 1

Step - 2 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Ratio of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS : GD = 2 : 1

b) Addition of Ratios of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS : GD = 2 + 1 = 3

c) Share of GS = Whole Estate x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

= 1 x $\frac{2}{3}$ = $\frac{2}{3}$

d) Share of GD = Whole Estate x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$= 1 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 3 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

GD + D

$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{2 + 1}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 3 parts.

2 Parts will go to Grandson.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -4

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Father
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Father} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

$$\text{Share left for GS (R)} = \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\text{F} + \text{GS}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 5}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to Father.

5 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -5

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Father
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] + [A-B-N]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$ + R (due to GD)
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

F + GD

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Father (R)

$$= \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Total Share of Father

$$= ZF + R$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 2}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cc} F & +\ GD \\ \frac{1}{2} & +\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Father.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -6

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Grandfather
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	PGF	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

PGF = $\frac{1}{6}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

PGF + GS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 5}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to PGF.

5 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -7

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Grandfather
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] + [A-B-N] PGF $\frac{1}{6}$ + R (due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

PGF + GD

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for PGF (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Total share of PGF = ZF + R

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 2}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

PGF + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to PGF.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -8

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Husband
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{4}$	(due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Husband = $\frac{1}{4}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cccc} H & + & GS & \\ \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{3}{4} & \\ \frac{1+3}{4} & = & \frac{4}{4} & \end{array}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Husband.

3 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -9

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Husband
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{4}$	(due to GD)
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$	

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

$$\begin{array}{c} H \quad + GD \\ \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1 + 2}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

Note :

- ☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.
- ☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{3}{4} < 1$
- ☞ It's a case of RETURN [RADD].
- ☞ RADD (رَدّ) will not be applicable to Husband.
- ☞ Therefore, calculation procedure will be different for RETURN.

Step - 3 : Calculation Procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for GD = Whole − Share of Husband

$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccc} H & + & GD \\ \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Husband.

3 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -10

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Brother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Maternal Brother	(No share due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Maternal Brother = 0

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

= 1 − 0 = 1

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance belongs to Grandson.

QUESTION -11

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Brother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Maternal Brother (No share due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

MB + GD

$0 + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{0 + 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Note :

- ☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.
- ☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{1}{2} < 1$
- ☞ It's a case of RETURN [RADD].
- ☞ In this case RADD (رَدّ) will be applicable to Granddaughter.
- ☞ Therefore, residue will go only to Granddaughter.

Step - 3 : <u>Residue Left for Granddaughter</u>

Residue (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Share of Granddaughter</u>

ZF + R

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -12

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Mother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	= $\frac{1}{6}$	(due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Mother = $\frac{1}{6}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + GS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 5}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to mother.

5 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -13

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Mother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

M + GD

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{① + ③}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF $= \frac{4}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رد).

☞ Since Husband /Wife is not present; therefore no need for further calculation.

☞ RATIO between Mother and Granddaughter is 1:3 and addition of their RATIOS is 4

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to Mother.

3 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -14

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	= $\frac{1}{8}$	(due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + GS

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\frac{1 + 7}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 parts.

1 Part will go to Wife.

7 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -15

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + GD

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 4}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{5}{8} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد).

☞ RADD (رَد) will not be applicable to Wife.

☞ Therefore, In the case of the RETURN, calculation procedure will be different.

Step - 3 : Calculation Procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$

b) Share left for GD = Whole − Share of Wife

= $1 - \frac{1}{8}$

= $\frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + GD

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{7}{8}$

$\frac{1 + 7}{8} = \frac{8}{8}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 parts.

1 Part will go to Wife.

7 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -16

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Daughter	$\frac{1}{2}$
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Daughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

D + GS

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Daughter.

1 Part will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -17

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Daughter
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Daughter	$\frac{1}{2}$	
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Daughter)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

D + GD

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{③ + ①}{6} = \frac{4}{6} < 1$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رد).

☞ Since Husband /Wife is not present; therefore no need for further calculation.

☞ RATIO of Daughter and Granddaughter is 3:1 and addition of their RATIOS is 4.

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

3 Parts will go to Daughter.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -18

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Sister
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Real Sister	(No share due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Real Sister = 0

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

= 1 – 0

= 1

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson .

QUESTION -19

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Sister
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-M-G] Real Sister R (due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Granddaughter $= \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

Share left for RS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

RS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Real Sister.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -20

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Sister
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Paternal Sister	(No share due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Paternal Sister = 0

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

= 1 − 0

= 1

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -21

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Sister
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-M-G] Paternal Sister R (due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

Share left for PS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

PS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Paternal Sister.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -22

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Sister
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Maternal Sister	(No share due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Maternal Sister = 0

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

= 1 – 0

= 1

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION 23

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Sister
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Maternal Sister (No Share due to GD)

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

MS + GD

$0 + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{0 + 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} < 1$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد).

☞ Residue will not go to Maternal Sister due to Granddaughter.

☞ Return will be applicable to Granddaughter

Step - 3 : Residue for Granddaughter

Residue (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of Granddaughter

ZF + R

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 24

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Grandmother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	PGM	$\frac{1}{6}$
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{PGM} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R)

$$= \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

PGM + GS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 5}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to PGM.

5 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 25

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Grandmother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] PGM $\frac{1}{6}$

[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

PGM + GD

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{① + ③}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{4}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد).

☞ Husband /Wife is not present; therefore no need for further calculation.

☞ Ratio of PGM and Granddaughter is 1:3 and addition of their RATIOS is 1+3=4

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to PGM.

3 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 26

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Grandmother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	MGM	$\frac{1}{6}$
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

MGM = $\frac{1}{6}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for GS (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

MGM + GS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 5}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to MGM.

5 Parts will go to Grandson.

QUESTION -27

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Maternal Grandmother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	MGM	$\frac{1}{6}$
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : <u>Total Share of ZF</u>

MGM + GD

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{① + ③}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{4}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد).

☞ Husband /Wife is not present; therefore no need for further calculation.

☞ Ratio of MGM and Granddaughter is 1:3 and addition of their RATIOS is 1 + 3 = 4

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4 parts.

1 Part will go to MGM.

3 Parts will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 28

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Brother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Real Brother (No share due to GS)
[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI- NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparision to Real Brother; therefore Real Brother will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 29

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Brother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Real Brother R
[ZF] Granddaughter $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for RB (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

RB + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Real Brother.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -30

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Brother
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Paternal Brother (No Share due to GS)

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparision to Paternal Brother; therefore Paternal Brother will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 31

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Brother
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Paternal Brother	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI- NAFSIHI

Share left for PB (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccc} PB & + & GD \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Paternal Brother.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -32

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Brother's Son (Nephew)
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Real Brother's Son (No Share due to GS)

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparision to Real Brother's Son; therefore Real Brother's Son will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 33

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Real Brother's Son
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Real Brother's Son	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Grandaughter} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

$$\text{Share left for RBS (R)} = \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

RBS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Real Brother's Son.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -34

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Brother's Son
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Paternal Brother'Son (No Share due to GS)

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI- NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparison to Paternal Brother's Son; therefore Paternal Brother's Son will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 35

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Paternal Brother's Son
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their shares

[A-B-N]	Paternal Brother's Son	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for PBS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

PBS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Paternal Brother'Son.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION -36

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Full Paternal Uncle
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Full Paternal Uncle

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparison to Full Paternal Uncle; therefore Full Paternal Uncle will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 37

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Full Paternal Uncle
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Full Paternal Uncle	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left FPU (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

FPU + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Full Paternal Uncle.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 38

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Consanguine Paternal Uncle
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Consanguine Paternal Uncle

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparison to Consanguine Paternal Uncle; therefore Consanguine Paternal Uncle will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 39

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Consanguine Paternal Uncle
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Consanguine Paternal Uncle	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter = $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left = Whole – Total Share of ZF
CPU (R)

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

CPU + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Consanguine Paternal Uncle.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 40

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Full Paternal Uncle's Son
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Full Paternal Uncle's Son

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree preference in comparison to Full Paternal Uncle's Son; therefore Full Paternal Uncle's Son will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 41

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Full Paternal Uncle's Son
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Full Paternal Uncle's Son	R
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter $= \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left FPUS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

FPUS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Full Paternal Uncle's Son.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 42

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son

[A-B-N] Grandson

In this case both Inheritors belong to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI but Grandson has higher degree of preference in comparison to Consanguine Paternal Uncle's son; therefore Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son will not get share due to Grandson.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.

Whole Inheritance will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 43

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their shares

[A-B-N] Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son

[ZF] Granddaughter

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Grandaughter $= \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for CPUS (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

CPUS + GD

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to Consanguine Paternal Uncle's Son.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 44

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Grandson

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2}{3}$
[A-B-N]	Grandson	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Two Daughters = $\frac{2}{3}$

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} D & + & D & + & GS \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 1}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 3 parts.

1 Part will go to Ist Daughter.
1 Part will go to 2nd Daughter.
1 Part will go to Grandson.

QUESTION - 45

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Grandson
3. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Two Daughters $\frac{2}{3}$

[A-B-G] { Grandson, Granddaughter } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Two Daughters = $\frac{2}{3}$

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for GS and GD (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Ratio of GS and GD

GS : GD = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of GS and GD

GS : GD = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of GS = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$$

e) Share of GD = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} D & + & D & + & GS & + & GD \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{2}{9} & + & \frac{1}{9} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 3 + 2 + 1}{9} = \frac{9}{9}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 9 parts.

3 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.
3 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.
2 Parts will go to Grandson.
1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

QUESTION - 46

Distribute Inheritance between following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Two Daughters
2. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2^*}{3}$
[ZF]	Granddaughter	(No Share due to two GDs)

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 2 : Total shares of ZF

D + D + GD

$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + 0$

$\frac{1 + 1 + 0}{3} = \frac{2}{3} < 1$

☞ All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد)

☞ Residue will not go to Granddaughter due to two Daughters.

☞ RETURN will be applicable to two Daughters only.

Step - 3 : Residue for two Daughters

Residue (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$

$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

Therefore, share of each Daughter from residue will be

$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$

Step - 4 : Total shares of two Daughters

$$\begin{array}{c} D \quad + \quad D \\ \left(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{6}\right) \\ \left(\frac{2+1}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{2+1}{6}\right) \\ \left(\frac{3}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{6}\right) \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} \end{array}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 2 parts.

1 Part will go to 1st Daughter.

1 Part will go to 2nd Daughter.

QUESTION - 47

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Son
2. Grandson
3. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Son

[A-B-G] { Grandson, Granddaughter } No share due to Son

In this case, Son belongs to ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI whereas Grandson and Granddaughter belong to ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI.
Son has higher degree of preference over Grandson and Granddaughter therefore; Grandson and Granddaughter will not get share due to Son.

Calculation Summary

Inheritance will not be divided into parts.
Whole Inheritance will go to Son.

QUESTION - 48

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Grandson
2. Granddaugther
3. Mother
4. Daughter
5. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G]	Grandson Granddaughter	R	
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$	(Due to Kids)
[ZF]	Daughter	$\frac{1}{2}$	
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$	(Due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M & + & D & + & W \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 12 + 3}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for GS and GD (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

b) Ratio of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS : GD = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS : GD = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of GS = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$$= \frac{5}{24} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{36}$$

e) Share of GD = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$$= \frac{5}{24} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{72}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccc} GS & + & GD & + & M & + & D & + & W \\ \frac{5}{36} & + & \frac{5}{72} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10 + 5 + 12 + 36 + 9}{72} = \frac{72}{72}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 72 parts.

10 Parts belong to Grandson.

5 Parts belong to Granddaughter.

12 Parts belong to Mother.

36 Parts belong to Daughter.

9 Parts belong to Wife.

QUESTION - 49

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Grandson
2. Granddaughter
3. Two Daughters
4. Mother
5. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G]	{ Grandson / Granddaughter }	R
[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2^*}{3}$
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$D + D + M + H$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{4 + 4 + 2 + 3}{12} = \frac{13}{12} > 1 \text{ (Awl)}$$

No residue for Grandson and Granddaughter (A-B-G).

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 13 parts.

4 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

4 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

2 Parts will go to Mother .

3 Parts will go to Husband.

QUESTION - 50

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased:

1. Grandson
2. Daughter
3. Mother
4. Father
5. Husband

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Grandson	R	
[ZF]	Daughter	$\frac{1}{2}$	
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kids)
[ZF]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Grandson)
[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{4}$	(due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} D & + & M & + & F & + & H \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6 + 2 + 2 + 3}{12} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Note : Here,

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{13}{12} > 1$

☞ It means nothing left (R=0) for Grandson (A-B-N).

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 13 parts.

6 Parts will go to Daughter.
2 Parts will go to Mother.
2 Parts will go to Father.
3 Parts will go to Husband.

QUESTION - 51

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Grandson
2. Granddaughter
3. Daughter
4. Mother
5. Father
6. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G]	Grandson Granddaughter } R	
[ZF]	Daughter	$\frac{1}{2}$
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Grandson)
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} D & + & M & + & F & + & W \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{12 + 4 + 4 + 3}{24} = \frac{23}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for GS and GD (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{23}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 23}{24} = \frac{1}{24}$$

b) Ratio of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS : GD = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Grandson and Granddaughter

GS + GD = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of GS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of GS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$= \frac{1}{24} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{36}$

e) Share of GD $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of GD}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS and GD}}$

$= \frac{1}{24} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{72}$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

GS + GD + D + M + F + W

$\frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8}$

$\frac{2 + 1 + 36 + 12 + 12 + 9}{72} = \frac{72}{72}$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 72 parts.

2 Parts will go to Grandson.

1 Part will go to Granddaughter.

36 Parts will go to Daughter.

12 Parts will go to Mother.

12 Parts will go to Father.

9 Parts will go to Wife.

QUESTION - 52

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Grandson
2. Granddaughter
3. Two Daughters
4. Mother
5. Father
6. Wife

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G] { Grandson, Granddaughter } R

[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2^*}{3}$
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to GS)
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccc} D & + & D & + & M & + & F & + & W \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} \\ 8 & + & 8 & + & 4 & + & 4 & + & 3 \end{array} = \frac{27}{24}$$

Note : Here,

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{27}{24} > 1$ (Awl)

☞ It means nothing left (R=0) for Grandson and Granddaughter (A-B-G).

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 27 parts.

8 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

8 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

4 Parts will go to Mother.

4 Parts will go to Father.

3 Parts will go to Wife.

QUESTION - 53

Distribute Inheritance among following Inheritors of the deceased :

1. Wife
2. Mother
3. Father
4. Son
5. Grandson
6. Granddaughter

Solution

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Son)

[A-B-N] Son — R

[A-B-G] { Grandson, Granddaughter } — (No share due to Son)

Step - 2 : Total Shares of ZF

$$W + M + F$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 4}{24} = \frac{11}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Son(R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{11}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 11}{24} = \frac{13}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$W + M + F + S$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{13}{24}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 4 + 13}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

- 3 Parts will go to Wife.
- 4 Parts will go to Mother.
- 4 Parts will go to Father.
- 13 Parts will go to Son.

Three ways to support orphan grandchildren

In accordance with Islamic laws of inheritance, grandchildren (male or female, one or more) do not Inherit from deceased grandfather or grandmother if any son of the deceased grandparent is alive at the time of their death.

To illustrate, let's consider a person A (male or female), who has two sons (B & C), and two daughters (D & E).

Son B begets a daughter L and a son M.

Daughter D begets a son N and a daughter Y.

If son B dies before parent A (father or mother) leaving behind his children L & M, these children inherit from their deceased parent but do not have a right to any inheritance when their grandparent A will pass away due to the presence of the second son C (son of A, who is also an uncle by relation to L & M).

Similarly, if D passes away before her parent A, then N and Y do not inherit from grandparent A due to the presence of sons B & C.

Note that if B or D had been alive at the time of A's death, they would have qualified to inherit and then that inheritance could pass down to their respective children. However, presence of another son of the grandfather rules out any grandchild/grandchildren

from inheriting from grandparents.

Some rules of exclusion that exclude grandchildren from inheriting:

1. Presence of a son of the deceased excludes any grandchild/grandchildren from inheriting from deceased grandparent.
2. Two or more daughters strictly exclude granddaughters from inheriting.
3. Two of more daughters do not exclude grandchildren comprising of at least one grandson.

As a rule of thumb, we can conclude that a closer relative who is alive prevents a farther relative from inheriting.

There are however some scenarios where despite the deceased grandparent not leaving behind a son, grandchildren could still not inherit due to other factors.

Presented below is a scenario where due to the presence of daughters, the grandchildren will not inherit upon death of a grandparent:

Let's consider if the deceased is survived by a grandson, a granddaughter, two daughters, mother and husband. The total shares of primary heirs as per Islamic laws of inheritance will be 13/12, which is a case of the doctrine of AWL. Its implication is that there would be nothing left for the secondary heirs(grandchildren) to inherit. An elaborated example can be found in the scenario of Questions no. 49 on page no. 175.

Another example to illustrate such a scenario: Let's assume that the deceased is survived by a grandson, daughter, mother, father and husband. Again, this becomes a case of the doctrine of AWL and the grandson will not inherit any share since he is a residuary beneficiary in this case, and there is nothing left as residue after primary heirs were given their due share. Note that

this is even though the deceased had no son alive at the time of their death. An example to illustrate this scenario can be found detailed in question no. 50 on page no. 177.

Yet another example; Let's consider if the deceased is survived by a grandson, granddaughter, two daughters, Mother, Father and wife - then in such case the total share of primary heirs adds up to 27/24, and again this scenario falls into the ambit of the doctrine of AWL, meaning there is nothing left for grandson or granddaughter to inherit. Example of such a case is detailed in question no. 52 on page no. 181.

Note that it is not always the case that a daughter becomes an impediment for grandchildren from inheriting. Let's consider one more example to clarify; if the deceased is survived by a grandson, a granddaughter, mother, daughter and wife - then the total share of primary heirs will add up to 19/24 and the residue will be 5/24th of the estate, which the grandchildren will inherit from. Presence of daughter did not become an impediment for grandchildren to inherit. Question no. 48 on page no. 173 illustrates such an example.

Upon extensively researching this subject, I have observed 47 scenarios in which grandchild/grandchildren are entitled to a share.

However, there are also a considerable number of scenarios when they are not entitled to any share. This by no means is any injustice meted to them. Keep in mind that they have already inherited from their deceased parent. An orphan grandchild, grandchildren is now also the responsibility of the closest male relative. Shariah dictates for the closest male relative to raise their brother or sisters orphan child/children or their grandchild as if they were their own.

But at times, when a parent dies very early in a child's life, and there is not much to inherit since the deceased parent was very young and yet to amass any worldly property. In such a case

the grandfather and grandmother have more than one way to step-up and help their orphan grandchildren.

Three sound ways to support these children include:

1. To care and educate the grandchildren (safeguarding their future life by way of providing them with the tools to be self-sufficient) as if they were their own.

2. The second option would be to exercise the option of Hiba – Gift in the form of money/funds, property etc.

3. The third would be to make an Islamic Will (limited to a maximum of 1/3rd of their estate amount after deducting the funeral expenses and debt amount (if any)) allocating a portion of their estate (not exceeding 1/3rd of their estate). This is a privilege that Allah (SWT) has allowed each one of us. We can decide to bequeath up to 1/3rd of our estate (with exceptions on who it cannot be bequeathed to, and this 1/3rd is what is left after cost of funeral expenses and after having paid off any debt).

Islamic Shariah provides these three very viable options to support an orphan grandchild/grandchild if they do not directly inherit from grandparents due to the presence of a closer relative, leaving the grandchildren financially challenged.

Note that the above three options need not always be for the grandparents to exercise. Uncles and Aunties can also step forward to pledge a part of their estate (within limits) to the orphaned child/children of their deceased brother or sister.

It is therefore our responsibility to familiarize ourselves with ISLAMIC LAWS OF INHERITANCE just as we are with subjects like Namaz, Zakath etc. - so that we can take the right decision to support orphan grandchildren who have not been privileged to a sizeable inheritance.

And while we do see some parties voicing out for Grandchildren's right to inheritance, they seem oblivious to these options that are already present and can be recommended with ease.

It would be more prudent for them to lend their voice against existing practises of injustice where prescribed shares as per Islamic Shariah are not distributed correctly, or in many a case not distributed at all.

Did we ensure that a widow received her rightful share?

Did a daughter get her share in correct proportion she was entitled to?

Did we ensure that the mother or sister received her share as they should?

Think and be just - Shariah requires us be so. It will already be too late if the angel of death reaches out, and that can happen any moment to any of us.

* * * *

SHARE OF THE CHILD-TO-BE-BORN

An Introduction to Share of the Child-to-be-born and its Calculation Procedure

If a person dies and his/her inheritors demands to distribute his/her property while deceased's Wife/Mother is pregnant then what is the procedure to distribute the property according to the Islamic Laws of Inheritance.

In such case the best way is to distribute the property among Inheritors after the birth of the child.

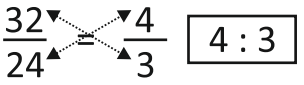
But if we want to distribute the Inheritance before birth of the child then we have to keep share of the child-to-be-born.

But we don't know the gender of the new born child, so we will calculate the share of the expected child two times.

In the first calculation, we will assume the new born child is Boy and in the second calculation, we will assume the new born child is Girl.

In both calculations total number of Inherited shares can be different. So we will calculate the RATIO between both calculations & cross multiply shares by RATIO.

For example, if in the first calculation the total number of shares is 32 and in the second calculation the total number of shares is 24 then the RATIO between both shares will be



because both shares are divisible by 8.

If we multiply 32 by 3 then it will be equal to 96.

Similarly 24 multiplied by 4 will be equal to 96.

Minimum shares must be paid to each Inheritor from both the calculations.

Rest of the shares need to be saved till the birth of the child. After the birth of the child saved shares will also be distributed among the Inheritors.

QUESTION -1

At the time of NASEER'S death his wife, Mother, Father and daughter were present and his wife was pregnant. If Inheritors demand for distribution of property after the death of NASEER then how much share each present Inheritor will get and how much share will be saved for each Inheritor to be given after the birth of the child.

Solution

CASE-1

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is SON)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kids)

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kids)

[ZF] Father $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Son)

[A-B-G] { Son (CBB)* / Daughter } R

*CBB = Child-to-be-born

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M + F

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{3 + 4 + 4}{24} = \frac{11}{24}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for Son and Daughter (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{11}{24}$

$= \frac{24 - 11}{24} = \frac{13}{24}$

b) Ratio of Son and Daughter

S:D = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Son and Daughter

S + D = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of Son $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios S and D}}$

$= \frac{13}{24} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{13}{36}$

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of S and D}}$

$= \frac{13}{24} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{72}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} W & + & M & + & F & + & S & + & D \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{13}{36} & + & \frac{13}{72} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{9 + 12 + 12 + 26 + 13}{72} = \frac{72}{72}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 72 parts.

9 Parts will go to Wife.
12 Parts will go to Mother.
12 Parts will go to Father.
26 Parts will go to Son (CBB).
13 Parts will go to Daughter.

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is DAUGHTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kids)

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kids)

[ZF]+[A-B-N] Father $\frac{1}{6}$ + R (due to deceased's daughter)

[ZF] 1st Daughter, 2nd Daughter (CBB) } $\frac{2^*}{3}$

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore share of each will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccc} W & + & M & + & F & + & D & + & D \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 4 + 8 + 8}{24} = \frac{27}{24}$$

Note : Here,

☞ Total share of ZF = $\frac{27}{24} > 1$ (Awl)

☞ It means nothing left (R=0) for Father (ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI).

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 27 parts.

3 Parts will go to Wife.

4 Parts will go to Mother.

4 Parts will go to Father.

8 Part will go to 1st Daughter.

8 Part will go to 2nd Daughter (CBB).

In both calculations (CASES-I and II), total shares of Inheritors are not equal, i.e.,

in CASE-I, total shares are 72

in CASE-II, total shares are 27

For the solution of this problem we will calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II share and cross-multiply it to make the shares equal in both cases.

Since, 72 and 27 are divisible by 9, therefore the ratio will be 8:3. If we multiply 72 by 3 and 27 by 8 then we will get our desired result.

(CASE-I) 72 8
(CASE-II) 27 3

(CASE-I) 216 = 216 (CASE-II)

It means we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 3 in CASE-I.

Similarly, we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 8 in CASE-II.

TABLE-1 illustrates both CASE-I and CASE-II Inheritor's shares after multiplication by that ratio.

TABLE -1

(Individual Inheritor's Share after Multiplication)

CASE-I	CASE-II
Wife = 9 x 3 = 27	Wife = 3 x 8 = 24
Mother = 12 x 3 = 36	Mother = 4 x 8 = 32
Father = 12 x 3 = 36	Father = 4 x 8 = 32
Son (CBB)= 26 x 3 = 78	Daughter= 8 x 8 = 64 (CBB)
Daughter= 13 x 3 = 39	Daughter= 8 x 8 = 64
72 → Total shares before multiplication; 216 → Total shares after multiplication	27 → Total shares before multiplication; 216 → Total shares after multiplication

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE-1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE-2 illustrates minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE-2

(Paid and Saved Shares)

<table>
<tr><td colspan="2">Minimum paid shares before birth</td><td>Total
Saved Share</td></tr>
<tr><td>Present Inheritors</td><td>Paid Shares</td><td rowspan="3">Total Saved
Share for
present
Inheritors
and CBB</td></tr>
<tr><td>Wife
Mother
Father
Daughter</td><td>24
32
32
39</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="2">Total paid shares → 127
before birth (of CBB)</td><td>216 (Table-1)
– 127
89</td></tr>
</table>

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is SON ; then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-I, the share of new born SON is 78.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 89.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife = 3 (As already paid 24 shares)

Mother = 4 (As already paid 32 shares)

Father = 4 (As already paid 32 shares)

New born Son = 78
89

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is DAUGHTER ; then according to TABLE-I and CASE-II, the share of new born Daughter is 64.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 89.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

New Born Daughter = 64

Elder Daughter = 25 (As already paid 39 shares)
89

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 216 parts.

Paid before birth (of CBB)

24 Parts will go to Wife.
32 Parts will go to Father.
32 Parts will go to Mother.
39 Parts will go to Elder Daughter.
Remaining 89 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is SON

78 Parts will go to new born SON.
3 Parts will go to Wife.
4 Parts go to Mother.
4 Parts will go to Father.

Paid after birth if the child is DAUGHTER

64 Parts will go to new born Daughter.
25 Parts will go to Elder Daughter.

QUESTION -2

On the day of ZAHEER-UD-DEEN's death his wife SALEEMA, two sisters SHAKERA, SABERA and Mother AZIZ-UN-NISA were present and his wife was Pregnant.

How many shares will each Inheritor get if Inheritors demand for distribution of property after the death of ZAHEER-UD-DEEN and how many shares will be kept (saved) for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born?

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is SON)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Saleema) $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)

[ZF] R Sister (Shakera)
[ZF] R Sister (Sabera) } (No share due to deceased's Son)

[ZF] Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kid)

[A-B-N] Son (CBB) R

Step - 2 : Total share of ZF

W + M

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Son (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + M + S

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{17}{24}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 17}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

3 Parts will go to Wife (Saleema).

4 Parts will go to Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa).

17 Parts will go to Son (CBB).

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is DAUGHTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Saleema) $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)

[A-M-G] { R Sister (Shakera) / R Sister (Sabera) } R (due to deceased's Daughter)

[ZF] Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kid)

[ZF] Daughter (CBB) $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M + D

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 12}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 RSs (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

b) Share of Shakera

$$= R \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{24} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{48}$$

c) Share of Sabera

$$= R \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{24} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{48}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Total Shares of all Inheritors</u>

$$W + M + D + RS + RS$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{48} + \frac{5}{48}$$

$$\frac{6 + 8 + 24 + 5 + 5}{48} = \frac{48}{48}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 48 parts.

6 Parts will go to Wife (Saleema).

8 Parts will go to Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa).

24 Parts will go to Daughter (CBB).

5 Parts will go to Real Sister (Shakera).

5 Parts will go to Real Sister (Sabera).

In both calculations (CASES-I and II), total shares of Inheritors are not equal, i.e.,

in CASE-I, total shares are 24.

in CASE-II, total shares are 48.

For the solution of this problem, we will calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II shares and cross-mulliply it to make the shares equal in both cases.

Since, 24 and 48 are divisible by 24, therefore their ratio will be 1:2. If we multiply 24 by 2 and 48 by 1 then we will get our desired result

(CASE-I) 24 1

(CASE-II) 48 2

(CASE-I) 48 = 48 (CASE-II)

It means we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 2 in CASE-I.

Similarly, we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 1 in CASE-II.

TABLE-1 illustrates both CASE-I and CASE-II, Inheritor's shares after multiplication by that ratio.

TABLE-1

(Individual Inheritor's Share after Multiplication)

CASE-I	CASE-II
Wife = 3 x 2 = 6 (Saleema)	Wife = 6 x 1 = 6 (Saleema)
Mother = 4 x 2 = 8 (Aziz-un-Nisa)	Mother = 8 x 1 = 8 (Aziz-un-Nisa)
Son = 17 x 2 = 34 (CBB)	Daughter = 24 x 1 = 24 (CBB)
RS = 0 x 2 = 0 (Shakera)	RS = 5 x 1 = 5 (Shakera)
RS = 0 x 2 = 0 (Sabera)	RS = 5 x 1 = 5 (Sabera)
24 → Total shares before multiplication; 48 → Total shares after multiplication	48 → Total shares before multiplication; 48 → Total shares after multiplication

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE-1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE -2 illustrates minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE -2

(Paid and Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for Present Inheritors and CBB
Wife (Saleema)	6	
Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa)	8	
RS (Shakera)	0	
RS (Sabera)	0	
Total paid shares before birth (of CBB) →	14	48 (Table-1) – 14
		34

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is SON. Then according to TABLE–1 and CASE-I, the share of new born SON is 34.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 34.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife (Saleema) = 0 (As already paid 6 shares)

Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa) = 0 (As already paid 8 shares)

Real Sister (Shakera) = 0 (No share due to deceased's Son)

Real Sister (Sabera) = 0 (No share due to deceased's Son)

New born Son = 34

34

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is DAUGHTER. Then according to TABLE -1 and CASE-II, the share of new born DAUGHTER is 24.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 34.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife (Saleema) = 0 (As already paid 6 shares)

Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa) = 0 (As already paid 8 shares)

Real Sister (Shakera) = 5

Real Sister (Sabera) = 5

New born Daughter = 24

34

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 48 parts.

Paid before birth (of CBB)

6 Parts will go to Wife (Saleema).

8 Parts will go to Mother (Aziz-un-Nisa).

Remaining 34 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is SON

34 Parts will go to new born Son.

Paid after birth if the child is DAUGHTER

24 Parts will go to new born Daughter.

5 Parts will go to Real Sister (Shakera).

5 Parts will go to Real Sister (Sabera).

QUESTION -3

On the death of a person, his wife, Father and daughter-in-law was present and she was pregnant.

How many shares each Inheritor will get before the birth of CBB and how many share will be kept (saved) for each Inheritor.

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is GRANDSON)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)

[ZF] Father $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's GS)

[A-B-N] Grandson (CBB) R

Step - 2 : Total share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccc} W & + & F \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for GS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} W & + & F & + & GS\ (CBB) \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{17}{24} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 17}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

- 3 Parts will go to Wife.
- 4 Parts will go to Father.
- 17 Parts will go to Grandson (CBB).

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is GRANDDAUGHTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)
[ZF] + [A-B-N]	Father	$\frac{1}{6}$ + R (due to deceased's Granddaughter)
[ZF]	Granddaughter	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + F + GD (CBB)

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 12}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Father (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

b) Total Share of Father = ZF + R

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{24}$$

$$= \frac{4 + 5}{24} = \frac{9}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} W & + & F & + & GD(CBB) \\ \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{9}{24} & + & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 9 + 12}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

3 Parts will go to Wife.

9 Parts will go to Father.

12 Parts will go to Granddaughter (CBB).

In both calculations (CASES-I and II), total shares of Inheritors are equal.

In CASE-I, total shares are 24.

In CASE-II, total shares are 24.

Therefore, no need to calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II.

TABLE-1 illustrates the CASE-I and CASE-II Inheritor's shares.

TABLE-1

(Individual Inheritor's Share)

CASE-I			CASE-II		
Wife	=	3	Wife	=	3
Father	=	4	Father	=	9
Grandson	=	17	Granddaughter	=	12
(Total Shares)		24	(Total Shares)		24

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE-1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE-2 illustrates minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE-2

(Paid and Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for Present Inheritors and CBB 24 (Table-1) – 7
Wife Father	3 4	
Total paid shares before birth (of CBB) →	7	17

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is GRANDSON ; then according to TABLE -1 and CASE-I, the share of new born GRANDSON is 17.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 17.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife = 0 (As already paid 3 shares)

Father = 0 (As already paid 4 shares)

Grandson = 17

17

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is GRANDDAUGHTER ; then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-II, the share of new born GRANDDAUGHTER is 12.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 17.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife = 0 (As already paid 3 shares)

Father = 5 (As already paid 4 shares)

Granddaughter= $\frac{12}{17}$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

Paid before birth (of CBB)

3 Parts will go to Wife.
4 Parts will go to Father
Remaining 17 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is GRANDSON

17 Parts will go to new born Grandson.

Paid after birth if the child is GRANDDAUGHTER

5 Parts will go to Father.
12 Parts will go to new born Granddaughter.

QUESTION -4

On the death of MUSHEER, his mother was pregnant. And he also left behind one Real Sister and one Nephew. How Inheritance will be distributed among present heirs and how many shares will be saved till the birth of CBB?

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is REAL BROTHER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to RB & RS)
[A-B-G]	Real Brother (CBB) / Real Sister	R
[A-B-N]	Nephew	(No share due to RB)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Mother} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RB and RS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

b) Ratio of RB and RS

RB : RS = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of RB and RS

RB + RS = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of RB = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RB}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

= $\frac{5}{6}$ x $\frac{2}{3}$ = $\frac{5}{9}$

e) Share of RS = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

= $\frac{5}{6}$ x $\frac{1}{3}$ = $\frac{5}{18}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + RB + RS

$\frac{1}{6}$ + $\frac{5}{9}$ + $\frac{5}{18}$

$\frac{3 + 10 + 5}{18}$ = $\frac{18}{18}$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 18 parts.

3 Parts will go to Mother.

10 Parts will go to Real Brother (CBB).

5 Parts will go to Real Sister.

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is REAL SISTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to 2 RSs)
[ZF]	Real Sister Real Sister (CBB)	$\frac{2^*}{3}$
[A-B-N]	Nephew	R

* Equal distribution between two real sisters; therefore the share of each will be $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

M + RS + RS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Nephew (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + RS + RS + N

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 2 + 1}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to Mother.

2 Parts will go to Real Sister.

2 Parts will go to Real Sister (CBB).

1 Part will go to Nephew.

In both calculations (CASES-I and II), total shares of Inheritors are not equal, i.e.,

in CASE- I, total shares are 18.

in CASES-II, total shares are 6.

For the solution of this problem, we will calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II shares and cross-multiply it to make the shares equal in both cases.

Since, 18 and 6 are divisible by 6, therefore their ratio will be 3:1. If we multiply 18 by 1 and 6 by 3 then we will get our desired result.

(CASE-I) 18 3

(CASE-II) 6 1

(CASE-I) | 18 = 18 | CASE-II

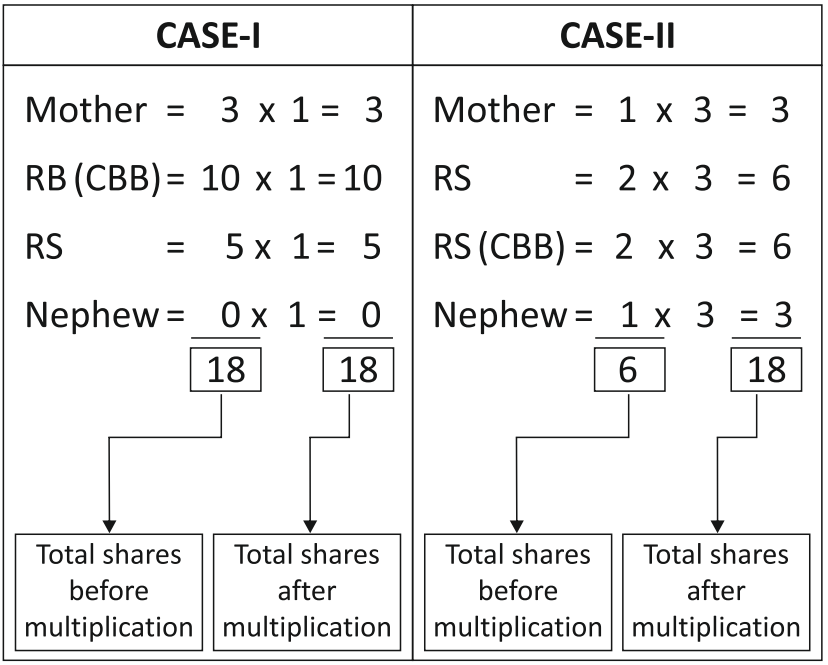
It means we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 1 in CASE-I.

Similarly, we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 3 in CASE-II.

TABLE-1 illustrates both CASE-I and CASE-II, Inheritor's shares after multiplication by that ratio.

TABLE-1

(Individual Inheritor's share after Multiplication)


CASE-I
Mother = 3 x 1 = 3
RB (CBB) = 10 x 1 = 10
RS = 5 x 1 = 5
Nephew = 0 x 1 = 0
18
18
Total shares before multiplication
Total shares after multiplication
CASE-II
Mother = 1 x 3 = 3
RS = 2 x 3 = 6
RS (CBB) = 2 x 3 = 6
Nephew = 1 x 3 = 3
6
18
Total shares before multiplication
Total shares after multiplication

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE-1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE -2 illustrates minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE -2

(Paid and Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for Present Inheritors and CBB
Mother	3	18 (Table-1)
Real Sister	5	
Nephew	0	
Total paid shares before birth (of CBB) →	8	– 8
		10

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is REAL BROTHER. Then according to TABLE–1 and CASE-I, the share of new born REAL BROTHER is 10.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 10.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

New born RB = 10
Mother = 0 (As paid 3 shares)
Real Sister = 0 (As already paid 5 shares)
Nephew = 0
10

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is REAL SISTER; then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-II, the share of new born REAL SISTER is 6.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 10.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

New born Real Sister	=	6	
Elder Real Sister	=	1	(As already paid 5 shares)
Mother	=	0	(As already paid 3 shares)
Nephew	=	3	
		10	

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 18 parts.

Paid before birth of (CBB)

3 Parts will go to Mother.

5 Parts will go to Real Sister.

Remaining 10 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is REAL BROTHER

10 Parts will go to new born Real Brother.

Paid after birth if the child is REAL SISTER

6 Parts will go to new born Real Sister.

1 Part will go to elder Real sister.

3 Parts will go to Nephew.

QUESTION -5

Abdul Aziz left behind his mother and two daughters and widow of his deceased brother Sayeed who was pregnant. Distribute Inheritance among present Inheritors and save remaining share for the CBB and other Inheritors.

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is NEPHEW)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kids)
[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2^*}{3}$	
[A-B-N]	Nephew (CBB)	R	

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore the share of each will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{c} M \quad + \quad D \quad + \quad D \\ \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1 + 2 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6} \end{array}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Nephew (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + D + D + N

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 2 + 1}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Part will go to Mother.

2 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

2 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

1 Part will go to Nephew (CBB).

Solution

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is NIECE (Bhateeji)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
[ZF]	Two Daughters	$\frac{2^*}{3}$
[ZA]	Niece (CBB) (Bhateeji)	(No share due to ZF)

* Equal distribution between two Daughters; therefore, the share of each will be

$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{matrix} M & + & D & + & D \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{3} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{5}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رد).

☞ Husband /Wife is not present; therefore no need for further calculation.

☞ Ratio of Mother and two Daughters is | M : D : D = 1 : 2 : 2 |

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 5 parts.

1 Part will go to Mother.

2 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

2 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

In both calculations (CASES-I and II), total shares of Inheritors are not equal, i.e.,

in CASE-I, total shares are 6.

in CASE-II, total shares are 5.

For the solution of this problem, we will calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II shares and cross-mulliply it to make the shares equal in both cases.

Since, 6 and 5 are divisible itself therefore their ratio will be 6:5 if we multiply 6 by 5 and 5 by 6 then we will get our desired result.

$$\text{CASE-I } \frac{6}{\text{CASE-II } 5} \times \frac{6}{5}$$

(CASE-I) 30 = 30 (CASE-II))

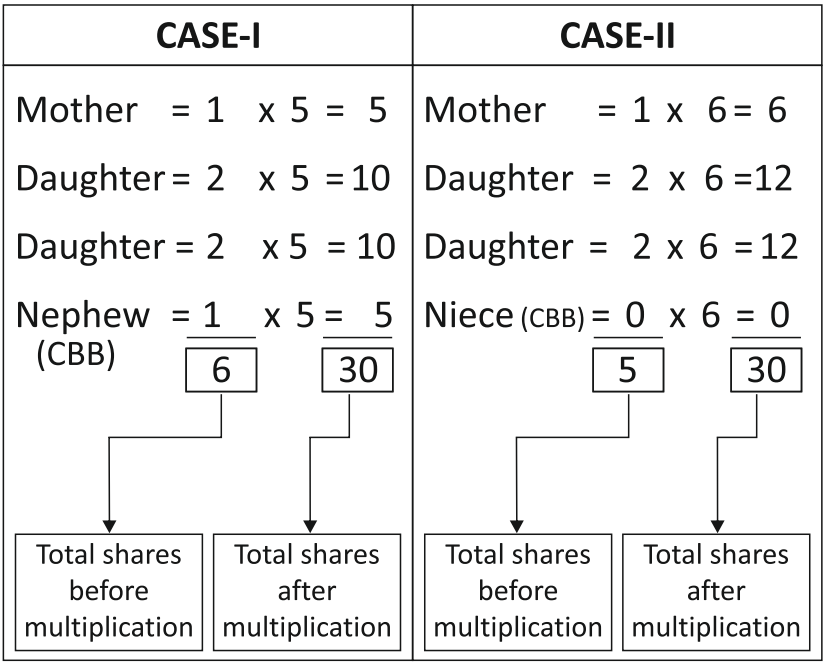
It means we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 5 in CASE-I.

Similarly, we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 6 in CASE-II.

TABLE-1 illustrates both CASE-I and CASE-II, Inheritor's shares after multiplication by that ratio.

TABLE -1

(Individual Inheritor's Share after Multiplication)


CASE-I
Mother = 1 x 5 = 5
Daughter = 2 x 5 = 10
Daughter = 2 x 5 = 10
Nephew = 1 x 5 = 5
(CBB)
6
30
Total shares before multiplication
Total shares after multiplication
CASE-II
Mother = 1 x 6 = 6
Daughter = 2 x 6 = 12
Daughter = 2 x 6 = 12
Niece (CBB) = 0 x 6 = 0
5
30
Total shares before multiplication
Total shares after multiplication

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE–1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE-2 illustrates minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE -2

(Paid and Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for Present Inheritors and CBB
Mother	5	
Daughter	10	
Daughter	10	
		30 (Table-1)
Total paid shares before birth (of CBB) →	25	–25
		5

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is NEPHEW. Then according to **TABLE-1** and CASE-I, the share of new born NEPHEW is 5.

According to **TABLE-2**, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 5.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Nephew (CBB) = 5
Mother = 0 (As paid 5 shares)
Daughter = 0 (As already paid 10 shares)
Daughter = 0 (As already paid 10 shares)
5

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is NIECE (Bhateeji). Then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-II, the share of new born NIECE (Bhateeji) is 0 (Zero).

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 5.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

NIECE	=	0
Mother	=	1 (As already paid 5 shares)
Daughter	=	2 (As already paid 10 shares)
Daughter	=	2 (As already paid 10 shares)

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 30 parts

Paid before birth (of CBB)

5 Parts will go to Mother.

10 Parts will go to 1st Daughter.

10 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter.

Remaining 5 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is NEPHEW

5 Parts will go to Nephew.

Paid after birth if the child is NIECE

1 Part will go to Mother

2 Parts will go to 1st Daughter

2 Parts will go to 2nd Daughter

QUESTION -6

Saleem left behind his Mother, brother and wife. And his wife was pregnant.

Distribute Inheritance between the present Inheritors and CBB.

If the baby dies in the womb then how the saved share will be distributed among the Inheritors.

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is SON)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kid)
[A-B-N]	Brother	(No share due to Son)
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)
[A-B-N]	Son (CBB)	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{c} M \quad + \quad W \\ \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Son (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + W + S

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{17}{24}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3 + 17}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

4 Parts will go to Mother.

3 Parts will go to Wife.

17 Parts will go to Son (CBB).

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is DAUGHTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to deceased's Kid)
[A-B-N]	Brother	R
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to deceased's Kid)
[ZF]	Daughter (CBB)	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{cccc} M & + & W & + & D \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3 + 12}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for RB (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} M & + & W & + & D & + & RB \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{5}{24} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3 + 12 + 5}{24} = \frac{24}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts.

- 4 Parts will go to Mother.
- 3 Parts will go to Wife.
- 12 Parts will go to Daughter (CBB).
- 5 Parts will go to Real Brother.

CASE-III

(Let's suppose the child dies in WOMB)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{3}$ (due to 1 RB)
[A-B-N]	Real Brother	R
[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)
	Child born dead	0 (No share)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{matrix} M & + & W \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{4} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for RB (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{12}$$

$$= \frac{12 - 7}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{matrix} CBD & + & M & + & W & + & RB \\ 0 & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{5}{12} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{0 + 4 + 3 + 5}{12} = \frac{12}{12}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-III)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 12 parts.

4 Parts will go to Mother.
3 Parts will go to Wife.
5 Parts will go to Real Brother.
0 Part will go to Child Born Dead.

In both calculations (CASE-I and CASE-II), total shares of Inheritors are equal. But in CASE-III, total share are not equal :

In CASE-I, total shares are 24.
In CASE-II, total shares are 24.
In CASE-III, total shares are 12.

Therefore no need to calculate the RATIO between CASE-I and CASE-II.

The ratio between CASE (I and II) and CASE-III are 2:1.

In CASE-III, multiply individual share by 2.

TABLE-1 illustrates the CASE-I, CASE-II and CASE III Inheritor's share.

TABLE -1

(Individual Inheritor's Share after Multiplication)

CASE-I		CASE-II		CASE-III
Mother = 4		Mother = 4		Mother = 4x2= 8
Wife = 3		Wife = 3		Wife = 3x2= 6
Son (CBB) = 17		Daughter (CBB) = 12		RB = 5x2=10
RB = 0		RB = 5		Child = 0x2= 0
	24		24	Born Dead 24

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE**-1 and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE-2 illustrates the minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE -2

(Paid & Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for present Inheritors and CBB
Mother	4	
Wife	3	
Real Brother	0	
		24 (Table-1)
Total paid shares before birth (of CBB) →	7	– 7
		17

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is SON. Then according to **TABLE-1** and CASE-I, the share of new born SON is 17.

According to **TABLE-2**, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 17.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Son (CBB)	=	17
Mother	=	0 (As already paid 4 shares)
Wife	=	0 (As already paid 3 shares)
Real Brother	=	0
		17

☞ Let's suppose new born child is DAUGHTER. Then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-II, the share of new born DAUGHTER is 12.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 17.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Daughter (CBB)	=	12
Mother	=	0 (As already paid 4 shares)
Wife	=	0 (As already paid 3 shares)
Real Brother	=	5
		17

☞ Let's suppose the new born baby dies in WOMB. Then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-III, the share of child born dead is ZERO.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 17.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Mother	=	4 (As already paid 4 shares)
Wife	=	3 (As already paid 3 shares)
Real Brother	=	10
		17

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 24 parts

Paid before birth (of CBB)

4 Parts will go to Mother.
3 Parts will go to Wife.
Remaining 17 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is SON

17 Parts will go to Son.

Paid after birth if the child is DAUGHTER

12 Parts will go to Daughter.
5 Parts will go to Real Brother.

Paid after birth if the child was dead in WOMB

4 Parts will go to Mother.
3 Parts will go to Wife.
10 Parts will go to Real Brother.

QUESTION -7

JAMEEL left behind his pregnant Wife, two Sons, two Daughters and Mother.

Distribute Inheritance between the present Inheritors and save share for the Child-to-be-born.

If the baby dies in the WOMB then how to distribute saved share among Inheritors.

Solution

CASE-I

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is SON)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)
[A-B-G]	Son-1 Son-2 Son-3 (CBB) Daughter-1 Daughter-2	R
	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 3 Ss and 2 Ds (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

b) Ratio of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters

S : S : S : D : D = 2 : 2 : 2 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters

S + S + S + D + D = 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 8

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Ss and 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{2}{8} = \frac{17}{96}$$

e) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Ss \& 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{17}{192}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + M + S + S + S + D + D

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{17}{96} + \frac{17}{96} + \frac{17}{96} + \frac{17}{192} + \frac{17}{192}$$

$$\frac{24 + 32 + 34 + 34 + 34 + 17 + 17}{192} = \frac{192}{192}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-I)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 192 parts.

24 Parts will go to Wife.
32 Parts will go to Mother.
34 Parts will go to Son-1.
34 Parts will go to Son-2.
34 Parts will go to Son-3 (CBB).
17 Parts will go to Daughter-1.
17 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

CASE-II

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born is DAUGHTER)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-G] { Son-1, Son-2, Daughter-1, Daughter-2, Daughter-3 (CBB) } R

Mother $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 Ss and 3 Ds (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

b) Ratio of 2 Sons and 3 Daughters

S : S : D : D : D = 2 : 2 : 1 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 3 Daughters

S + S + D + D + D = 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 7

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss and 3 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{17}{84}$$

e) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss \& 3 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{17}{168}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + M + S + S + D + D + D

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{17}{84} + \frac{17}{84} + \frac{17}{168} + \frac{17}{168} + \frac{17}{168}$$

$$\frac{21 + 28 + 34 + 34 + 17 + 17 + 17}{168} = \frac{168}{168}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 168 parts.

21 Parts will go to Wife.

28 Parts will go to Mother.

34 Parts will go to Son-1.

34 Parts will go to Son-2.

17 Parts will go to Daughter-1.

17 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

17 Parts will go to Daughter-3 (CBB).

Case III

(Let's suppose the child-to-be-born dies in WOMB)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)
[A-B-G]	Son-1 Son-2 Daughter-1 Daughter-2	R
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)
	Child Born Dead	0

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 Ss and 2 Ds (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

b) Ratio of 2 Sons and 2 Daughters

S : S : D : D = 2 : 2 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 2 Daughters

S + S + D + D = 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 6

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss and 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{2}{6} = \frac{17}{72}$$

e) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss \& 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{17}{24} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{17}{144}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

W + M + S + S + D + D

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{17}{72} + \frac{17}{72} + \frac{17}{144} + \frac{17}{144}$$

$$\frac{18 + 24 + 34 + 34 + 17 + 17}{144} = \frac{144}{144}$$

Calculation Summary (CASE-II)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 144 parts.

18 Parts will go to Wife.

24 Parts will go to Mother.

34 Parts will go to Son-1.

34 Parts will go to Son-2.

17 Parts will go to Daughter-1.

17 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

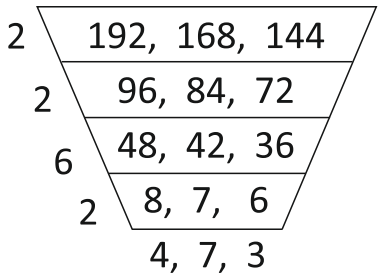
In all the calculations (CASE-I,CASE-II and CASE-III), total shares of Inheritors are not equal, i.e.,

in CASE-I, total shares are 192.

in CASE-II, total shares are 168.

in CASE-III, total shares are 144.

☞ For the solution of this problem, we will calculate the least common multiple for CASE-I, CASE-II and CASE-III shares.



LCM = 2 x 2 x 6 x 2 x 4 x 7 x 3 = 4032

☞ Divide LCM by total shares in CASE-I to get the multiplier value for CASE-I Inheritors:

$$\frac{4032}{192} = 21$$

☞ Divide LCM by total shares in CASE-II to get the multiplier value for CASE-II Inheritors:

$$\frac{4032}{168} = 24$$

☞ Divide LCM by total shares in CASE-III to get the multiplier value for CASE-III Inheritors:

$$\frac{4032}{144} = 28$$

☞ It means we have to multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 21 in CASE-I

Similarly, multiply Individual Inheritors's share by 24 in CASE-II.

Similarly , multiply Individual Inheritor's share by 28 in CASE-III.

TABLE-1 illustrates the CASE-I, II and III, Inheritors' shares after multiplication by multipliers value.

TABLE -1

(Individual Inheritor's Shares after Multiplication)

CASE - I	CASE - II	CASE - III
Wife = 24 x 21 = 504	Wife = 21 x 24 = 504	Wife = 18 x 28 = 504
Mother = 32 x 21 = 672	Mother = 28 x 24 = 672	Mother = 24 x 28 = 672
Son-1 = 34 x 21 = 714	Son-1 = 34 x 24 = 816	Son-1 = 34 x 28 = 952
Son-2 = 34 x 21 = 714	Son-2 = 34 x 24 = 816	Son-2 = 34 x 28 = 952
Son-3 (CBB) = 34 x 21 = 714	Daughter-1 = 17 x 24 = 408	Child born Dead = 0 x 28 = 0
Daughter-1 = 17 x 21 = 357	Daughter-2 = 17 x 24 = 408	Daughter-1 = 17 x 28 = 476
Daughter-2 = 17 x 21 = 357	Daughter-3 (CBB) = 17 x 24 = 408	Daughter-2 = 17 x 28 = 476
192 → Total shares before multiplication	168 → Total shares before multiplication	144 → Total shares before multiplication
4032 → Total shares after multiplication	4032 → Total shares after multiplication	4032 → Total shares after multiplication

Minimum share must be paid to each Inheritor as shown in **TABLE-1** and remaining share needs to be saved till the birth of the child.

TABLE-2 illustrates the minimum paid share to each Inheritor and the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born.

TABLE -2

(Paid & Saved Shares)

Minimum paid shares before birth		Total Saved Share
Present Inheritors	Paid Shares	Total Saved Share for Present Inheritors and CBB
Wife	504	
Mother	672	
Son-1	714	
Son-2	714	
Daughter-1	357	
Daughter-2	357	4032 (Table-1)
Total paid shares → 3318 before birth (of CBB)		– 3318
		714

Distribution of total saved share after the birth of the child

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is SON. Then according to **TABLE-1** and CASE-1, the share of new born SON is 714.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 714.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Son-3 (CBB)	=	714
Wife	=	0 (As already Paid shares 504)
Mother	=	0 (As already Paid shares 672)
Son-1	=	0 (As already Paid shares 714)
Son-2	=	0 (As already Paid shares 714)
Daughter-1	=	0 (As already Paid shares 357)
Daughter-2	=	0 (As already Paid shares 357)
		714

☞ Let's suppose the new born child is DAUGHTER. Then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-II, the share of new born DAUGHTER is 408.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 714.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Daughter-3 (CBB)	=	408
Wife	=	0 (As already paid shares 504)
Mother	=	0 (As already paid shares 672)
Son-1	=	102 (As already paid shares 714)
Son-2	=	102 (As already paid shares714)
Daughter-1	=	51 (As already paid shares 357)
Daughter-2	=	51 (As already paid shares 357)
		714

☞ Let's suppose the new born child dies in WOMB. Then according to TABLE-1 and CASE-III, the share of the Child Born Dead is zero.

According to TABLE-2, the total saved share for present Inheritors and the child-to-be-born is 714.

Therefore, saved share will be distributed as:

Wife	=	0	(As already paid shares 504)
Mother	=	0	(As already paid shares 672)
Son-1	=	238	(As already paid shares 714)
Son-2	=	238	(As already paid shares714)
Daughter-1	=	119	(As already paid shares 357)
Daughter-2	=	119	(As already paid shares 357)
		714	

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 4032 parts.

Paid before birth (of CBB)

504 Parts will go to Wife.

672 Parts will go to Mother.

714 Parts will go to Son-1.

714 Parts will go to Son-2.

357 Parts will go to Daughter-1.

357 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

Remaining 714 shares will be saved.

Paid after birth if the child is SON

714 Parts will go to new born Son-3

Paid after birth if the child is DAUGHTER

408 Parts will go to new born Daughter-3.
102 Parts will go to Son-1.
102 Parts will go to Son-2.
51 Parts will go to Daughter-1.
51 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

Paid after birth if the child born was dead in WOMB

238 Parts will go to Son-1.
238 Parts will go to Son-2.
119 Parts will go to Daughter-1.
119 Parts will go to Daughter-2.

DISTRIBUTION PROCESS OF MUNASKHA

(مناسخہ)

INTRODUCTION

If someone passed away but (his/her) property was not distributed among (his/her) Inheritors, and if during the passage of time some Inheritors also die then the calculation of Inheritance needs to be done multiple times. This process is know as MUNASKHA.

QUESTION -1

On the death of SALEEMA her husband MUNEER, daughter KAREEMA and Mother AZEEMA were present.

But the property of SALEEMA was not distributed among her Inheritors. After a period of time, her daughter KAREEMA also died.

KAREEMA Left behind two sons KHALID and HAMID and one daughter SWALEHA.

Distribute the property among the present Inheritors.

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated twice due to death of two persons.

1st Death : SALEEMA (W/o Muneer)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Muneer) $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kid)

[ZF] Daughter (Kareema) $\frac{1}{2}$

[ZF] Mother (Azeema) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & + & D & + & M \\ \frac{1}{4} & + & \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 6 + 2}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{11}{12} < 1$

☞ It's a case of RETURN (رَد).

☞ RETURN (رَد) will not be applicable to Husband.

☞ Therefore, calculation procedure will be different for RETURN (رَد) .

Step - 3 : Calculation Procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband (Muneer) = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Daughter (Kareema) and Mother (Azeema) [R]

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

c) Ratio of Daughter (Kareema) and Mother (Azeema)

$$\begin{array}{c} D \quad + \quad M \\ \frac{1}{2} \quad + \quad \frac{1}{6} \\ \hline \frac{3 \quad + \quad 1}{6} \end{array}$$

D : M = 3 : 1

d) Addition of Ratios of Daughter (Kareema) and Mother (Azeema)

D + M = 3 + 1 = 4

e) Share of Daughter (Kareema) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter (Kareema)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter (Kareema) and Mother (Azeema)}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$

f) Share of Mother (Azeema) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Mother (Azeema)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Daughter (Kareema) and Mother (Azeema)}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of SALEEMA (W/o Muneer), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Muneer) = $\frac{1}{4}$

Share of Daughter (Kareema) = $\frac{9}{16}$

Share of Mother (Azeema) = $\frac{3}{16}$

2nd Death : KAREEMA (D/o Saleema) | **Owner : $\frac{9}{16}$ Share from Saleema's Estate**

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Father (Muneer) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)

[ZF] MGM (Azeema) $\frac{1}{6}$

[A-B-G] Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid), Daughter (Swaleha) } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

F + MGM

$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{1 + 1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for Sons (Khalid and Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{1}{3}$

$= \frac{3 - 1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$

b) Ratio of Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha)

S : S : D = 2 : 2 : 1

b) Addition of Ratios of Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha)

S + S + D = 2 + 2 + 1 = 5

d) Share of Son (Khalid) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son (Khalid)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha)}}$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{15}$

e) Share of Son (Hamid) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son (Hamid)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha)}}$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{15}$

f) Share of Daughter (Swaleha) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter (Swaleha)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Khalid), Son (Hamid) and Daughter (Swaleha)}}$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{15}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from KAREEMA's Share ($\frac{9}{16}$)

a) Share of Father (Muneer) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of KAREEMA's Share

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{9}{16}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{16} = \frac{3}{32}$

b) Share of MGM (Azeema) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of KAREEMA's Share

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{3}{32}$

c) Share of Son (Khalid) = $\frac{4}{15}$ of KAREEMA's Share

$= \frac{4}{15} \times \frac{9}{16}$

$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{20}$

d) Share of Son (Hamid) = $\frac{4}{15}$ of KAREEMA's Share

$= \frac{4}{15} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{3}{20}$

e) Share of Daughter (Swaleha) = $\frac{2}{15}$ of KAREEMA's Share

$= \frac{2}{15} \times \frac{9}{16}$

$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{40}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of KAREEMA (D/o Muneer), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Father (Muneer) = $\frac{3}{32}$

Share of MGM (Azeema) = $\frac{3}{32}$

Share of Son (Khalid) = $\frac{3}{20}$

Share of Son (Hamid) = $\frac{3}{20}$

Share of Daughter (Swaleha) = $\frac{3}{40}$

NOTE

1. MUNEER is getting the shares twice :

   a) $\frac{1}{4}$ share from wife SALEEMA

   b) $\frac{3}{32}$ share from Daughter KAREEMA

Therefere, total share of MUNEER will be :

Share received from SALEEMA + Share received from KAREEMA

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{32}$$

$$\frac{8 + 3}{32} = \frac{11}{32}$$

2. Similarly, AZEEMA is getting the shares twice :

   a) $\frac{3}{16}$ share from Daughter SALEEMA

   b) $\frac{3}{32}$ share from MGD (Maternal Granddaughter) KAREEMA

Therefere, total share of AZEEMA will be :

Share received from SALEEMA + Share received from KAREEMA

$$\frac{3}{16} + \frac{3}{32}$$

$$\frac{6 + 3}{32} = \frac{9}{32}$$

Total Share of Present Inheritors

Muneer + Azeema + Khalid + Hamid + Swaleha

$$\frac{11}{32} + \frac{9}{32} + \frac{3}{20} + \frac{3}{20} + \frac{3}{40}$$

$$\frac{55 + 45 + 24 + 24 + 12}{160} = \frac{160}{160}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 160 parts.

55 Parts will go to Muneer.

45 Parts will go to Azeema.

24 Parts will go to Khalid.

24 Parts will go to Hamid.

12 Parts will go to Swaleha.

QUESTION - 2

At the time of MASOOD'S death his Father MEHMOOD, Mother FATIMAH, son MAQSOOD, daughter KHALIDA and maternal sister SHAHIDA were present.

Distribution of Inheritance was yet not carried out when his Mother FATIMAH also passed away.

Calculate the share for rest of the Inheritors.

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated twice due to death of two persons.

1st Death : MASOOD (S/o Mehmood)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Father (Mehmood)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kids)
[ZF]	Mother (Fatimah)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kids)
[A-B-G]	Son (Maqsood) Daughter (Khalida)	R	
[ZF]	Maternal Sister (Shahida)		(No share due to son, daughter and Father)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

F + M

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for Son (Maqsood) and Daughter (Khalida) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

b) Ratio of Son (Maqsood) and Daughter (Khalida)

S : D = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Son (Maqsood) and Daughter (Khalida)

S + D = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of Son (Maqsood) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son (Maqsood)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Maqsood) and Daughter (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$$

e) Share of Daughter (Khalida) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter (Khalida)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Maqsood) and Daughter (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of MASOOD (S/o Mehmood), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Father (Mehmood) = $\frac{1}{6}$

Share of Mother (Fatimah) = $\frac{1}{6}$

Share of Son (Maqsood) = $\frac{4}{9}$

Share of Daughter (Khalida) = $\frac{2}{9}$

2nd Death : FATIMAH (W/o Mehmood)

Owner : $\frac{1}{6}$ (Share in Masood estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Mehmood) $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-G] { Grandson (Maqsood), Granddaughter (Khalida) } R

[ZF] Daughter (Shahida) $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + D

$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for Grandson (Maqsood) and Granddaughter (Khalida) R = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

b) Ratio of Grandson (Maqsood) and Granddaughter (Khalida)

GS : GD = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Grandson (Maqsood) and Granddaughter (Khalida)

GS + GD = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of Grandson (Maqsood) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GS (Maqsood)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS (Maqsood) and GD (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

e) Share of GD (Khalida) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GD (Khalida)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS (Maqsood) and GD (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from FATIMAH's Share ($\frac{1}{6}$)

a) Share of Husband (Mehmood)
$= \frac{1}{4}$ of FATIMAH's Share
$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{24}$

b) Share of Daughter (Shahida)
$= \frac{1}{2}$ of FATIMAH's Share
$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$

c) Share of Grandson (Maqsood)
$= \frac{1}{6}$ of FATIMAH's Share
$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$

d) Share of Granddaughter (Khalida)
$= \frac{1}{12}$ of FATIMAH's Share
$= \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{72}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of FATIMAH's (W/o Mehmood), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Mehmood) = $\frac{1}{24}$

Share of Daughter (Shahida) = $\frac{1}{12}$

Share of Grandson (Maqsood) = $\frac{1}{36}$

Share of Granddaughter (Khalida) = $\frac{1}{72}$

NOTE

1. MEHMOOD is getting the shares twice :
   a) $\frac{1}{6}$ share from Son MASOOD.
   b) $\frac{1}{24}$ share from wife FATIMAH.

Therefere, total share of MEHMOOD will be :

Share received from MASOOD + Share received from FATIMAH

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24}$$

$$\frac{4 + 1}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

2. MAQSOOD is also getting the shares twice :
   a) $\frac{4}{9}$ share from Father MASOOD.
   b) $\frac{1}{36}$ share from PGM FATIMAH.

Therefere, total share of MAQSOOD will be :

Share received from MASOOD + Share received from FATIMAH

$$\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{36}$$

$$\frac{16 + 1}{36} = \frac{17}{36}$$

3. KHALIDA too is getting the shares twice :
   a) $\frac{2}{9}$ share from Father MASOOD.

   b) $\frac{1}{72}$ share from PGM FATIMAH.

Therefere, total share of KHALIDA will be :

Share received from MASOOD + Share received from FATIMAH

$$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{72}$$

$$\frac{16 + 1}{72} = \frac{17}{72}$$

Total Share of Present Inheritors

MEHMOOD + MAQSOOD + KHALIDA + SHAHIDA

$$\frac{5}{24} + \frac{17}{36} + \frac{17}{72} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{15 + 34 + 17 + 6}{72} = \frac{72}{72}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into72 parts.

15 Parts will go to Mehmood.

34 Parts will go to Maqsood.

17 Parts will go to Khalida.

6 Parts will go to Shahida.

QUESTION - 3

At the time of SHAREEF's death his Mother KAREEMA, wife HAMEEDA, sister SHAHIDA and daughter FAHEEMA (from 1st wife) were present.

SHAHIDA was married with ABDULLAH and FAHEEMA was married with ZAHEER. FAHEEMA had two sons KABEER and SAGHEER and one daughter NASEERA.

Before SHAREEF's death KABEER had died leaving behind a son NAZEER and SAGHEER had died leaving behind a daughter FATIMAH.

Also, ZAHEER had died before SHAREEF's death. After SHAREEF's death, SHAHIDA also passed away leaving behind two sons MEHMOOD and MASOOD. Then, FAHEEMA also passed away.
Distribute Inheritance of SHAREEF.

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated 3 times due to death of three persons.

1st Death : SHAREEF (H/o Hameeda)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother (Kareema)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kid)
[ZF]	Wife (Hameeda)	$\frac{1}{8}$	(due to Kid)
[ZF]	Daughter (Faheema)	$\frac{1}{2}$	
[A-M-G]	RS (Shahida)	R	(due to Daughter)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M & + & W & + & D \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{8} & + & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4 + 3 + 12}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RS (Shahida) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of SHAREEF's (H/o Hameeda), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Mother (Kareema) = $\frac{1}{6}$

Share of Wife (Hameeda) = $\frac{1}{8}$

Share of Daughter (Faheema) = $\frac{1}{2}$

Share of Real Sister (Shahida) = $\frac{5}{24}$

2nd Death : SHAHIDA (Sister of Shareef)
Owner : $\frac{5}{24}$ (Share from Shareef's Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Abdullah) $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)

[ZF] Mother (Kareema) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-N] { Son (Mehmood), Son (Masood) } R

[ZA] Bhateeji (Faheema) (No share due to A-B-N)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + M

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 2}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Sons (Mehmood and Masood) (R)

$$= \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{12}$$

$$= \frac{12 - 5}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

b) Share of Mehmood

$$= \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{24}$$

c) Share of Masood $= \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{24}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SHAHIDA's Share ($\frac{5}{24}$)

a) Share of Husband (Abdullah) $= \frac{1}{4}$ of SHAHIDA's Share

$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{5}{24} = \frac{5}{96}$

b) Share of Mother (Kareema) $= \frac{1}{6}$ of SHAHIDA's Share

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{5}{24} = \frac{5}{144}$

c) Share of Son (Mehmood) $= \frac{7}{24}$ of SHAHIDA's Share

$= \frac{7}{24} \times \frac{5}{24} = \frac{35}{576}$

d) Share of Son (Masood) $= \frac{7}{24}$ of SHAHIDA's Share

$= \frac{7}{24} \times \frac{5}{24} = \frac{35}{576}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of SHAHIDA (Sister of Shareef), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Abdullah) = $\frac{5}{96}$

Share of Mother (Kareema) = $\frac{5}{144}$

Share of Son (Mehmood) = $\frac{35}{576}$

Share of Son (Masood) = $\frac{35}{576}$

3rd Death : FAHEEMA (D/o Shareef)

Owner : $\frac{1}{2}$ (Share from Shareef's Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their shares

[ZF]	Daughter (Naseera)	$\frac{1}{2}$
[ZF]	PGM (Kareema)	$\frac{1}{6}$
[A-B-G]	Grandson (Nazeer)	R
	Granddaughter (Fatimah)	
	Step Mother (Hameeda)	(No share)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

D + PGM

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{3 + 1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for GS (Nazeer) and GD (Fatimah) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Ratio of Grandson (Nazeer) and Granddaughter (Fatimah)

GS : GD = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Grandson (Nazeer) and Granddaughter (Fatimah)

GS + GD = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of GS (Nazeer) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GS (Nazeer)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS (Nazeer) and GD (Fatimah)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$$

e) Share of GD (Fatimah) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of GD (Fatimah)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of GS (Nazeer) and GD (Fatimah)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from FAHEEMA's Share ($\frac{1}{2}$)

a) Share of Daughter (Naseera) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of FAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share of PGM (Kareema) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of FAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{6}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{12}$

c) Share of Grandson (Nazeer) = $\frac{2}{9}$ of FAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{2}{9}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{9}$

d) Share of GD (Fatimah) = $\frac{1}{9}$ of FAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{9}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{18}$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of FAHEEMA (D/o Shareef), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Daughter (Naseera) = $\frac{1}{4}$

Share of PGM (Kareema) = $\frac{1}{12}$

Share of Grandson (Nazeer) = $\frac{1}{9}$

Share of GD (Fatimah) = $\frac{1}{18}$

NOTE

1. KAREEMA is getting the shares 3 times :

   a) $\frac{1}{6}$ share from Son SHAREEF.

   b) $\frac{5}{144}$ share from Daughter SHAHIDA.

   c) $\frac{1}{12}$ share from Granddaughter FAHEEMA.

Therefere, total share of KAREEMA will be :

Share received from SHAREEF	+	Share received from SHAHIDA	+	Share received from FAHEEMA

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{144} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{24 + 5 + 12}{144} = \frac{41}{144}$$

Total Shares of Present Inheritors

HAMEEDA + KAREEMA + ABDULLAH + MASOOD + MEHMOOD + NASEERA + NAZEER + FATIMAH

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{41}{144} + \frac{5}{96} + \frac{35}{576} + \frac{35}{576} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{18}$$

$$\frac{72 + 164 + 30 + 35 + 35 + 144 + 64 + 32}{576} = \frac{576}{576}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 576 parts.

72 Parts will go to HAMEEDA.
164 Parts will go to KAREEMA.
30 Parts will go to ABDULLAH.
35 Parts will go to MASOOD.
35 Parts will go to MEHMOOD.
144 Parts will go to NASEERA.
64 Parts will go to NAZEER.
32 Parts will go to FATIMAH.

QUESTION - 4

At the time of MAJID's death his wife AYESHA, son SHAHID, daughter KHALIDA, KHALIDA's daughter SABEERA, AYESHA's father SALEEMUDDIN and her sister NASEEBA were present.

While the property of MAJID was not distributed among his Inheritors, KHALIDA and AYESHA also passed away, one after another.

How many shares each Inheritor will get from MAJID's Inheritance?

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated 3 times due to death of three persons.

1st Death : MAJID (H/o Ayesha)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Ayesha) $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-G] { Son (Shahid), Daughter (Khalida) } R

[ZA] Khalida's Daughter (Sabeera) (No share due to ZF & A-B-G)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for Son (Shahid) and Daughter (Khalida) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

b) Ratio of Son (Shahid) and Daughter (Khalida)

S: D = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Son (Shahid) and Daughter (Khalida)

S + D = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of Son (Shahid) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son (Shahid)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Shahid) and Daughter (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7}{12}$$

e) Share of Daughter (Khalida) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter (Khalida)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Son (Shahid) and Daughter (Khalida)}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of MAJID (H/o Ayesha), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Ayesha) = $\frac{1}{8}$

Share of Son (Shahid) = $\frac{7}{12}$

Share of Daughter (Khalida) = $\frac{7}{24}$

2nd Death : KHALIDA (D/o Majid)

Owner : $\frac{7}{24}$ (Share from Majid Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother (Ayesha)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)
[ZF]	Daughter (Sabeera)	$\frac{1}{2}$
[A-B-N]	Real Brother (Shahid)	R
[ZA]	Mother's Father (Saleemuddin) (Nana)	No share due to ZF & A-B-N
[ZA]	Mother's Sister Naseeba) (Khala)	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

M + D

$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for RB (Shahid) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from KHALIDA's Share ($\frac{7}{24}$)

a) Share of Mother (Ayesha) $= \frac{1}{6}$ of KHALIDA's Share

$$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{7}{24} = \frac{7}{144}$$

b) Share of Daughter (Sabeera) $= \frac{1}{2}$ of KHALIDA's Share

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{7}{24} = \frac{7}{48}$$

c) Share of Real Brother (Shahid) $= \frac{1}{3}$ of KHALIDA's Share

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{7}{24} = \frac{7}{72}$$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of KHALIDA (D/o Majid), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Mother (Ayesha) = $\frac{7}{144}$

Share of Daughter (Sabeera) = $\frac{7}{48}$

Share of Real Brother (Shahid) = $\frac{7}{72}$

3rd Death : AYESHA (W/o Majid)	**Owner :** From Majid $\frac{1}{8}$ + From Khalida $\frac{7}{144} = \frac{25}{144}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Father (Saleemuddin)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to son)
[A-B-N]	Son (Shahid)	R
[ZF]	Real Sister(Naseeba)	(No share due to Son)
[ZA]	Daughter's Daughter (Sabeera) (Nawasi)	{No share due to ZF & A-B-N}

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Father} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

$$\text{Share left for Son (Shahid) (R)} = \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{3} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from AYESHA's Share (25/144)

a) Share of Father (Saleemuddin) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of AYESHA's Share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{25}{144} = \frac{25}{864}$

b) Share of Son (Shahid) = $\frac{5}{6}$ of AYESHA's Share

= $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{25}{144} = \frac{125}{864}$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of AYESHA (W/o Majid), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Father (Saleemuddin) = $\frac{25}{864}$

Share of Son (Shahid) = $\frac{125}{864}$

NOTE

SHAHID is getting the shares 3 times :

a) $\frac{7}{12}$ share from Father MAJID.

b) $\frac{7}{72}$ share from Real Sister KHALIDA.

c) $\frac{125}{864}$ share from Mother AYESHA.

Therefere, total share of SHAHID will be :

Share received from MAJID + Share received from KHALIDA + Share received from AYESHA

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{7}{72} + \frac{125}{864}$$

$$\frac{504 + 84 + 125}{864} = \frac{713}{864}$$

Total Shares of Present Inheritors

SHAHID + SABEERA + SALEEMUDDIN

$$\frac{713}{864} + \frac{7}{48} + \frac{25}{864}$$

$$\frac{713 + 126 + 25}{864} = \frac{864}{864}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 864 parts.

713 Parts will go to SHAHID.

126 Parts will go to SABEERA.

25 Parts will go to SALEEMUDDIN.

QUESTION - 5

At the time of QAMRUDDIN's death his wife SAKEENA, Father SHAMSUDDIN, Mother SUGHRA, maternal grandmother SALMA and mother's sister (Khala) KUBRA were present.

While the property of QAMRUDDIN was not distributed among his Inheritors that SUGHRA also passed away.

If Inheritance amount of QAMRUDDIN is ₹ 80,000 then find out share of each Inheritors.

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated 2 times due to the death of two persons.

1st Death : QAMRUDDIN (H/o Sakeena) Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife (Sakeena)	$\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kid)
[A-B-N]	Father (Shamsuddin)	R (due to no Kid)
[ZF]	Mother (Sughra)	$\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)
[ZF]	MGM (Salma)	(No share due to Mother)
[ZA]	Mother's Sister (Kubra) (Khala)	{No share due to ZF & A-B-N}

Calculation procedure will be different in this case due to Hazrat Umar's (RA) fatwa:

"If the deceased left behind a spouse, a Father and a Mother, but no offspring and multiple siblings, Umar's calculation need to be applied as:

(1) Wife will get the prescribed share.

(2) Parents will not get their prescribed share.

(3) Parents will share the remainder with the 2:1 ratio for Father and Mother respectively.

Step - 2 : Calculaton Steps according to Hazrat Umar's (RA)

a) Precribed share for wife (Sakeena) = $\frac{1}{4}$

b) Share left for Father (Shamsuddin) and Mother (Sughra) (R) = Whole − Share of Wife

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

c) Ratio of Father (Shamsuddin) and Mother (Sughra)

F : M = 2 : 1

d) Addition of Ratio of Father and Mother

F + M = 2 + 1 = 3

e) Share of Father (Shamsuddin) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Father}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Father and Mother}}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

f) Share of Mother (Sughra) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of Father and Mother}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of QAMRUDDIN (H/o Sakeena), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Sakeena) = $\frac{1}{4}$

Share of Father (Shamsuddin) = $\frac{1}{2}$

Share of Mother (Sughra) = $\frac{1}{4}$

2nd Death : SUGHRA (M/o Qamruddin)

Owner : $\frac{1}{4}$ (Share from Qamruddin's estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Shamsuddin) $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Mother (Salma) $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to one RS)

[ZF] Real Sister (Kubra) $\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + M + RS

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{3 + 2 + 3}{6} = \frac{8}{6}$

Note : Here,

All Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total Share of ZF = $\frac{8}{6}$ > 1 (AWL)

☞ Total Inheritance will be divided into 8 Parts.

☞ Therefore, calculated share for Individual Inheritor will be:

Husband = $\frac{3}{8}$ (in place of $\frac{1}{2}$)

Mother = $\frac{2}{8}$ (in place of $\frac{1}{3}$)

Real Sister = $\frac{3}{8}$ (in place of $\frac{1}{2}$)

Step - 3 : <u>Share of Inheritors from SUGHRA's Share</u> ($\frac{1}{4}$)

a) Share of Husband (Shamsuddin) = $\frac{3}{8}$ of SUGHRA's Share

= $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{32}$

b) Share of Mother (Salma) = $\frac{2}{8}$ of SUGHRA's Share

= $\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}$

c) Share of Real Sister (Kubra) = $\frac{3}{8}$ of SUGHRA's Share

= $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{32}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of SUGHRA (M/o Qamruddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Shamsuddin) = $\frac{3}{32}$

Share of Mother (Salma) = $\frac{1}{16}$

Share of Real Sister (Kubra) = $\frac{3}{32}$

NOTE

1. SHAMSUDDIN is getting the shares 2 times :
   a) $\frac{1}{2}$ share from Son QAMRUDDIN.
   b) $\frac{3}{32}$ share from Wife SUGHRA.

Therefere, total share of SHAMSUDDIN will be :

Share received from QAMRUDDIN	+	Share received From SUGHRA
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{3}{32}$

$$\frac{16}{32} + \frac{3}{} = \frac{19}{32}$$

Total Shares of Present Inheritors

SAKEENA + SHAMSUDDIN + SALMA + KUBRA

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{19}{32} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{3}{32}$$

$$\frac{8 + 19 + 2 + 3}{32} = \frac{32}{32}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 32 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount (IA) by total number of divisions then you will get the amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{80{,}000}{32}$$

$$= 2{,}500$$

Therefere, amount payable to present Inheritors will be :

SAKEENA	=	8 x 2,500	=	20,000
SHAMSUDDIN	=	19 x 2,500	=	47,500
SALMA	=	2 x 2,500	=	5,000
KUBRA	=	3 x 2,500	=	7,500
				80,000

QUESTION -6

At the time of ZAID's death his wife RAHEEMA, daughter HALEEMA and real brother RAFI were present.

Whie the property of ZAID was not distributed among his Inheritors that RAHEEMA also passed away and she left behind her Father JAMEEL, Mother SALEEMA and real brother NAZEER.

After sometime HALEEMA passed away and she left behind her husband NASEER, maternal grandfather JAMEEL, maternal grandmother SALEEMA, daughter TAHERA and paternal uncle RAFI.

If we distribute the Inheritance of ZAID then how much share each Inheritor will get?

Solution

Calculation of Inheritance will be repeated 3 times due to the death of three persons.

1st Death : ZAID (H/o Raheema)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife (Raheema)	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kid)
[ZF]	Daughter (Haleema)	$\frac{1}{2}$
[A-B-N]	Real Brother (Rafi)	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W	+	D
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{2}$

$$\frac{1 + 4}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for RB (Rafi) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of ZAID (H/o Raheema), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Raheema) = $\frac{1}{8}$

Share of Daughter (Haleema) = $\frac{1}{2}$

Share of Real Brother (Rafi) = $\frac{3}{8}$

2nd Death : RAHEEMA (W/o Zaid)

Owner : $\frac{1}{8}$ (Share from Zaid Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]+[A-B-N]	Father (Jameel)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)
[ZF]	Mother (Saleema)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)
[A-B-N]	Real Brother (Nazeer)	(No share due to Father)
[ZF]	Daughter (Haleema)	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

F + M + D

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 3}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Father (Jameel) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

b) Total Share of Father (Jameel) = ZF + R

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 1}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from RAHEEMA's Share ($\frac{1}{8}$)

a) Share of Father (Jameel) = $\frac{1}{3}$ of RAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{24}$

b) Share of Mother (Saleema) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of RAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{48}$

b) Share of Daughter (Haleema) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of RAHEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{16}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of RAHEEMA (W/o Zaid), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Father (Jameel) = $\frac{1}{24}$

Share of Mother (Saleema) = $\frac{1}{48}$

Share of Daughter (Haleema) = $\frac{1}{16}$

3rd Death : HALEEMA (D/o Zaid)	**Owner :** From Zaid $\frac{1}{2}$ + From Raheema $\frac{1}{16}$ = $\frac{9}{16}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband (Naseer)	$\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kid)
[ZA]	MGF (Nana) (Jameel)	(No share due to ZF and A-B-N)
[ZF]	MGM (Saleema)	$\frac{1}{6}$
[ZF]	Daughter (Tahera)	$\frac{1}{2}$
[A-B-N]	Real Uncle (Rafi)	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + D + MGM

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 + 6 + 2}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Real Uncle (Rafi) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{11}{12}$$

$$= \frac{12 - 11}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from HALEEMA's Share ($\frac{9}{16}$)

a) Share of Husband (Naseer) = $\frac{1}{4}$ of HALEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{9}{64}$

b) Share of MGM (Saleema) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of HALEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{9}{96}$

c) Share of Daughter (Tahera) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of HALEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{9}{32}$

c) Share of Real Uncle (Rafi) = $\frac{1}{12}$ of HALEEMA's Share

= $\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{9}{192}$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of HALEEMA (D/o Zaid), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Naseer) = $\frac{9}{64}$

Share of MGM (Saleema) = $\frac{9}{96}$

Share of Daughter (Tahera) = $\frac{9}{32}$

Share of Real Uncle (Rafi) = $\frac{9}{192}$

NOTE

1. RAFI is getting the shares 2 times :
   a) $\frac{3}{8}$ share from Brother ZAID.
   b) $\frac{9}{192}$ share from Niece HALEEMA.

Therefere, total share of RAFI will be :

Share received from ZAID + Share received from HALEEMA

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{9}{192}$$

$$\frac{72 + 9}{192} = \frac{81}{192}$$

2. SALEEMA is getting the shares 2 times :
   a) $\frac{1}{48}$ share from Daughter RAHEEMA.
   b) $\frac{9}{96}$ share from Daughter's Daughter HALEEMA.

Therefere, total share of SALEEMA will be :

Share received from RAHEEMA + Share received from HALEEMA.

$$\frac{1}{48} + \frac{9}{96}$$

$$\frac{2 + 9}{96} = \frac{11}{96}$$

Total Share of Present Inheritors

SALEEMA+JAMEEL+ TAHERA +NASEER+RAFI

$$\frac{11}{96} + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{9}{32} + \frac{9}{64} + \frac{81}{192}$$

$$\frac{22 + 8 + 54 + 27 + 81}{192} = \frac{192}{192}$$

Final Calculation Summary

Total Inheritance will be divided into 192 parts.

22 Parts will go to Saleema.

8 Parts will go to Jameel.

54 Parts will go to Tahera.

27 Parts will go to Naseer.

81 Parts will go to Rafi.

QUESTION - 7

At the time of MUSTAFA's death he left Inheritance Amount (IA) ₹ 1,08,000 and following relatives were present :

Wife	SARWARI
Mother	SHAREEFA
Son	KHALID
Mother's Sister	NASEEBA
Mother's Father	NASEEM
Mother's Father's Brother	ABDULLAH
Mother's Father's Sister	RAHEEMA

While the Property of MUSTAFA was not distributed among his heirs that SHAREEFA and NASEEM passed away one after another.

How much amount each Inheritor will get from Inheritance Amount?

Solution

1st Death : MUSTAFA (H/o Sarwari)/Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	(Sarwari)	$\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kid)
[ZF]	Mother	(Shareefa)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)
[A-B-N]	Son (Khalid)		R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W	+	M
$\frac{1}{8}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$

$$\frac{3 + 4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Son (Khalid) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{7}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 7}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of MUSTAFA (H/o Sarwari), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Sarwari) = $\frac{1}{8}$

Share of Mother (Shareefa) = $\frac{1}{6}$

Share of Son (Khalid) = $\frac{17}{24}$

2nd Death : SHAREEFA (M/o Mustafa)

Owner : $\frac{1}{6}$ (Share from Mustafa's Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N]	Grandson	(Khalid)	R
[ZF]	Real Sister	(Naseeba)	(No share due to GS and Father)
[ZF]	Father	(Naseem)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to GS)
[A-B-N]	Father's Brother (Real Uncle)	(Abdullah)	(No share due to GS and Father)
[ZA]	Father's Sister (Phoophi)	(Raheema)	(No share due to ZF and A-B-N)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Father} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

$$\text{Share left for Grandson (Khalid) (R)} = \text{Whole} - \text{Total Share of ZF}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SHAREEFA's Share (1/6)

a) Share of Grandson (Khalid) = $\frac{5}{6}$ of SHAREEFA's Share

= $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{36}$

b) Share of Father (Naseem) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of SHAREEFA's Share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of SHAREEFA (M/o Mustafa), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Grandson (Khalid) = $\frac{5}{36}$

Share of Father (Naseem) = $\frac{1}{36}$

3rd Death : NASEEM (F/o Shareefa)

Owner : $\frac{1}{36}$ (Share from Shareefa's Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter (Naseeba) $\frac{1}{2}$

[A-B-G] { Real Brother (Abdullah), Real Sister (Raheema) } R

[ZA] Daughter's Son's Son (Khalid) (Maternal great grandson) (No share due to ZF and A-B-G)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Daughter} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RB (Abdullah) and RS (Raheema) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

b) Ratio of Real Brother (Abdullah) and Real Sister (Raheema)

RB: RS = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Real Brother (Abdullah) and Real Sister (Raheema)

RB + RS = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of RB (Abdullah) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RB (Abdullah)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB (Abdullah) and RS (Raheema)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

e) Share of RS (Raheema) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RS (Raheema)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB (Abdullah) and RS (Raheema)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from NASEEM's Share ($\frac{1}{36}$)

a) Share of Daughter (Naseeba) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of NASEEM's Share

= $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{36}$ = $\frac{1}{72}$

b) Share of Real Brother (Abdullah) = $\frac{1}{3}$ of NASEEM's Share

= $\frac{1}{3}$ x $\frac{1}{36}$ = $\frac{1}{108}$

c) Share of Real Sister (Raheema) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of NASEEM's Share

= $\frac{1}{6}$ x $\frac{1}{36}$ = $\frac{1}{216}$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of NASEEM (F/o Shareefa), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Daughter (Naseeba) = $\frac{1}{72}$

Share of Real Brother (Abdullah) = $\frac{1}{108}$

Share of Real Sister (Raheema) = $\frac{1}{216}$

NOTE

1. KHALID is getting the shares 2 times :
   a) $\frac{17}{24}$ share from Father MUSTAFA.
   b) $\frac{5}{36}$ share from PGM SHAREEFA.

Therefere, total share of KHALID will be :

Share received from MUSTAFA	+	Share received from SHAREEFA
$\frac{17}{24}$	+	$\frac{5}{36}$

$$\frac{51 + 10}{72} = \frac{61}{72}$$

Total Share of Present Inheritors

SARWARI + KHALID + NASEEBA + ABDULLAH + RAHEEMA

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{61}{72} + \frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{108} + \frac{1}{216}$$

$$\frac{27 + 183 + 3 + 2 + 1}{216} = \frac{216}{216}$$

Final Calculation Summary

In this case total Inheritance will be divided into 216 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount (IA) by total number of divisions then you will get the amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{1,08,000}{216}$$

$$= 500$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be :

SARWARI	=	27 x 500	=	13,500
KHALID	=	183 x 500	=	91,500
NASEEBA	=	3 x 500	=	1,500
ABDULLAH	=	2 x 500	=	1,000
RAHEEMA	=	1 x 500	=	500
				10,8,000

QUESTION - 8

At the time of FAKRUDDIN's DEATH following relatives were present :

Mother (KHALIDA), Daughter (AYESHA), Real Sister (SWALEHA), Swaleha's husband (ZAMEER), Mother's sister (SHAHIDA), Mother's brother (HASEEB), Ayesha's husband (ASGHAR), Ayesha's Sons (NASEER, KAREEM and NAEEM) and daughters (SAEEDA and KHADEEJA).

While the property of FAKRUDDIN was not distritubed among his Inheritors that KHALIDA, SWALEHA and AYESHA also passed away, one after another.

If Inheritance Amount is 69,12,000 then how much share present Inheritors will get from it.

Solution

1st Death : FAKRUDDIN (S/o Khalida) / Owner : Whole Estate

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother (Khalida)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kid)
[ZF]	Daughter (Ayesha)	$\frac{1}{2}$	
[A-M-G]	Real Sister (Swaleha)	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & + & D \\ \frac{1}{6} & + & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

Share left for Real Sister (Swaleha) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of FAKRUDDIN (S/o Khalida), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Mother (Khalida) = $\frac{1}{6}$

Share of Daughter (Ayesha) = $\frac{1}{2}$

Share of Real Sister (Swaleha) = $\frac{1}{3}$

2nd Death : KHALIDA (M/o Fakruddin)
Owner : $\frac{1}{6}$ (Share from Fakruddin Estate)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Granddaughter (Ayesha) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Daughter)

[ZF] Daughter (Swaleha) $\frac{1}{2}$

[A-B-G] Real Sister (Shahida), Real Brother (Haseeb) R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

GD + D

$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RB (Haseeb) and RS (Shahida) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$

$= \frac{2 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

b) Ratio of Real Brother (Haseeb) and Real Sister (Shahida)

RB: RS = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of Real Brother (Haseeb) and Real Sister (Shahida)

RB + RS = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of RB (Haseeb) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RB (Haseeb)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB (Haseeb) and RS (Shahida)}}$

$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$

e) Share of RS (Shahida) = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RS (Shahida)}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB (Haseeb) and RS (Shahida)}}$

$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from KHALIDA's Share ($\frac{1}{6}$)

a) Share of GD (Ayesha) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of KHALIDA's Share

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$

b) Share of Daughter (Swaleha) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of KHALIDA's Share

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$

c) Share of Real Brother = $\frac{2}{9}$ of KHALIDA's Share

(Haseeb) = $\frac{2}{9} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{27}$

d) Share of Real Sister = $\frac{1}{9}$ of KHALIDA's Share

(Shahida) = $\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{54}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of KHALIDA (M/o Fakruddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Granddaughter (Ayesha) = $\frac{1}{36}$

Share of Daughter (Swaleha) = $\frac{1}{12}$

Share of Real Brother (Haseeb) = $\frac{1}{27}$

Share of Real Sister (Shahida) = $\frac{1}{54}$

3rd Death : SWALEHA (D/o Khalida)	From FAKRUDDIN / From Khalida
	Owner : $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Zameer) $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZA] Mother's Sister (Shahida)
[ZA] Mother's Brother (Haseeb)] (No share due to Brother's Daughter)
[ZA] Brother's Daughter (Ayesha) R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Husband} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Note : If none from ASBAAT exists but Husband who is from ZAWIL-FURUDH and Husband is given his pre-defined share.

Residue will be distributed among ZAWIL-ARHAAM.

Step - 3 : Share of ZAWIL-ARHAAM

Share left for Brother's Daughter (Ayesha) (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SWALEHA's Share ($\frac{5}{12}$)

a) Share of Husband (Zameer) $= \frac{1}{2}$ of SWALEHA's Share

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{24}$$

b) Share of Brother's Daughter (Ayesha) $= \frac{1}{2}$ of SWALEHA's Share

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{24}$$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of SWALEHA (D/o Khalida), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Zameer) $= \frac{5}{24}$

Share of Brother's Daughter (Ayesha) $= \frac{5}{24}$

4th Death : AYESHA (W/o Asghar)	Owner :	From FAKRUDDIN		From KHALIDA		From SWALEHA		
		$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{36}$	+	$\frac{5}{24}$	=	$\frac{53}{72}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband	(Asghar)	$\frac{1}{4}$ (due to Kids)
[A-B-G]	Son	(Naseer)	R
	Son	(Kareem)	
	Son	(Naeem)	
	Daughter	(Saeeda)	
	Daughter	(Khadeeja)	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Husband} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 3 Sons and 2 Daughters (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

b) Ratio of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters

S : S : S : D : D = 2 : 2 : 2 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters

S + S + S + D + D = 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 8

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{8} = \frac{3}{16}$

e) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 2 Daughters}}$

$= \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{3}{32}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from AYESHA's Share ($\frac{53}{72}$)

a) Share of Husband (Asghar) = $\frac{1}{4}$ of AYESHA's Share

$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{288}$

b) Share of Son (Naseer) = $\frac{3}{16}$ of AYESHA's Share

$= \frac{3}{16} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{384}$

c) Share of Son (Kareem) = $\frac{3}{16}$ of AYESHA's Share

$= \frac{3}{16} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{384}$

d) Share of Son (Naeem) = $\frac{3}{16}$ of AYESHA's Share

= $\frac{3}{16} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{384}$

e) Share of Daughter (Saeeda) = $\frac{3}{32}$ of AYESHA's Share

= $\frac{3}{32} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{768}$

f) Share of Daughter (Khadeeja) = $\frac{3}{32}$ of AYESHA's Share

= $\frac{3}{32} \times \frac{53}{72} = \frac{53}{768}$

Calculation Summary (4th Death)

After the death of AYESHA (W/o Asghar), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband	(Asghar)	=	$\frac{53}{288}$
Share of Son	(Naseer)	=	$\frac{53}{384}$
Share of Son	(Kareem)	=	$\frac{53}{384}$
Share of Son	(Naeem)	=	$\frac{53}{384}$
Share of Daughter	(Saeeda)	=	$\frac{53}{768}$
Share of Daughter	(Khadeeja)	=	$\frac{53}{768}$

Total Shares of Present Inheritors

SHAHIDA + HASEEB + ZAMEER + ASGHAR + NASEER + KAREEM + NAEEM + SAEEDA + KHADEEJA

$$\frac{1}{54} + \frac{1}{27} + \frac{5}{24} + \frac{53}{288} + \frac{53}{384} + \frac{53}{384} + \frac{53}{384} + \frac{53}{768} + \frac{53}{768}$$

$$\frac{128 + 256 + 1440 + 1272 + 954 + 954 + 954 + 477 + 477}{6912} = \frac{6912}{6912}$$

Final Calculation Summary

In this case, total Inheritance will be divided into 6912 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount (IA) by the total number of divisions then you will get the amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{69,12,000}{6912}$$

$$= 1,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be :

SHAHIDA	=	128 x 1,000	=	1,28,000
HASEEB	=	256 x 1,000	=	2,56,000
ZAMEER	=	1440 x 1,000	=	14,40,000
ASGHAR	=	1272 x 1,000	=	12,72,000
NASEER	=	954 x 1,000	=	9,54,000
KAREEM	=	954 x 1,000	=	9,54,000
NAEEM	=	954 x 1,000	=	9,54,000
SAEEDA	=	477 x 1,000	=	4,77,000
KHADEEJA	=	477 x 1,000	=	4,77,000
				69,12,000

QUESTION - 9

1. NAEEMUDDIN and KAREEMUDDIN were sons of AMEENUDDIN.
2. RASHEEDUDDIN and MAJEEDUDDIN were sons of NAEEMUDDIN and each son has 100 sqr metre land.
3. MAJEEDUDDIN (1st Death) has no kids and on his death, real brother RASHEEDUDDIN and KAREEMUDDIN's kids were present :

IZHARUL HAQUE MAZHARUL HAQUE	2 Sons
MAQSOODA MEHMOODA SAJIDA	3 Daughters

4. At the time of RASHEEDUDDIN's death (2nd-Death) his wife BARKATUNNISA and daughter MUSAMMAT HASHMI were present.
   Besides his real uncle's kids were present: IZHARUL HAQUE, MAZHARUL HAQUE, MAQSOODA, MEHMOODA and SAJIDA.
5. At the time of IZHARUL HAQUE's death (3rd-Death) his 3 sons and 1 daughter were present:

ANWARUL HAQUE
ISRARUL HAQUE } 3 Sons
ABDUL GHAFFAR
TEHSEEN FATIMA } Daughter

6. ANWARUL HAQUE was married with MUSAMMAT HASHMI.
7. MUSAMMAT HASHMI (4th Death) has no kids and on her death only husband ANWARUL HAQUE and Mother (BARKATUNNISA) were present.
8. On the death of BARKATUNNISA (5th Death) none of her relatives was present. Only ANWARUL HAQUE (Daughter's husband) took care of her till death.
9. How much part of the land will go to ANWARUL HAQUE from the 200 sqr. meter land of RASHEEDUDDIN and MAJEEDUDDIN ?

Solution

1st Death : MAJEEDUDDIN (S/o Naeemuddin) Owner : 100 sqr. metre Land

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Real Brother (Rasheeduddin) — R

Real Uncle's Kids (Kareemuddin) — Izharul Haque, Mazharul Haque, Maqsooda, Mehmooda, Sajida (No Share Due to Real Brother)

In this case, real brother has higher degree preference as compared with real uncle's kids.

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of MAJEEDUDDIN (S/o Naeemuddin), Inhertance will not be divided into parts.

100 sqr. metre land will be transferred to real brother RASHEEDUDDIN.

2nd Death : RASHEEDUDDIN (S/o Naeemuddin)	From Majeeduddin **Owner :** 100 + 100 = 200 Sqr. metre

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Barkatunnisa) $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kid)

[ZF] Daughter (Musammat Hashmi) $\frac{1}{2}$

[A-B-N] Real Uncle's Sons (Izharul Haque, Mazharul Haque) R

[ZA] Real Uncle's Daughters (Maqsooda, Mehmooda, Sajida) No Share due to ZF and A-B-N

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + D

$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 4}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for Real Uncle's Son's (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$$

b) Share of Real Uncle's Son (Izharul Haque) $= \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{16}$

c) Share of Real Uncle's Son (Mazharul Haque) $= \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{16}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from RASHEEDUDDIN's Share (200 sqr. metre)

a) Share of Wife = $\frac{1}{8}$ of RASHEEDUDDIN's Share

(Barkatunnisa) = $\frac{1}{8} \times 200 = 25$ sqr. metre

b) Share of Daughter = $\frac{1}{2}$ of RASHEEDUDDIN's Share

(Musammat Hashmi) = $\frac{1}{2} \times 200 = 100$ sqr. metre

c) Share of Real Uncle's Son = $\frac{3}{16}$ of RASHEEDUDDIN's Share

(Izharul Haque) = $\frac{3}{16} \times 200 = 37.5$ sqr. metre

c) Share of Real Uncle's Son = $\frac{3}{16}$ of RASHEEDUDDIN's Share

(Mazharul Haque)= $\frac{3}{16}$ x 200 = 37.5 sqr. metre

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of RASHEEDUDDIN (S/o Naeemuddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Barkatunnisa) = 25 Sqr. metre

Share of Daughter (Musammat Hashmi) = 100 Sqr. metre

Share of Real Uncle's Son (Izharul Haque) = 37.5 Sqr. metre

Share of Real Uncle's Son (Mazharul Haque) = 37.5 Sqr. metre

3rd Death : IZHARUL HAQUE (S/o Kareemuddin)	**Owner :**	**From Rasheeduddin** 37.5 : Sqr. metre

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G] [Son (Anwarul Haque), Son (Israrul Haque), Son (Abdul Gaffar), Daughter (Tehseen Fatima)] R

Step - 2 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 3 Sons and Daughter (R) = Whole – Total Share of ZF

= 1 – 0

= 1

b) Ratio of 3 Sons and Daughter

S : S : S : D = 2 : 2 : 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and Daughter

S + S + S + D = 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 = 7

d) Share of each (Son)
Anwarul Haque
Israrul Haque
Abdul Ghaffar

$$= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and Daughter}}$$

$$= 1 \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{2}{7}$$

e) Share of Daughter
(Tehseen Fatima)

$$= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and Daughter}}$$

$$= 1 \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

Step - 4 : <u>Share of Inheritors from IZHARUL HAQUE's Share (37.5 sqr. metre)</u>

a) Share of each Son (Anwarul Haque Israrul Haque Abdul Ghaffar)

$$= \frac{2}{7} \text{ of IZHARUL HAQUE's Share}$$

$$= \frac{2}{7} \times 37.5 = 10.714 \text{ sqr. metre}$$

b) Share of Daughter
(Tehseen Fatima)

$$= \frac{1}{7} \text{ of IZHARUL HAQUE's Share}$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \times 37.5 = 5.357 \text{ sqr. metre}$$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of IZHARUL HAQUE (S/o Kareemuddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Son (Anwarul Haque) = 10.714 sqr. meter

Share of Son (Israrul Haque) = 10.714 sqr. meter

Share of Son (Abdul Ghaffar) = 10.714 sqr. meter

Share of Son (Tehseen Fatima) = 5.357 sqr. meter

4th Death : Musammat (Hashmi) (D/o Rasheeduddin)	Owner :	From Rasheeduddin 100 Sqr. metre

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (Anwarul Haque) $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Mother (Barkatunnisa) $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)

Step - 2 : Total share of ZF

$$H + M$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

☞ Here, all Inheritors are Zawil Furudh.

☞ Total share of ZF = $\frac{5}{6} < 1$

☞ It's a case of "RADD" or RETURN.

☞ RADD (رد) will not be applicable to Husband.

☞ Therefore, calculation procedure will be different for RETURN.

Step - 3 : Calculation Procedure for RETURN

a) Share of Husband $= \frac{1}{2}$

b) Share left for Mother

$= \text{Whole} - \text{Share of Husband}$

$= 1 - \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{2 - 1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from MUSAMMAT HASHMI's Share (100 sqr. metre)

a) Share of Husband (Anwarul Haque)

$= \frac{1}{2}$ of MUSAMMAT HASHMI's Share

$= \frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 50$ sqr. metre

b) Share of Mother (Barkatunnisa)

$= \frac{1}{2}$ of MUSAMMAT HASHMI's Share

$= \frac{1}{2} \times 100 = 50$ sqr. metre

Calculation Summary (4th Death)

After the death of MUSAMMAT HASHMI (D/o Rasheeduddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Anwarul Haque) = 50 Sqr. metre

Share of Mother (Barkatunnisa) = 50 Sqr. metre

5th Death : BARKATUNNISA (W/o Rasheeduddin)	**Owner :** From Rasheeduddin 25 + From Musammat Hashmi 50 = 75 Sqr. metre

Note : As per Question, on the death of BARKATUNNISA none of her relatives was present. Only ANWARUL HAQUE (Son-in-Law) i.e. husband of MUSAMMAT HASHMI was present. He was the only one who took care of BARKATUNNISA till death; therefore total share (75 sqr metre) of BARKATUNNISA will be handed over to ANWARUL HAQUE.

Calculation Summary (5th Death)

After the death of BARKATUNNISA (W/o Rasheeduddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Son-in-Law (ANWARUL HAQUE) = 75 Sqr. metre

Final Calculation Summary

In this case the total land share of ANWARUL HAQUE will be :

Share received from Father (Izharul Haque) = 10.714

Share received from Wife (Musammat Hashmi) = 50.000

Share received from Mother-in-law (Barkatunnisa) = 75.00

sqr. metre 135.714

QUESTION - 10

At the time of GRANDFATHER's death following Inheritors were present :

3 Sons

7 Daughters

While the property of the GRANDFATHER was not distributed among his Inheritors that SON-1, SON-2 and DAUGHTER-1 also passed away, one after another.

SON-1 left behind only 4 Daughters.

SON-2 left behind his Wife, one Son and two Daughters.

DAUGHTER-1 left behind her two Sons and one Daughter.

Calculate the shares and amount of present Inheritors out of total property worth of Rs. 1 crore.

Solution

1st Death : GRANDFATHER
Owner : Whole Estate (Rs. 1 Cr.)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G] [Son-1, Son-2, Son-3, Daughter-1, Daughter-2, Daughter-3, Daughter-4, Daughter-5, Daughter-6, Daughter-7] R

Note :
As there are no primary heirs, therefore the entre property will be divided among secondary heirs.

Step - 2 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 3 Sons and 7 Daughters (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

= 1 − 0

= 1

b) Ratio of 3 Sons and 7 Daughters

S : S : S : D : D : D : D : D : D : D
2 : 2 : 2 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 7 Daughters

S + S + S + D + D + D + D + D + D + D
2 + 2 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 13

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 7 Daughters}}$

= 1 x $\frac{2}{13} = \frac{2}{13}$

d) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 7 Daughter}}$

= 1 x $\frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{13}$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of GRANDFATHER, the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of each Son (1-3) = $\frac{2}{13}$

Share of each Daughter (1-7) = $\frac{1}{13}$

2nd Death : SON-1 | **Owner : $\frac{2}{13}$ (From Father)**

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] 4 Daughters $\frac{2}{3}$ (Each Daughter = $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{6}$)

[A-B-G] { 2 Real Brothers, 7 Real Sisters } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$S_1D_1 + S_1D_2 + S_1D_3 + S_1D_4$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1 + 1 + 1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 RBs and 7 RSs (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Ratio of 2 RBs and 7 RSs

RB_2	RB_3	RS_1	RS_2	RS_3	RS_4	RS_5	RS_6	RS_7
2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

c) Addition of Ratios of 2 RBs and 7 RSs

$$RB_2+RB_3+RS_1+RS_2+RS_3+RS_4+RS_5+RS_6+RS_7$$
$$2+2+1+1+1+1+1+1+1=11$$

d) Share of each RB $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of each RB}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 RBs and 7 RSs}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{11} = \frac{2}{33}$$

d) Share of each RS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of RS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 RBs and 7 RSs}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{11} = \frac{1}{33}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SON-1's Share ($\frac{2}{13}$)

a) Share of each Daughter $= \frac{1}{6}$ of SON-1's (Father) share

$$\left(\begin{matrix}S_1D_1, S_1D_2,\\ S_1D_3, S_1D_4,\end{matrix}\right) = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{13} = \frac{1}{39}$$

b) Share of each Real Brother (S_1 RB_2, S_1RB_3) = $\frac{2}{33}$ of SONS-1's (RB_1) share

= $\frac{2}{33} \times \frac{2}{13} = \frac{4}{429}$

c) Share of each Real Sister (S_1 RS_1- S_1RS_7) = $\frac{1}{33}$ of SONS-1's (RB_1) share

= $\frac{1}{33} \times \frac{2}{13} = \frac{2}{429}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of SON-1, the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of each Daughter (S_1 D_1——— S_1 D_4) = $\frac{1}{39}$

Share of each Real Brother (S_1 RB_2——— S_1 RB_3) = $\frac{4}{429}$

Share of each Real Sister (S_1 RS_1——— S_1 RS_7) = $\frac{2}{429}$

3rd Death : SON-2	Owner :	From Father $\frac{2}{13}$	+	From RB_1 (Son-1) $\frac{4}{429}$	=	$\frac{70}{429}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife — $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-G] { 2 Daughters, 1 Son } R

[A-B-G] { 1 Real Brother (RB3), 7 Real Sisters } (No Share due to Son)

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Wife} = \frac{1}{8}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 1 S and 2 Ds (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

b) Ratio of 1 S and 2 Ds

S : D : D = 2 : 1 : 1

c) Addition of Ratio of 1 S and 2 Ds

S + D + D = 2 + 1 + 1 = 4

d) Share of Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 1 S and 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{2}{4} = \frac{7}{16}$$

d) Share of each Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of each Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 1 S and 2 Ds}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{32}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SON-2's Share ($\frac{70}{429}$)

a) Share of Wife (S_2 W) = $\frac{1}{8}$ of SON-2's (Husband) share

= $\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{70}{429} = \frac{35}{1716}$

b) Share of Son (S_2 S) = $\frac{7}{16}$ of SON-2's (Father) share

= $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{70}{429} = \frac{245}{3432}$

c) Share of each Daughter (S_2 D_1, S_2 D_2) = $\frac{7}{32}$ of SON-2's (Father) share

= $\frac{7}{32} \times \frac{70}{429} = \frac{245}{6864}$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of SON-2, the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (S_2 W) = $\frac{35}{1716}$

Share of Son (S_2 S) = $\frac{245}{3432}$

Share of each Daughter (S_2 D_1, S_2 D_2) = $\frac{245}{6845}$

4th Death : DAUGHTER-1	**Owner :**	From Father $\frac{1}{13}$ + From RBI (SON-1) $\frac{2}{429}$ = $\frac{35}{429}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-G] { 2 Son, 1 Daughter } R

[A-B-G] { 1 Real Brother (RB3), 6 Real Sisters } (No Share due to Son)

Step - 2 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 Sons and 1 Daughter (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

= 1 − 0

= 1

b) Ratio of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter

S : S : D = 2 : 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter

S + S + D = 2 + 2 + 1 = 5

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of each Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter}}$

= 1 x $\frac{2}{5}$ = $\frac{2}{5}$

e) Share of Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter}}$

= 1 x $\frac{1}{5}$ = $\frac{1}{5}$

Step - 3 : Share of Inheritors from DAUGHTER-1's Share ($\frac{35}{429}$)

a) Share of each Son ($D_1 S_1$, $D_1 S_2$)

= $\frac{2}{5}$ of DAUGHTER-1's Share (Mother)

= $\frac{2}{5}$ x $\frac{35}{429}$ = $\frac{14}{429}$

b) Share of Daughter (D_1 D)

= $\frac{1}{5}$ of DAUGHTER-1's Share (Mother)

= $\frac{1}{5}$ x $\frac{35}{429}$ = $\frac{7}{429}$

Calculation Summary (4th Death)

After the death of DAUGHTER-1, the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of each Son ($D_1 S_1$, $D_1 S_2$) = $\frac{14}{429}$

Share of Daughter (D_1 D) = $\frac{7}{429}$

NOTE

☞ SON-3 (RB3)is getting the shares 2 times:

a) $\frac{2}{13}$ share from Father (PGF)

b) $\frac{4}{429}$ share from SON-1 (RB1)

Therefere, total share of SON-3 will be :

Share received from FATHER (PGF)	+	Share received From SON-1 (RBI)
$\frac{2}{13}$	+	$\frac{4}{429}$

$$\frac{66}{429} + \frac{4}{} = \frac{70}{429}$$

☞ DAUGHTER-2 to DAUGHTER-7 are getting the shares 2 times :

a) $\frac{1}{13}$ share from Father (PGF)

b) $\frac{2}{429}$ share from SON-1 (RB1)

Therefere, total share of each DAUGHTER (2-7) will be :

Share received from FATHER (PGF)	+	Share received From SON-1 (RBI)
$\frac{1}{13}$	+	$\frac{2}{429}$

$$\frac{33}{429} + \frac{2}{} = \frac{35}{429}$$

Total Shares of Present Inheritors

$$S3+D2+D3+D4+D5+D6+D7+S_1D_1+S_1D_2+S_1D_3+S_1D_4+S_2W+S_2S+S_2D_1+S_2D_2+D_1S_1+D_1S_2+D_1D$$

$$\frac{70}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{35}{429}+\frac{1}{39}+\frac{1}{39}+\frac{1}{39}+\frac{1}{39}+\frac{35}{1716}+\frac{245}{3432}+\frac{245}{6864}+\frac{245}{6864}+\frac{14}{429}+\frac{14}{429}+\frac{7}{429}$$

$$\frac{1120+560+560+560+560+560+560+176+176+176+176+140+490+245+245+224+224+112}{6864}$$

Calculation Summary

In this case, total Inheritance will be divided into 6,864 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get the amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{1,00,00,000}{6864}$$

$$= 1456.87646$$

Therefore, the amount payable to present Inheritors will be :

SON-3 (S3)	=	1120 x 1456.87646	=	16,31,701.64
DAUGHTER-2 (D2)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
DAUGHTER-3 (D3)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
DAUGHTER-4 (D4)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
DAUGHTER-5 (D6)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
DAUGHTER-6 (D6)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
DAUGHTER-7 (D7)	=	560 x 1456.87646	=	8,15,850.81
SON-1's DAUGHTER-1 (S_1D_1)	=	176 x 1456.87646	=	2,56,410.25
SON-1's DAUGHTER-2 (S_1D_2)	=	176 x 1456.87646	=	2,56,410.25
SON-1's DAUGHTER-3 (S_1D_3)	=	176 x 1456.87646	=	2,56,410.25
SON-1's DAUGHTER-4 (S_1D_4)	=	176 x 1456.87646	=	2,56,410.25
SON-2's WIFE (S_2W)	=	140 x 1456.87646	=	2,03,962.70
SON-2's SON (S_2S)	=	490 x 1456.87646	=	7,13,869.46
SON-2's DAUGHTER-1 (S_2D_1)	=	245 x 1456.87646	=	3,56,934.70
SON-2's DAUGHTER-2 (S_2D_2)	=	245 x 1456.87646	=	3,56,934.70
DAUGHTER-1's SON-1 (D_1S_1)	=	224 x 1456.87646	=	3,26,340.32
DAUGHTER-1's SON-2 (D_1S_2)	=	224 x 1456.87646	=	3,26,340.32
DAUGHTER-1's DAUGHTER-1 (D_1D)	=	112 x 1456.87646	=	1,63,170.16
				99, 99, 999.86

QUESTION -11

Calculate share of FARHANA in 51 sqr. metre land.

ILMUDDIN expired in 1969, leaving behind his wife FATIMAH and four sons; Ashraf, Aslam, Abid and Zahid. His Inheritance was not distributed and in due course his four sons died, one by one.

ASHRAF	expired	in	1980
ASLAM	expired	in	1990
ABID	expired	in	2007
ZAHID	expired	in	2019

Then ILMUDDIN's wife also expired in 1982.

When ASHRAF died, he left behind his wife SAKEENA and no kid.

When ASLAM died, he left behind his two daughters FARHANA and SAMEERA.

When ABID and ZAHID died, they left behind their male kids.

SAMEERA expired in 2009, leaving behind her husband QASIM, Real sister FARHANA and Real Uncle ZAHID.

Solution

1st Death : (1969) Ilmuddin H/o Fatimah	Owner : Whole Estate (51 Sqr. metre land)

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Fatimah) $\frac{1}{8}$ (due to Kids)

[A-B-N] { Son (Ashraf), Son (Aslam), Son (Abid), Son (Zahid) } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\text{Wife} = \frac{1}{8}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for 4 Sons (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

b) Share of each Son

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{32}$$

Calculation Summary (1st Death)

After the death of ILMUDDIN (H/o Fatimah), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Fatimah) = $\frac{1}{8}$

Share of Son (Ashraf) = $\frac{7}{32}$

Share of Son (Aslam) = $\frac{7}{32}$

Share of Son (Abid) = $\frac{7}{32}$

Share of Son (Zahid) = $\frac{7}{32}$

2nd Death : ASHRAF (1980) (S/o Ilmuddin) | **Owner : $\frac{7}{32}$ (From Father)**

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife (Sakeena) $\frac{1}{4}$ (due to no Kids)

[ZF] Mother (Fatimah) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to RBs)

[A-B-N] { R Brother (Aslam), R Brother (Abid), R Brother (Zahid) } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

W + M

$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}$

$\frac{3 + 2}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for three RBs (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{5}{12}$

$= \frac{12 - 5}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$

b) Share of each Real Brother = $\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{36}$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from ASHRAF's Share (7/32)

a) Share of Wife (Sakeena) = $\frac{1}{4}$ of ASHRAF's share

= $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{7}{32} = \frac{7}{128}$

b) Share of Mother (Fatimah) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of ASHRAF's share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{7}{32} = \frac{7}{192}$

c) Share of each Real Brother (Aslam, Abid, Zahid) = $\frac{7}{36}$ of ASHRAF's share

= $\frac{7}{36} \times \frac{7}{32} = \frac{49}{1152}$

Calculation Summary (2nd Death)

After the death of ASHRAF (S/o Ilmuddin) the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Wife (Sakeena) = $\frac{7}{128}$

Share of Mother (Fatimah) = $\frac{7}{192}$

Share of Real Brother (Aslam) = $\frac{49}{1152}$

Share of Real Brother (Abid) = $\frac{49}{1152}$

Share of Real Brother (Zahid) = $\frac{49}{1152}$

3rd Death : FATIMAH (1982) (W/o) Ilmuddin	Owner : From Ilmuddin $\frac{1}{8}$ + From Ashraf $\frac{7}{192}$ = $\frac{31}{192}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] { Son (Aslam), Son (Abid), Son (Zahid) }

Share of FATIMAH will be equally distributed among three sons.

Therefore share of each son from FATIMAH's share will be

$$= \frac{31}{192} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{31}{576}$$

Calculation Summary (3rd Death)

After the death of FATIMAH (W/o Ilmuddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Son (Aslam) = $\frac{31}{576}$

Share of Son (Abid) = $\frac{31}{576}$

Share of Son (Zahid) = $\frac{31}{576}$

4th Death : ASLAM (1990) (S/o) Ilmuddin	Owner : From Ilmuddin $\frac{7}{32}$ + From Ashraf $\frac{49}{1152}$ + From Fatimah $\frac{31}{576}$ = $\frac{363}{1152}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Daughter (Farhana) } $\frac{2^*}{3}$

[ZF] Daughter (Sameera) }

[A-B-N] { R Brother (Abid), R Brother (Zahid) } R

* Equal distribution between two daughters, therefore share of each will

$$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

D + D

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1 + 1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

a) Share left for two RBs (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$\frac{1}{3}$ Share will be equally divided into two parts. Therefore share of each Real Brother will be

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from ASLAM's Share (363/1152)

a) Share of Daughter (Farhana)

$$= \frac{1}{3} \text{ of ASLAM's share}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{363}{1152} = \frac{121}{1152}$$

b) Share of Daughter (Sameera)

$$= \frac{1}{3} \text{ of ASLAM's share}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{363}{1152} = \frac{121}{1152}$$

c) Share of Real Brother (Abid) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of ASLAM's share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{363}{1152} = \frac{121}{2304}$

d) Share of Real Brother (Zahid) = $\frac{1}{6}$ of ASLAM's share

= $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{363}{1152} = \frac{121}{2304}$

Calculation Summary (4th Death)

After the death of ASLAM (S/o Ilmuddin), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Daughter (Farhana) = $\frac{121}{1152}$

Share of Daughter (Sameera) = $\frac{121}{1152}$

Share of Real Brother (Abid) = $\frac{121}{2304}$

Share of Real Brother (Zahid) = $\frac{121}{2304}$

5th Death : ABID (2007) (S/o) Ilmuddin | **Owner :** $\overset{\text{From Ilmuddin}}{\frac{7}{32}} + \overset{\text{From Ashraf}}{\frac{49}{1152}} + \overset{\text{From Fatimah}}{\frac{31}{576}} + \overset{\text{From Aslam}}{\frac{121}{2304}} = \frac{847}{2304}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Sons

[A-B-N] R Brother(Zahid)

[ZA]
- R Brother's Daughter (Sameera) (Aslam)
- R Brother's Daughter (Farhana) (Aslam)

Due to Sons of ABID, Real Brother Zahid and ASLAM's daughters (Sameera and Farhana) will not get any share from ABID's Inheritance.

Therefore, total share of ABID will be distributed among his Sons.

Calculation Summary (5th Death)

After the death of ABID (S/o Ilmuddin), his Inheritance share (847/2304) will be distributed among his Sons .

6th Death : SAMEERA (2009) (D/o Aslam) | **Owner :** $\frac{121}{1152}$ **(From Aslam)**

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband (Qasim)	$\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)
[ZF]	Real Sister (Farhana)	$\frac{1}{2}$
[A-B-N]	Real Uncle (Zahid)	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H + RS

$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1 + 1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Real Uncle (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

= 1 − 1 = 0

Step - 4 : Share of Inheritors from SAMEERA's Share (121/1152)

a) Share of Husband (Qasim) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of SAMEERA's share

= $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{121}{1152}$ = $\frac{121}{2304}$

b) Share of Real Sister (Farhana) = $\frac{1}{2}$ of SAMEERA's share

= $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{121}{1152}$ = $\frac{121}{2304}$

Calculation Summary (6th Death)

After the death of SAMEERA (D/o Aslam), the Individual share of each Inheritor will be :

Share of Husband (Qasim) = $\frac{121}{2304}$

Share of Real Sister (Farhana) = $\frac{121}{2304}$

7th Death : ZAHID (2019) (S/o) Ilmuddin	Owner : $\overset{\text{From Ilmuddin}}{\frac{7}{32}} + \overset{\text{From Ashraf}}{\frac{49}{1152}} + \overset{\text{From Fatimah}}{\frac{31}{576}} + \overset{\text{From Aslam}}{\frac{121}{2304}} = \frac{847}{2304}$

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[A-B-N] Sons

[A-B-N] R Brother's Sons (Abid)

[ZA] R Brother's Daughter (Farhana) (Aslam)

Due to Sons of ZAHID, Real Brother's Sons and Real Brother's Daughter (Farhana) will not get any share from ZAHID's Inheritance.

Calculation Summary (7th Death)

After the death of ZAHID (S/o Ilmuddin), his Inheritance share (847/2304) will be distributed among his Sons .

Note : Total Share of FARHANA

Received from Father (Aslam) + Received from Real Sister (Sameera)

$$\frac{121}{1152} + \frac{121}{2304}$$

$$\frac{242 + 121}{2304} = \frac{363}{2304}$$

Total Share of Present Inheritors

ABID's SONS + ZAHID's SONS + FARHANA + QASIM + SAKEENA

$$\frac{847}{2304} + \frac{847}{2304} + \frac{363}{2304} + \frac{121}{2304} + \frac{7}{128}$$

$$\frac{847 + 847 + 363 + 121 + 126}{2304} = \frac{2304}{2304}$$

Final Calculation Summary

In this case, total Inheritance will be divided into 2304 parts. If you divide 51 sqr. metre land by total number of divisions then you will get one division's share in metre.

$$\text{1 share in sqr. metre} = \frac{\text{Total Inheritance Land}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{51}{2304} = 0.02213542$$

Therefore, land share of present Inheritors will be :

Share of ABID's Sons	= 847 x 0.02213542	= 18.748
Share of ZAHID's Sons	= 847 x 0.02213542	= 18.748
Share of FARHANA	**= 363 x 0.02213542**	**= 8.035**
Share of QASIM	= 121 x 0.02213542	= 2.678
Share of SAKEENA	= 126 x 0.02213542	= 2.789
		50.999

Rules of Surrendering Inheritance Share on one's Own

(تخارج)

INTRODUCTION OF TAKHARUJ (تخارج)

TAKHARUJ means surrendering one's own Inheritance share. There may be many conditions of it, for example:

- ☞ Someone can surrender his/her Inheritance share on his/her own without any demand.
- ☞ Someone can surrender his/her Inheritance share on his/her own with demand and other Inheritors must agree to that demand.*

* Specific garden, car, flat, shop, etc.

- ☞ Someone can surrender his/her Inheritance on his/her own because he/she has debt** of deceased.

* * Money, Mehar (Dower), etc.

Procedure to calculate Inheritance share in case of TAKHARUJ

It must be noted that the Inheritor who wants to surrender his Inheritance share, with or without demand, should be included in the calculation; he must not be left out.

If you do that then the share of ratios among the rest of Inheritors will not be correct and distributed share will be wrong.

There are two methods to solve this problem:

Method -1

The person, who wants to surrender his Inheritance share, will also be included in inheritance calculation. After distributing due shares among heirs, the share of the person who wants to surrender it, will be distributed among the rest of the heirs according to the ratio of their shares.

Method -2

The person who wants to surrender his inheritance share, will be included in Initial Inheritance Calculation. Then we will calculate Fractional shares of all heirs, including this person. In the Final Calculation, fractional share of this person will be dropped and fractional shares of rest of the heirs will be taken together. By doing so rest of the inheritors will get their share in the surrendered share of that person in correct ratio along with their own respective shares.

QUESTION - 1

On the death of JAMEELA, her total estate cost was ₹ 6,00,000 lakh and had following Inheritors :

Husband

Mother

Real Uncle

Her husband did not pay her dower amount (Mehar); that's why her husband does not want to take his Inheritance share and wants to distribute it among the rest of the Inheritors.

Solution

This Question can be solved via METHOD-1 or METHOD-2 and answer will be the same.

If we solve the same question by isolating that person who does not want to take his share then it will affect other Inheritors' shares.

Calculation Approach : METHOD-1

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)
[A-B-N]	Real Uncle	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccc} H & + & M \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Real Uncle (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & + & M & + & RU \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 2 + 1}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary (METHOD-1)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{6,00,000}{6}$$

$$= 1,00,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be:

Husband	= 3 x 1,00,000	=	3,00,000
Mother	= 2 x 1,00,000	=	2,00,000
Real Uncle	= 1 x 1,00,000	=	1,00,000

As per question, JAMEELA'S Husband does not want to take his share amount of ₹ 3,00,000 Lakh. He wants this amount to be distributed between rest of the Inheritors according to their Shares' Ratio.

Now Calculate the Shares' Ratio between Mother and Real Uncle

$$\begin{array}{cc} M & RU \\ \frac{1}{3} & + \quad \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2 \quad + \quad 1}{6}$$

The Shares' Ratio between Mother and Real Uncle is

$$\boxed{M : RU = 2 : 1}$$

And addition of their RATIOS is

$$\boxed{M + RU = 2 + 1 = 3}$$

Therefore, Share of Mother from JAMEELA'S Husband's share will be:

$$= \text{Share of JAMEELA's Husband's share} \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Mother}}{\text{Addition of RATIOS of M and RU}}$$

$$= 3{,}00{,}000 \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= 2{,}00{,}000$$

Similarty, share of Real Uncle from JAMEELA's Husband's share will be :

$$= \text{Share of JAMEELA's Husband's share} \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Real Uncle}}{\text{Addition of RATIOS of M and RU}}$$

$$= 3{,}00{,}000 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= 1{,}00{,}000$$

Therefore, the total share of Mother will be :

$$= \text{Share received from JAMEELA} + \text{Share received from JAMEELA'S Husband}$$

$$= 2{,}00{,}000 + 2{,}00{,}000$$

$$= 4{,}00{,}000$$

Similarly, the total share of Real Uncle will be :

$$= \text{Share received from JAMEELA} + \text{Share received from JAMEELA'S Husband}$$

= 1,00,000 + 1,00,000

= 2,00,000

Calculation Approach : METHOD-2

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Husband	$\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)
[ZF]	Mother	$\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)
[A-B-N]	Real Uncle	R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$\begin{array}{ccc} H & + & M \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3 + 2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Real Uncle (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H & + & M & + & RU \\ \frac{1}{2} & + & \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

Step - 5 : Drop the fractional Share (1/2) of that Inheritor (Husband) who does not want to take his share and re-calculate the total shares of remaining Inheritors:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & + & RU \\ \frac{1}{3} & + & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2 + 1}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$$

Share of Mother is 2 Share of Real Uncle is 1.

Therefore, addition of their shares will be 2+1=3

Calculation Summary (METHOD-2)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 3 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{6,00,000}{3}$$

$$= 2,00,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be:

Mother	= 2 x 2,00,000	=	4,00,000
Real Uncle	= 1 x 2,00,000	=	2,00,000

Note :

☞ In both METHODS (1 and 2), the final answer is same.

☞ METHOD-2 has very clear opproach of calculation.

Effects on other Inheritors' shares if we isolate someone in calculation

Let's isolate JAMEELA'S Husband from calculation because he does not want to take his Inheritance share.

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Mother $\frac{1}{3}$ (due to no Kid)

[A-B-N] Real Uncle R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Mother = $\frac{1}{3}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-NAFSIHI

Share left for Real Uncle (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + RU

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2}{3} = \frac{3}{3}$$

Share of Mother is 1

Share of Real Uncle is 2

Calculation Summary (Isolating Husband)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 3 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{6,00,000}{3}$$

$$= 2,00,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be:

Mother	= 1 x 2,00,000	=	2,00,000
Real Uncle	= 2 x 2,00,000	=	4,00,000

Note :

- ☞ It's very clear that isolaion of Husband right from the begining affect the Mother's Share. She is getting nothing from the left-out Share of JAMEELA'S HUSBAND (because she is getting her predefined share $\frac{1}{3}$ x 6,00,000 = 2,00,000)
- ☞ Leaving out share of JAMEELA'S Husband is only going to Real Uncle, and not to Mother.

QUESTION - 2

On the death of AKRAM, his estate cost left was ₹ 1,20,00,000 after taking out the specific property by his one son with the consent of other Inheritors.

AKRAM left behind his wife, 3 sons and one daughter.

Distribute Inheritance among rest of the Inheritors because Son-1 has taken out his fathers specific property as Inheritance share.

Solution

We have clarified in Question-1 solution that METHOD-2 is the best approach of calculation; therefore, we will solve this question by METHOD-2.

And we will also solve this question by isolating that person (Son-1) who wants to take out a specific property as Inheritance share and we will see how it will affect other Inheritors' shares.

Calculation Approach : METHOD-2

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	$\frac{1}{8}$	(due to Kids)
[A-B-G]	Son-1 Son-2 Son-3 Daughter-1	R	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 3 Sons and 1 Daughter (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$

$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

b) Ratio of 3 Sons and 1 Daughter

S : S : S : D = 2 : 2 : 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 3 Sons and 1 Daughter

S + S + S + D = 2 + 2 + 2 + 1 = 7

d) Share of each Son $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of each Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Ss and 1 Daughter}}$

$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{1}{4}$

e) Share of Daughter $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 3 Ss and 1 Daughter}}$

$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{8}$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$W + S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + D$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$$

Step - 5 : Drop the fractional share (1/4) of that Inheritor (Son-1) who wants to take out specific Inheritance share and re-calculate the total shares of the remaining Inheritors:

$$W + S_2 + S_3 + D$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 + 2 + 1}{8}$$

Share of Wife is 1
Share of Son-2 is 2
Share of Son-3 is 2
Share of Daughter is 1

Therefore, addition of their shares will be
1 + 2 + 2 + 1 = 6

Calculation Summary (METHOD-2)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{1,20,00,000}{6}$$

$$= 20,00,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be:

Wife	=	1	x	20,00,000	= 20,00,000
Son-2	=	2	x	20,00,000	= 40,00,000
Son-3	=	2	x	20,00,000	= 40,00,000
Daughter	=	1	x	20,00,000	= 20,00,000

Effects on other Inheritors' shares if we isolate someone in calculation

Let's isolate Son-1 from calculation as he wants to take out specific Inheritance as his share.

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Wife $\frac{1}{8}$

[A-B-G] { Son-2, Son-3, Daughter-1 } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Wife $= \frac{1}{8}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for 2 Ss and 1 D (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

b) Ratio of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter

S : S : D = 2 : 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of 2 Sons and 1 Daughter

S + S + D = 2 + 2 + 1 = 5

d) Share of each Son = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of each Son}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss and 1 D}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{20}$$

e) Share of Daughter = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of Daughter}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of 2 Ss and 1 D}}$

$$= \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{40}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$W + S_2 + S_3 + D$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{7}{20} + \frac{7}{20} + \frac{7}{40}$$

$$\frac{5 + 14 + 14 + 7}{40} = \frac{40}{40}$$

Calculation Summary (Isolating Son-1)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 40 parts. If you divide Inheritance Amount by total number of divisions then you will get amount of 1 part.

$$\text{Amount of 1 Part} = \frac{\text{Inheritance Amount}}{\text{Total number of divisions}}$$

$$= \frac{1,20,00,000}{40}$$

$$= 3,00,000$$

Therefore, amount payable to present Inheritors will be:

Wife	=	5 x 3,00,000	=	15,00,000
Son-2	=	14 x 3,00,000	=	42,00,000
Son-3	=	14 x 3,00,000	=	42,00,000
Daughter	=	7 x 3,00,000	=	21,00,000

Note :

☞ It's very clear that isolation of Son-1 in this case affects the wife's share. She is getting only predefined share $\left(\frac{1}{8} \times 1,20,00,000 = 15,00,000\right)$

Thus she has to bear the loss of 5,00,000 Lakh.

☞ Due to isolation of Son-1 from the calculation, lost share of wife (5,00,000) is going towards Son-2, Son-3 and Daughter.

QUESTION -3

On the death of SABIRA following Inheritors were present :

Husband	(ASHRAF)
Mother	(AMEENA)
Real Brother	(RASHID)
Real Sister	(ABIDA)

Her Husband did not pay her dower amount (Mehar). That's why her husband does not want to accept his Inheritance share.

He wants to distribute his share among the rest of the Inheritors.

Solution

We have clarified our concept in Question 1 solution that METHOD-2 is the best approach of calculation.

Therefore, we will solve this question by METHOD-2.

And we will also solve this question by isolating that person (Husband) who does not want to take Inheritance share and will see how it affects other Inheritors' shares.

Calculation Approach : METHOD-2

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Husband (ASHRAF) $\frac{1}{2}$ (due to no Kid)

[ZF] Mother (AMEENA) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to RB, RS)

[A-B-G] { Real Brother (RASHID), Real Sister (ABIDA) } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

H	+	M
$\frac{1}{2}$	+	$\frac{1}{6}$

$$\frac{3 + 1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RB and RS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

b) Ratio of RB and RS

RB : RS = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of RB and RS

RB + RS = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of RB = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RB}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$$

e) Share of RS = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$H + M + RB + RS$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9}$$

Step - 5 : Drop the fractional share (1/2) of that Inheritor (Husband-ASHRAF) who wants to surrender his Inheritance share and re-calculate the total shares of the remaining Inheritors :

$$M + RB + RS$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 2}{18}$$

Share of Mother (AMEENA) is 3.
Share of Real Brother (RASHID) is 4.
Share of Real Sister (ABIDA) is 2.

Therefore, addition of their shares will be
3 + 4 + 2 = 9

Calculation Summary (METHOD-2)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 9 parts.

3 Parts will go to Mother (AMEENA) = $\frac{3}{9}$ = 33.33%

4 Parts will go to RB (RASHID) = $\frac{4}{9}$ = 44.33%

2 Parts will go to RS (ABIDA) = $\frac{2}{9}$ = 22.33%

Effects on other Inheritors' shares if we isolate someone in calculation

Let's isolate husband (ASHRAF) from calculation because he does not want to accept his Inheritance share.

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF] Mother (AMEENA) $\frac{1}{6}$ (due to RB, RS)

[A-B-G] { Real Brother (RASHID), Real Sister (ABIDA) } R

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

Mother = $\frac{1}{6}$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-BI-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RB and RS (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{6 - 1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

b) Ratio of RB and RS

RB : RS = 2 : 1

c) Addition of Ratios of RB and RS

RB + RS = 2 + 1 = 3

d) Share of RB = R x $\frac{\text{Ratio of RB}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{9}$$

e) Share of RS $= R \times \frac{\text{Ratio of RS}}{\text{Addition of Ratios of RB and RS}}$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{18}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$M + RB + RS$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{9} + \frac{5}{18}$$

$$\frac{3 + 10 + 5}{18} = \frac{18}{18}$$

Calculation Summary

(isolating Husband-ASHRAF)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 18 parts.

3 Parts will go to Mother (AMEENA)= $\frac{3}{18}$ = 16.67%

10 Parts will go to RB (RASHID) = $\frac{10}{18}$ = 55.55%

5 Parts will go to RS (ABIDA) = $\frac{5}{18}$ = 27.77%

☞ **Note :**

It's very clear that isolation of Husband (ASHRAF) is affects on Mother's (AMEENA's) share. She is getting nothing from the left-out share of ASHRAF (because she is getting only her predefined share $\frac{1}{6}$ = 16.67%)

☞ Left-out share of ASHRAF is going only to Real Brother (RASHID) and Real Sister (ABIDA).

QUESTION - 4

On the death of AFSAR his wife (ANJUM), Mother (SWALEHA), Real Sister (SAJIDA) and Daughter (UZMA) were present.

His wife (ANJUM) wants to take specific property. Other Inheritors agree to her proposal.

Distribute Inheritance among rest of the Inheritors.

Solution

We have clarified our concept in question 1 solution that METHOD-2 is the best approach of calculation. Therefore, we will solve this question by METHOD-2.

And we will also solve this question by isolating that person (ANJUM - W/o AFSAR) who wants to take out a specific property as her Inheritance share and will see how it affects other Inheritors' shares.

Calculation Approach : METHOD-2

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Wife	(ANJUM)	$\frac{1}{8}$	(due to Kid)
[ZF]	Mother	(SWALEHA)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(due to Kid)
[A-M-G]	RS	(SAJIDA)	R	(due to Daughter)
[ZF]	Daughter	(UZMA)	$\frac{1}{2}$	

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

$$W + M + D$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3 + 4 + 12}{24} = \frac{19}{24}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RS - SAJIDA (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{19}{24}$$

$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

$$W + M + RS + D$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{24} + \frac{1}{2}$$

Step - 5 : Drop the fractional share (1/8) of that Inheritor (Wife-ANJUM) who wants to take out a specific property as Inheritance share and re-calculate the total shares of the remaining Inheritors :

$$M + RS + D$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{24} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4 + 5 + 12}{24}$$

Share of Mother (SWALEHA) is 4.
Share of RS (SAJIDA) is 5.
Share of Daughter (UZMA) is 12.

Therefore, addition of their shares will be
4 + 5 + 12 = 21

Calculation Summary (METHOD-2)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 21 parts.

4 Parts will go to Mother (SWALEHA) = $\frac{4}{21}$ = 19.04%

5 Parts will go to RS (SAJIDA) = $\frac{5}{21}$ = 23.80%

12 Parts will go to Daughter (UZMA) = $\frac{12}{21}$ = 57.14%

Effects on other Inheritors' Shares if we isolate someone in calculation

Let's isolate wife (ANJUM) from calculation because she wants to take out a specific property as her Inheritance share.

Step - 1 : List of Inheritors and their Shares

[ZF]	Mother (SWALEHA)	$\frac{1}{6}$ (due to Kid)
[A-M-G]	RS (SAJIDA)	R (due to Daughter)
[ZF]	Daughter (UZMA)	$\frac{1}{2}$

Step - 2 : Total Share of ZF

M + D

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Step - 3 : Share of ASABA-MA'A-GHAIRIHI

a) Share left for RS - SAJIDA (R) = Whole − Total Share of ZF

$$= 1 - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Step - 4 : Total Shares of all Inheritors

M + D + RS

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1 + 3 + 2}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$$

Calculation Summary

(Isolating Wife-ANJUM)

Total Inheritance will be divided into 6 parts.

1 Parts will go to Mother (SWALEHA) = $\frac{1}{6}$ = 16.66%

2 Parts will go to Real Sister (SAJIDA) = $\frac{2}{6}$ =33.33%

3 Parts will go to Daughter (UZMA) = $\frac{3}{6}$ = 50%

Note :

☞ It's very clear that isolation of Wife (ANJUM) affects share of Mother (SWALEHA) and Daughter (UZMA). They are getting nothing from the left-out share of ANJUM because :

- Mother (SWALEHA) is getting her predefined share

$$= \frac{1}{6} = 16.66\%$$

- Daughter (UZMA) is getting her predefined share

$$= \frac{1}{2} = 50\%$$

☞ Left-out share of ANJUM is going only to Real Sister (SAJIDA).

APPENDIX - 1

References from the Qur'an and Ahadeeth

(1) **Will :** The Qur'an 4:11, Bukhari – 6723, 2740, 2742, 2743, 2744, Abu-Dawood – 2870, 2922, Mishkat – 3071, 3072, 3073, 3075

(2) **Debt :** The Qur'an 4:11, Bukhari – 6723, Muslim – 4157

(3) **Inheritance :** The Qur'an 4:11-12, 4:176, Bukhari – 6732 Abu-Dawood– 2922, Ibn-e-Majah – 2719, Mishkat – 3078, Tirmizi – 2091

(4) **Husband:** The Qur'an 4:12, Bukhari – 2747, 6723, 6739

(5) **Wife:** The Qur'an 4:12, Bukhari – 2747, 6723, 6739, Ibn-e-Majah– 2720, Mishkat– 3058, Abu-Dawood – 2891

(6) **Father:** The Qur'an 4:11, Bukhari – 6723, 6739, 2747

(7) **Grandfather:** Bukhari – 6738, Mishkat – 3060, Abu-Dawood– 2896, Tirmizi– 2099, Ibn-e-Majah– 2722, 2723

(8) **Daughter:** The Qur'an 4:11, Bukhari – 6723, 6734, 6736, 6742, Tirmizi – 2092, 2093, Abu-Dawood – 2890, 2891, 2893, Mishkat – 3058, 3059, Ibn-e-Majah – 2720, 2721

(9) **Mother:** The Qur'an 4 :11, Bukhari – 6723, 6739, Tirmizi – 2092, Ibn-e-Majah – 2740

(10) **Granddaughter:** Bukhari – 6736, 6742, Tirmizi – 2093, Mishkat – 3059, Abu-Dawood – 2890, Ibn-e-Majah – 2721

(11) **Paternal Grandmother (Dadi) and Maternal Grand Mother (Nani) :** Mishkat – 3049, 3061, Tirmizi – 2100, 2101, 2012, Abu-Dawood – 2894, 2895, Ibn-e-Majah – 2724, 2725

(12) **Asaba-Bi-Ghairihi (Son and Daughter):** The Qur'an 4:11, Muslim – 4146, Tirmizi – 2096, Bukhari – 6723

(13) **Asaba-Bi-Ghairihi (Grandson and Granddaughter):** Bukhari – 6735

(14) **Asaba-Bi-Ghairihi (Real Sister and Real Brother)** The Qur'an 4 : 176, Muslim – 4150, Tirmizi – 2097, Abu-Dawood – 2886, 2887, 2889, Ibn-e-Majah – 2726

(15) **Asaba-Ma'a-Ghairihi :** Bukhari – 6734, 6736, 6742, Ibn-e-Majah – 2721, Dawood – 2890, 2893, Tirmizi – 2093, Mishkat – 3059

(16) **Asaba-Bi-Nafsihi:** Bukhari – 6732, 6737, 6744 (Real Brother) Muslim – 4141, 4142, 4143, Tirmizi – 2092 (Uncle) 2094 (Real Brother and Paternal Brother) 2095 (Real Brother and Paternal Brother) 2098, Mishkat – 3057 (Real Brother and Paternal Brother), 3058 (Uncle) Mishkat – 3068 (Nephew), Abu-Dawood – 2891, (Uncle) 2898, Ibn-e-Majah – 2720 (Uncle) 2740, Ibn-e-Majah – 2739 (Real Brother and Paternal Brother)

(17) **Zawil Arhaam:** Mishkat – 3052, Tirmizi – 2103, 2104, Ibn-e-Majah – 2737

(18) **Maternal Brother and Sister:** The Qur'an 4:12, Bukhari – 6723

APPENDIX - 2
Reference Books

1. The Holy Qur'an
2. Bukhari
3. Muslim
4. Tirmizi
5. Abu Dawood
6. Ibn-e-Majah
7. Mishkat
8. Tarjuma Qur'an-Kanzul Iman (Urdu)
   (Alahazrat Imam Ahmed Raza Khan Barelvi)
9. Tafheem Ul Qur'an (Urdu)
   (Sayyid Abul Ala Maududi)
10. Tafseer Ibne Kaseer (Urdu)
11. Aap ke Masael Aur Unka Hal (Urdu)
    (Maulana Muhammad Yusuf Ludiyanvi Shaheed)
12. Siraji ka Aasaan Hal (Urdu)
    (Mufti Rais Ahmad Khan Qasmi Bhopali)
13. Islami Qanoon-e-Wirasat (Urdu)
    (Maulana Abu Numan Bashri)
14. Sharh Siraji (Urdu)
    (Maulana Ishtiyaq Sb.)
15. Tehqeeqat Masael-Meeras (Urdu)
    (Dr. Salih Fauzan bin Abdullah Fauzan/Maulana Samiullah Faizi)
16. Assan Meeras (Urdu)
    (Maulana Muhammad Usman, Karachi)
17. The Final Bequest (English)
    (Muhammad Al-Jibali)
18. Mayyit ke Tarkey ka Taayyun Aur Taqseem (Urdu)
    (Dr. Ghafil Ansari)

19. Meeras ka Batwara Aur uske Haqdar (Hindi)
(Mirza Subhan Baigh)

20. Taqseem-E-Meeras (Urdu)
(Sayyid Shaukat Ali)

21. Ahkam-E-Mayyit (English)
(Dr. Abdul Hai A'rif, Karachi)

22. Islamic Laws of Inheritance (Master Book)
English-Urdu (Anwar Alam)

23. Islami Qanoon-E-Wirasat (Master Book)
Hindi (Anwar Alam)

24. Mayyit ke Ahkam wa Masael (Urdu)
(Muhammad Izhar Qasmi)

25. Wirasat ka Islami Tasawwur Aur Hum Musalman (Urdu)
(Izharuddin Falahi)

26. Fatawa Islamiyah (Vol-5) (English)
Shaykh Abdul - Aziz bin Abdullah bin Baz
Shaykh Abdullah bin Abdur Rehman Al-Jibreen
Shaykh Muhammad bin Salih Al-Uthaimi

27. Meeras wa Wasiyat (Urdu)
(Islamic Fiqh Academy)

28. Distribution of my Inheritance (English)
(Case Study)
Anwar Alam

29. Islamic Laws of Inheritance
(K. Abu Yasir Ameenur Rahman Umri Madani)

30. Fee Ilm-ul-Mawaris (Arabic)
(Dr. Mustafa Muslim)

APPENDIX - 3

Mathematical Calculations : Links and QR codes

Islamic Laws of Inheritance (26 Videos)

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZFD8gxxg VDsfLYJu66J2Jt3ZLVkXmO3V

Distribution of Inheritance (147 Videos)

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLZFD8gxxg VDu5XaemvTYqttwMBTErntKI

Distribution of Inheritance (101 Videos)

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCYCb5hB5mtd QUz_jucANnxg/playlists

APPENDIX - 4

Inheritance Calculator : Links and QR codes

http://inheritance.ilmsummit.org/projects/inherita nce/home.aspx

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com. moussaoui91.alfaraid

APPENDIX - 5

Scholars' Lectures : Links and QR codes

Dr. Saeed Ahmed Shad

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QWrfxcTBNfo

Shaikh Jalaluddin Qasmi

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VcoaClMo_3M

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JEa1fYczU9k

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O-iFI0-D_3w

Dr. Israr Ahmed

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tA-DD_Uczwy

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5nO-8sjkyws

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kRDK47zQOgc

Mufti Tariq Masood

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UDZYGEBuiK4andlist=RDLVD6M4dmrP8oEandstart_radio=1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D6M4dmrP8oE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s1058VcROZI

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua3H6Ex3NKI

Mufti Muhammad Zubair

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E4FuJOUxCoo

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jRrTt-ue_pI

Adv. Faiz Syed

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0b1beXipE4E

Mufti Akmal

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mOzSkVROqI0

Zaid Patel

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IIb4Ep5WdVc

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Za6dx5Qi2Hc

Maulana Khalid Saifullah Rahmani

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YgVbWGTdC9E

Sir Umar

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FjXyqTDGcog

Mufti Taqi Usmani

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-JMPuG9Xo2Y

Maulana Muhammad Ilyas Ghumman

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CX_KjiTVeUs

Mufti Nasir Javaid Sialvy

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCMk1Tg9duofkWRklMo5ggkg/playlists

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Dr Khalid Zaheer

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w8gan7odAxI

Dr. Raziul Islam Nadvi

https://youtu.be/U3p5NUk79aE

https://youtu.be/10pnl2gjzH0

https://youtu.be/wxln9oxCqZg

https://youtu.be/866Jq_ZQ24s

https://youtu.be/LkuD8W4W_iU

Mufti Abdul Batin Sahab Nomani

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SqIlZ5fmMn0

Mufti Syed Sabir Hussain

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VeN_lfVi_1k

Mufti Hussain Kamani

https://youtu.be/U3p5NUk79aE

Sheikh K Abu Yasir Ameenur Rahman Umri Madani

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLOSkQCYeh2
7ZsUN_qalQSVHMIgZsn23i7

Sheikh Kifayatullah Sanabili

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ivyvDOVshvoan
dlist=PLGMJmUeAWFWR7agAmsTmARRHfYOFUsTPJ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xxrgwgtLoT0and
list=PLGMJmUeAWFWRcIz3K1r2kOTkFsqoPKlT3

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LsiUF-
9EN3candlist=PLGMJmUeAWFWRhGNOZGsZV82uUhLhR3JFP

Dr. Shabir Ally
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U46w812HZS4

Mufti Ismail ibn Musa Menk
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VZNUp67tKdA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v7xlfANdli0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HNxMgdiUY7M

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OHGVuYnHp0I

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=olYuSCsSC_4

Sheikh Maqsood Ul Hasan Faizi
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kABL7ugaEq4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODn2Mzop7mY

Maulana Waliullah Sayeedi Falahi
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J8dU1BGm-eQ

APPENDIX - 6

Online Reference Books and Research Papers (Links and QR codes)

Busari, Jamiu Muhammad
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/339658877_The_Islamic_Law_of_Inheritance_Introduction_and_Theories

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Fahim Ahmed Siddiqui -District and Sessions Judge
https://www.sja.gos.pk/assets/presentations/Laws-of-Inheritance-in-Islam.pdf

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Prof. Muhammad Zubair, Prof. Sadia Khattak
https://www.textroad.com/pdf/JBASR/J.%20Basic.%20Appl.%20Sci.%20Res.,%204(8)84-89,%202014.pdf

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Islamic_inheritance_jurisprudence

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Inheritance in Islam
http://www.learndeen.org/cms/english-blog/fiqh/inheritance-in-islam-1

Islamic Law of Succession
(Assoc. Prof. Dr. Akmal Hidayah Halim-Malaysia)
https://islamicbankers.files.wordpress.com/2015/11/islamic-law-of-succession.pdf

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Principles and Practice of Succession under Islamic Law (Ilorin - Western Nigeria)
https://nji.gov.ng/images/Workshop_Papers/2017/Refresher_Judges_and_Kadis/s1.pdf

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Qanoon e Wirasat –Maulana Shaukat Ali (Urdu)
https://archive.org/details/QanooniWirasat/page/n9/mode/2up

Islam ka Qanoon e Wirasat – Salahuddin Haider Lakhvi(Urdu)
https://www.emaanlibrary.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/Islam-Ka-Qanoone-Warasat.pdf?x73986

Special Cases On Islamic Inheritance (Under the Muslim Code of the Philippines)
http://eprints.ums.ac.id/31351/9/8_CHAPTER_V.pdf

Inheritance under Muslim Law Part II (Prof. Rakesh Kr. Singh)
https://www.lkouniv.ac.in/site/writereaddata/siteContent/20200424121624052 6rksingh_law_Muslim__of_Inheritance_2.pdf

Islami Qanoon-e-Wirasat by Maulana Abu Noman Bashir Ahmed
https://faakhirislamic.wordpress.com/2015/05/16/islami-qanoon-e-wirasat-sawalan-jawaban-by-maulana-abu-noman-bashir-ahmed/

Inheritance under Muslim law
https://districts.ecourts.gov.in/sites/default/files/jcj%20palakondawrkshp1.pdf

Islamic Laws of Inheritance and Succession (Tanzania)
https://www.academia.edu/39365773/ISLAMIC_LAW_OF_INHERITANCE_AND_SUCCESSION_Meaning_importance_and_scope_of_Al_Miraath

Taleem ul Meeras
https://archive.org/details/15561/page/n21/mode/2up?view=theater

Asan Meeras by Maulana Muhammad Usman
https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B9kHqDDK6NaXalc2d1N4RTVDa2s/view?resourcekey=0-AMuXfUh_TKMx8L8SNbObbQ

Tasheel ul Siraji by Mufti Abu Lubaba Shah Mansoor
https://archive.org/details/Maktaba-Mufti-Abu-Lubaba-Shah-Mansoor/Tasheel-ul-Siraji/page/n54/mode/1up?view=theater

IIRC Reviews

One of my Non-Muslim friends asked me a question about Islamic Inheritance and I had no clue about the question. Then I started studying on Islamic Inheritance System and learnt many things

from Google, YouTube videos and some books but still there were many things which I couldn't understand at my own. Then luckily one day I received a WhatsApp message in my group about this course and I decided to learn this course run by IIRC founder Janab Anwar Alam Sahab. I am very thankful to IIRC & Anwar Alam Sahab for their all efforts & sheer dedication to make such complex topic understand the students in a very easy way.

Qaisar Alam Ansari

Director - Pinnacle Career Enterprises,

Ex-Additional Vice President (TATA Teleservices Limited)

The Islamic Inheritance Class was exceptionally informative and well-structured. Sir provided a comprehensive overview of the Faraid system, effectively balancing theoretical knowledge with practical applications. The use of authentic sources enhanced my understanding and appreciation of the subject. The teaching style was engaging, incorporating a variety of methods that made the complex topics accessible and engaging.

Overall, I feel much more confident in my ability to apply Islamic inheritance laws in real-life scenarios. Thank you Sir for a valuable learning experience!

Almas - Karnataka

Dear Anwar Alam Sir, and the IIRC team,

I wanted to take a moment to express my sincere gratitude for the exceptional teaching on Muslim inheritance laws that I received through your program.

Your clear and thoughtful explanations have made complex concepts accessible. Your teaching style, combining both theoretical knowledge and practical application, was incredibly

effective. It's rare to and such a well-balanced and insightful approach. The lessons were not only informative but also engaging, which made the learning process both enjoyable and impactful. I now feel much more confident in my understanding of the intricacies of inheritance laws, and I appreciate how you made this complex subject accessible to everyone.

Your dedication to teaching such an important aspect of our faith is truly commendable. The structured approach and the practical examples used have made the concepts clear and easy to grasp. I feel equipped to apply this knowledge in real-life situations, which is an invaluable skill.

This is the knowledge that I will carry with me throughout my life.

Thank you for making it so accessible and understandable.

Jazakallaahu khairan for your efforts. May Allah elevate your ranks and shower His infinite mercy on you and your team.

Sincerely,

Aaliya Tazeen - Karnataka

Islamic Inheritance course - If one is looking for a mentor who knows the subject matter in great detail and depth, who is also dedicated to researching this often-overlooked part of Islam, and is also a practitioner who helps families with Inheritance division – Mr. Alam's course will benefit one in more ways than can be expected.

I had read a few books on this subject before joining his course. Unfortunately, I couldn't go far enough with those books (although they were great resources) due to the number of estate division methods one had to memorize to solve different types of scenarios.

The basics were easy to read/understand, solving complex scenarios required remembering too many methods based on types of scenarios.

Mr. Alam's elementary mathematical approach completely simplified Islamic Inheritance division for me. I am glad to say that I found myself a mentor in Mr. Alam. He will always be the person I will reach out to when I need any help on the subject of Islamic Inheritance. And yes, he brings to the table a whole set of

Intellectuals and scholars who also add that extra weightage to his efforts at IIRC.

I highly recommend this course to anyone who wishes to learn about Islamic Inheritance.

Abdul Latif Shaikh - Karnataka

All praise and gratitude is due to Allah, the Exalted. May the choicest blessing be upon Prophet Muhammad (SAW), his family, companions & those who strive to follow his footsteps.

The Muslim society evolves on the basis of the guidelines of the Holy Quran & the Sunnah of the Holy Prophet Muhammad (SAW).

Ustad Anwar Alam has researched & authored so many books on ISLAMIC INHERITANCE LAW and it has been a blessing to have studied the subject under his guidance and teaching.

Every Muslim should take benefit & join in to acquire this knowledge.

May Allah SWT bless his sincere efforts in creating awareness among the Muslim society about the Islamic Obligation of distribution of Inheritance after death of a person or persons.

Ferhana Mohamed - Karnataka
B.Com, LLB
HR personnel, Teacher

The inheritance program on 17-Sep was a very informative program with a scientific athematical approach. It also shows scientific rational thinking in Islam from the beginning.

We need to invest time and resources to create awareness in the community.

As suggested by Dr Sarkar, we also need to reach out to the law universities to conduct such programs.

In fact, we must try to reach out to schools and universities, IITs, IIMs, and NGOs to create awareness about this program.

This will help us in repelling and countering the

misconceptions and lies propagated by Anti-Muslim forces in India.

Our Imams and Madarsa Teachers also need to understand the reality about Islamic inheritance.

Imlaq Ahmad
Indian Navy (Ret.)
Activist, Engineer.
Member:
Indian Muslims Civil Rights (IMCR)
All India Education Movement (AIEM)
Jadeed Foundation Trust (JFT)

The llRC is doing great service to the cause of understanding and better implementation of the concept and principles of Islamic inheritance. This is a great national service when we look at the manner in which the Muslim community has largely denied the inheritance rights of the girl child today despite our Islamic obligation, duty and the national commitment to empower the girl child as she is facing all forms of denial of rights given to her by lslam but snatched away by the contemporary social reality of her increasing exclusion.

I am especially grateful to Dr Anwar Alam for his hard work and diligent efforts to breathe new life into the understanding and implementation of Islamic laws in such a way as to make them more accessible and comprehendible to the common person.

Dr M Abdul Samad Ibrahim
Retd. Senior Academic, Electronic Media
Production centre and Former Member,
Board of Management, IGNOU, India

Dear Sir,

I am writing this letter to express my deepest gratitude for the incredible knowledge and guidance that you provided throughout the Muslim Inherence Law course in the light of the Quran and Hadith. Your informative classes have been instrumental in my understanding of the laws and I'm thankful

to Allah for this utterly beautiful opportunity to learn. Your classes have not only taught me the theoretical aspects of the subject but have also given me a practical understanding of the forgotten inherence laws. The way you designed the course, taking us step by step through the concepts, made the learning process interesting and engaging. The inclusion of homework, recording, presentation, and the reference book was a great initiative that helped me in revising and solidifying my understanding of the material.

There were times when I couldn't attend the classes due to unavoidable circumstances, in those times the availability of recordings proved to be truly bene□cial for me. Listening to the recordings allowed me to catch up with the missed classes. The doubt-solving system in the course was excellent. Your prompt responses to the queries and your willingness to explain and clarify concepts further demonstrated your dedication and passion for teaching. Your support has been invaluable in the learning process, and I am grateful for your guidance.

I have recommended this course to numerous well-wishers of mine, as I genuinely believe that the knowledge and insights gained from this course are valuable and can benefit anyone interested in the subject. The comprehensive website provided a complete picture of the subject, and I am grateful for the resources that you made available to us.

I'd be glad if you could take up the initiative of organising physical classes in the coming future to elevate the learning experience. Furthermore, I hope to carry forward this knowledge and share it with others.

Regards

Naushad Ali Ansari-(UP)
(Advocate)

* * *

Presentations & Book distribution

Anwar Alam delivering a lecture on Muslim Inheritance and distributing free books on Muslim Inheritance (Jama Masjid, Zakir Nagar, New Delhi), organized by Advocate Shehzad Khan.

(L to R) Advocate Aslam Ahmad (Supreme Court), Dr. Raziul Islam Nadvi, Prof. Dr. Subhradipta Sarkar (Law Faculty, JMI), Dr. S. Farooq, Advocate S. Wasim A. Qadri (Supreme Court), Anwar Alam, Advocate Raees Ahmad

Anwar Alam presenting a Lecture on Inheritance Laws in Islam

Dr. S. Farooq, President of Himalaya Wellness Company and Tasmiya Educational and Welfare Society, (L) felicitating Mr. Anwar Alam at the Legal Awareness program on Inheritance in Islam

Dr. Unanza Gulzar, Dr. Tavleen Kaur, Dr. Rituparna Bhattarcharjee, Mr. Himangshu Rathee, Mr. Hammad, Mr. Anwar Alam, Dr. Tapobrata Pakrashi, Prof. (Dr.) Archana Sarma, Ms. Kanika Kaushik. School of Law, The NorthCap University Sector 23A, Gurugram

GPS Map Camera
Gurugram, Haryana, India
4115, Cartarpuri Alias Daulatpur Nas, Gurugram, Haryana 122017, India
Lat 28.505994°

Anwar Alam delivering a lecture on Arithmetic of Muslim Laws of Inheritance (22 & 23 April 2024)

Prof. (Dr.) Archana Sarma, School of Law, The NorthCap University, felicitating Mr. Anwar Alam.

Anwar Alam delivering a lecture on Muslim Laws of Inheritance (Shikrawa Road, Haryana-Mewat) Organized by Haji Muhammad Usman Khan (ACP-Intelligence Bureau)

Anwar Alam and Brother Hammad Ansari with Haji Muhammad Usman Khan (ACP-Intelligence Bureau)

Awareness program on Muslim Laws of Inheritance, House of Sarpanch Shouqat, Shikrawa Road, Mewat, Haryana

Anwar Alam discussing on Muslim Inheritance with Madaris representatives during Ramadhan Mubarak and distributing free books on Muslim Inheritance

Anwar Alam delivering a lecture on Muslim Inheritance and distributing free books on Muslim Inheritance (Masjid Ameena, Tehseel Bilari, Distt - Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh)

Inauguration of the book
"Mathematics of Inheritance- According to Islamic Laws"
Markaz Jamaat-e-Islami Hind, New Delhi